

INSTALLATION MANUAL

R-410A XP SERIES W/SIMPLICITY SE

6-1/2 - 12-1/2 Ton

60 Hertz



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General

York® Predator® heat pumps are single package, reverse cycle air conditioners designed for outdoor installation on a rooftop or slab and for non-residential use. These units can be equipped with factory or field installed electric heaters for heating applications.

These units are completely assembled on rigid, permanently attached base rails. All piping, refrigerant charge, and electrical wiring is factory installed and tested. The units require electric power and duct connections. The electric heaters have nickel-chrome elements and utilize single-point power connection.

Safety Considerations

This is a safety alert symbol. When you see this symbol on labels or in manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

Understand and pay particular attention the signal words **DANGER**, **WARNING** or **CAUTION**.

DANGER indicates an **imminently** hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, **will result in death or serious injury**.

WARNING indicates a **potentially** hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, **could result in death or serious injury**.

CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided **may result in minor or moderate injury**. It is also used to alert against unsafe practices and hazards involving only property damage.

WARNING

Improper installation may create a condition where the operation of the product could cause personal injury or property damage. Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause injury or property damage. Refer to this manual for assistance or for additional information, consult a qualified contractor, installer or service agency.

CAUTION

This product must be installed in strict compliance with the installation instructions and any applicable local, state and national codes including, but not limited to building, electrical, and mechanical codes.

WARNING

Before performing service or maintenance operations on unit, turn off main power switch to unit. Electrical shock could cause personal injury. Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause injury or property damage. Refer to this manual. For assistance or additional information consult a qualified installer or service agency.

CAUTION

This system uses R-410A Refrigerant which operates at higher pressures than R-22. No other refrigerant may be used in this system. Gage sets, hoses, refrigerant containers and recovery systems must be designed to handle R-410A. If you are unsure, consult the equipment manufacturer. Failure to use R-410A compatible servicing equipment may result in property damage or injury.

Due to system pressure, moving parts, and electrical components, installation and servicing of air conditioning equipment can be hazardous. Only qualified, trained service personnel should install, repair, or service this equipment. Untrained personnel can perform basic maintenance functions of cleaning coils and filters and replacing filters.

Observe all precautions in the literature, labels, and tags accompanying the equipment whenever working on air conditioning equipment. Be sure to follow all other applicable safety precautions and codes including National Electric Code, ANSI/NFPA No. 70 - latest edition U.S. A. and Canadian Electric Code, CSA C22.1 in Canada.

Wear safety glasses and work gloves. Use quenching cloth and have a fire extinguisher available during brazing operations.

Inspection

As soon as a unit is received, it should be inspected for possible damage during transit. If damage is evident, the extent of the damage should be noted on the carrier's freight bill. A separate request for inspection by the carrier's agent should be made in writing.

Reference

Additional information is available in the following reference forms:

- Technical Guide - XP078-150, 5167824
- General Installation - XP078-150, 5167546
- SSE Control Quick Start Guide 1136326
- Economizer Accessory -
Downflow Factory Installed
Downflow Field Installed
Horizontal Field Installed
- Motorized Outdoor Air Damper
- Manual Outdoor Air Damper (0-100%)
- Manual Outdoor Air Damper (0-35%)
- Electric Heater Accessory 50" cabinet

Renewal Parts

Contact your local York® parts distribution center for authorized replacement parts.

Approvals

Design certified by CSA as follows:

1. For use as a cooling only unit, cooling unit with supplemental electric heat or a forced air furnace.
2. For outdoor installation only.

3. For installation on combustible material and may be installed directly on combustible flooring or, in the U.S., on wood flooring or Class A, Class B or Class C roof covering materials.

CAUTION

This product must be installed in strict compliance with the enclosed installation instructions and any applicable local, state, and national codes including, but not limited to, building, electrical, and mechanical codes.

WARNING

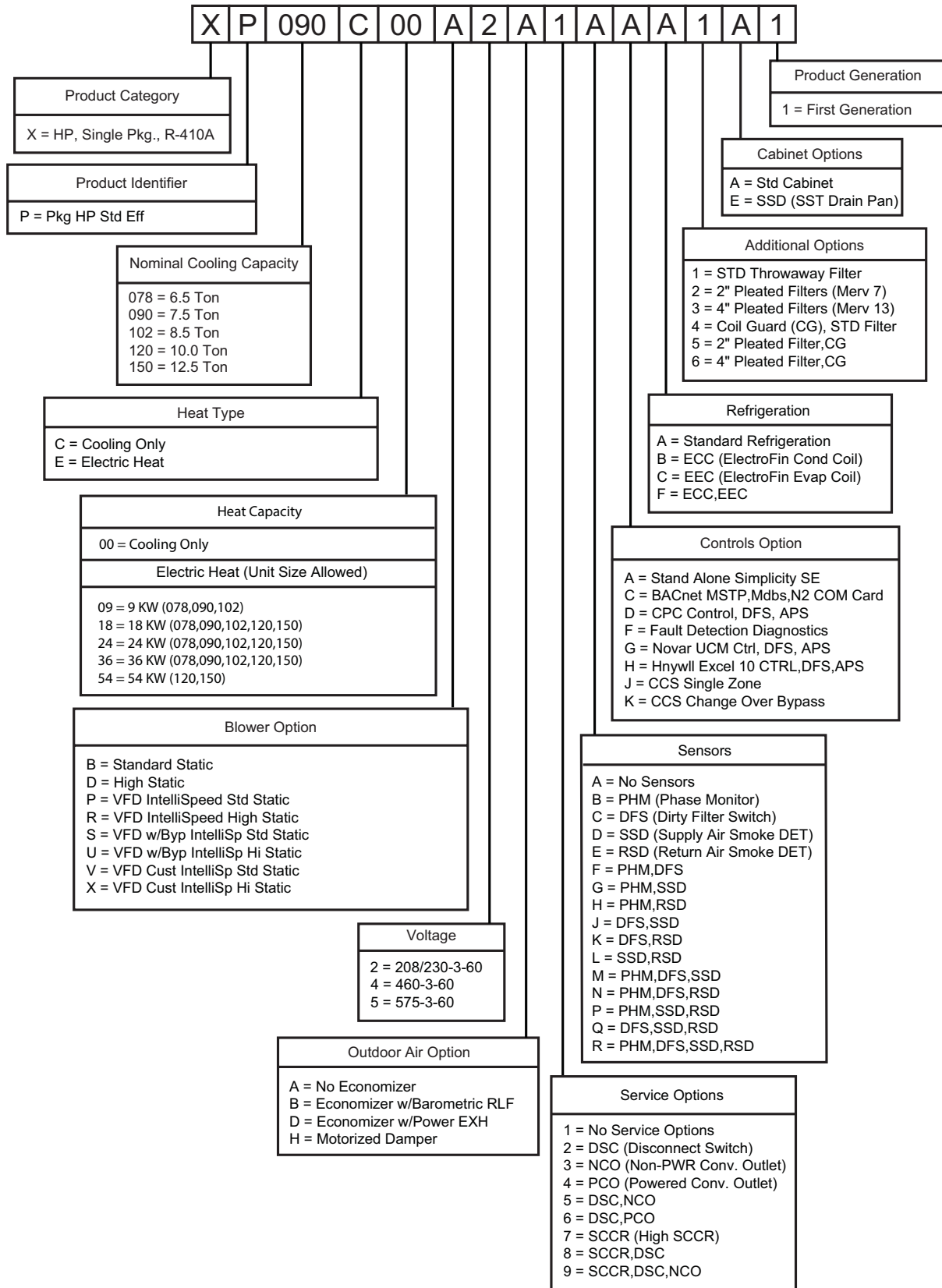
Improper installation may create a condition where the operation of the product could cause personal injury or property damage.

CAUTION

This system uses R-410A Refrigerant which operates at higher pressures than R-22. No other refrigerant may be used in this system.

Nomenclature

3-12.5 Ton York® Model Number Nomenclature



Installation

Installation Safety Information

Read these instructions before continuing this appliance installation. This is an outdoor combination heating and cooling unit. The installer must assure that these instructions are made available to the consumer and with instructions to retain them for future reference.

This equipment is not to be used for temporary heating of buildings or structures under construction.

Preceding Installation

1. Remove the two screws holding the brackets in the front, rear and compressor side fork-lift slots.



Figure 1: Unit Shipping Bracket

2. Turn each bracket toward the ground and the protective plywood covering will drop to the ground.
3. Remove the condenser coil external protective covering prior to operation.
4. Remove the toolless doorknobs and instruction packet prior to installation.
5. If a factory option convenience outlet is installed, the weatherproof outlet cover must be field installed. The cover shall be located behind the filter access panel. To install the cover, remove the shipping label covering the convenience outlet, follow the instructions on the back of the weatherproof cover box, and attach the cover to the unit using the (4) screws provided.

CAUTION

208/230-3-60 and 380/415-3-50 units with factory installed Powered Convenience Outlet Option are wired for 230v and 415v power supply respectively. Change tap on transformer for 208-3-60 or 380-3-50 operation. See unit wiring diagram.

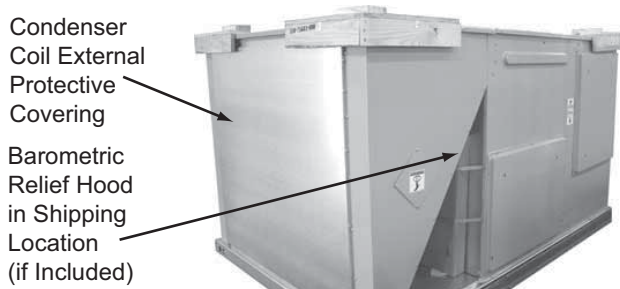


Figure 2: Condenser Covering

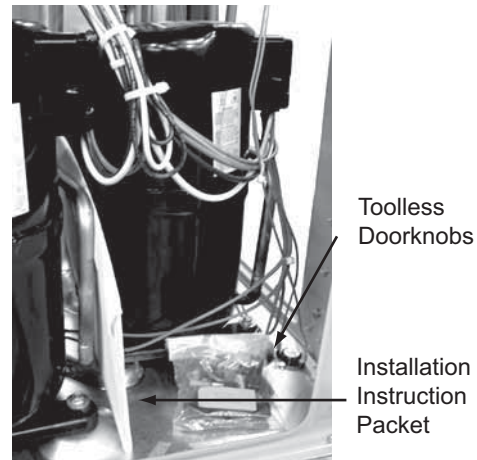


Figure 3: Compressor Section

Limitations

These units must be installed in accordance with the following:

In U.S.A.:

1. National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA No. 70 - Latest Edition
2. Local building codes, and
3. Local electric utility requirements

In Canada:

1. Canadian Electrical Code, CSA C22.1
2. Installation Codes, CSA - B149.1.
3. Local plumbing and waste water codes, and
4. Other applicable local codes.

Refer to unit application data found in this document.

If components are to be added to a unit to meet local codes, they are to be installed at the dealer's and/or customer's expense.

Size of unit for proposed installation should be based on heat loss/heat gain calculation made according to the methods of Air Conditioning Contractors of America (ACCA).

This unit is not to be used for temporary heating of buildings or structures under construction.

It is permitted to use the unit for heating and cooling of buildings or structures under construction where the application and use must comply with all manufacturer's installation instructions including:

- Unit must be operated under thermostatic control;
- Return and supply air ducts must be sealed to the unit;
- Air filters in place;
- Return air temperature maintained between 55°F (13°C) and 80°F (27°C);
- Upon completion of the construction phase and prior to formal start up and commissioning, the unit, duct work and components should be thoroughly cleaned and

inspected to assure that operation of the unit during construction has not contaminated the unit.

NOTE: Should the unit be used during the construction phase the standard limited warranty provisions go into effect once the unit is placed into operation.

CAUTION

The Simplicity® SE control board used in this product will effectively operate the cooling system down to 0°F when this product is applied in a comfort cooling application for people. An economizer is typically included in this type of application. When applying this product for process cooling applications (computer rooms, switchgear, etc.), please reference applications bulletin AE-011-07 or call the applications department for Unitary Products @ 1-877-UPG-SERV for guidance. Additional accessories may be needed for stable operation at temperatures below 30° F.

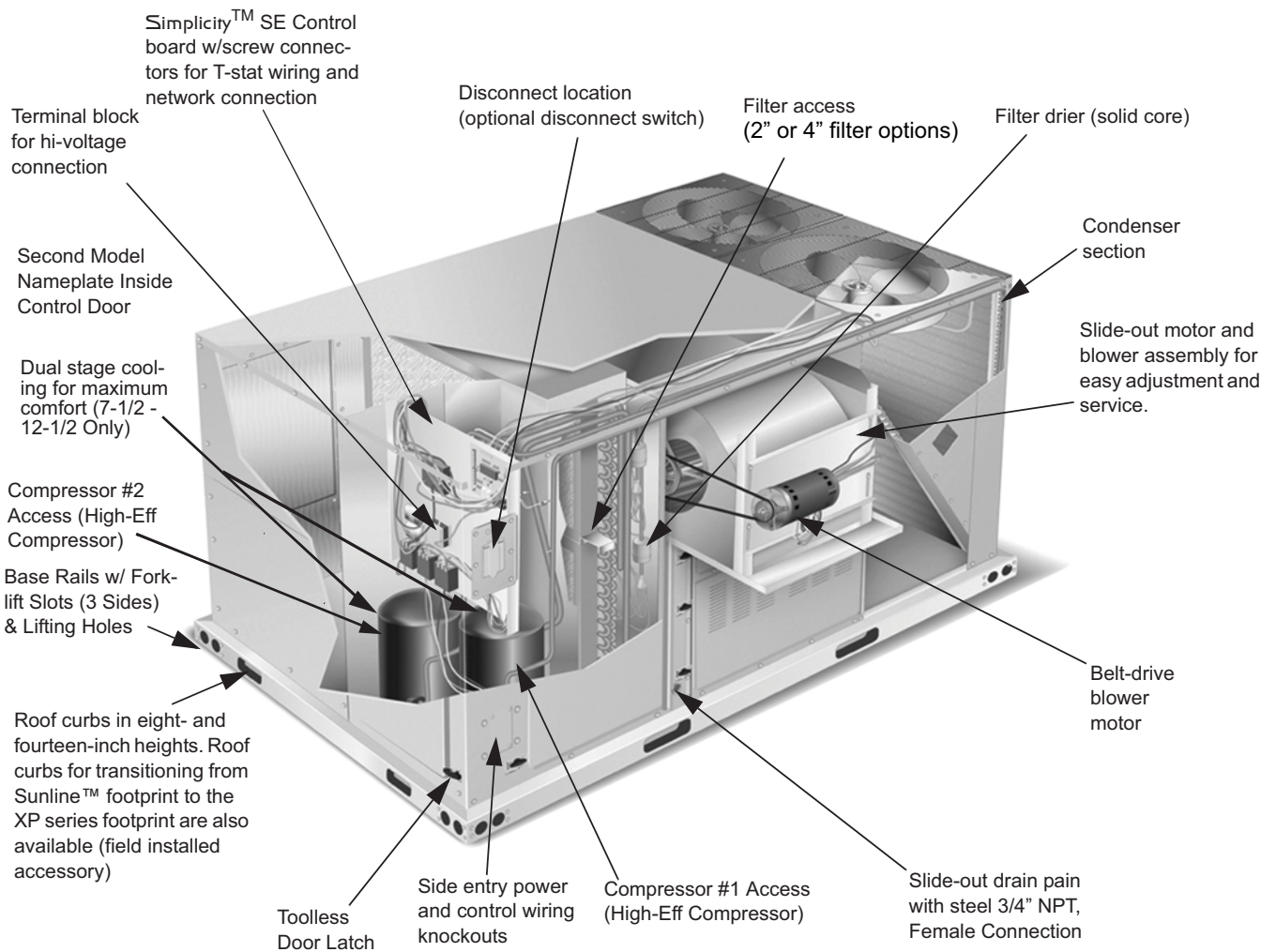


Figure 4: Predator® Component Location

Table 1: XP078-150 Unit Limitations

Size (Tons)	Model	Unit Voltage	Unit Limitations		
			Applied Voltage		Outdoor DB Temp
			Min	Max	Max (°F)
078 (6.5)	XP	208/230-3-60	187	252	125
		460-3-60	432	504	125
		575-3-60	540	630	125
090 (7.5)	XP	208/230-3-60	187	252	125
		460-3-60	432	504	125
		575-3-60	540	630	125
102 (8.5)	XP	208/230-3-60	187	252	125
		460-3-60	432	504	125
		575-3-60	540	630	125
120 (10)	XP	208/230-3-60	187	252	125
		460-3-60	432	504	125
		575-3-60	540	630	125
150 (12.5)	XP	208/230-3-60	187	252	125
		460-3-60	432	504	125
		575-3-60	540	630	125

Location

Use the following guidelines to select a suitable location for these units:

- Unit is designed for *outdoor installation only*.
- Condenser coils must have an unlimited supply of air. Where a choice of location is possible, position the unit on either north or east side of building.
- Suitable for mounting on roof curb.
- For ground level installation, use a level concrete slab with a minimum thickness of 4 inches. The length and width should be at least 6 inches greater than the unit base rails. Do not tie slab to the building foundation.
- Roof structures must be able to support the weight of the unit and its options/accessories. Unit must be installed on a solid, level roof curb or appropriate angle iron frame.
- Maintain level tolerance to 1/2" across the entire width and length of unit.

Clearances

All units require particular clearances for proper operation and service. Refer to Table 5 for clearances required for construction, servicing, and proper unit operation.

WARNING

Do not permit overhanging structures or shrubs to obstruct condenser air discharge outlet, combustion air inlet or vent outlets.

Rigging And Handling

Exercise care when moving the unit. Do not remove any packaging until the unit is near the place of installation. Rig the unit by attaching chain or cable slings to the lifting holes provided in the base rails. Spreader bars, whose length exceeds the largest dimension across the unit, **MUST** be used across the top of the unit.

CAUTION

If a unit is to be installed on a roof curb other than a York® roof curb, gasketing must be applied to all surfaces that come in contact with the unit underside.

CAUTION

Before lifting, make sure the unit weight is distributed equally on the rigging cables so it will lift evenly.

Units may be moved or lifted with a forklift. Slotted openings in the base rails are provided for this purpose.

LENGTH OF FORKS MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 60 INCHES.

CAUTION

All panels must be secured in place when the unit is lifted.
The condenser coils should be protected from rigging cable damage with plywood or other suitable material.

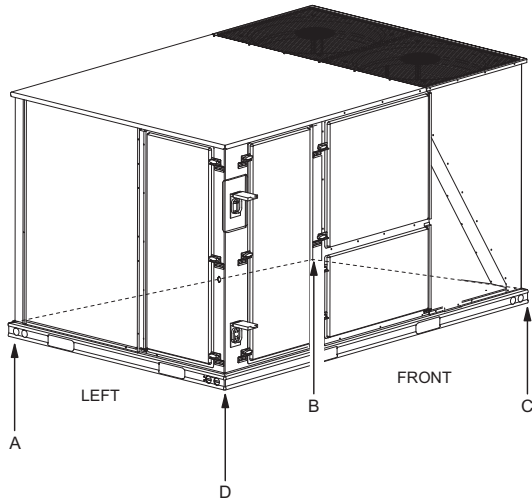


Figure 5: Unit 4 Point Load Weight

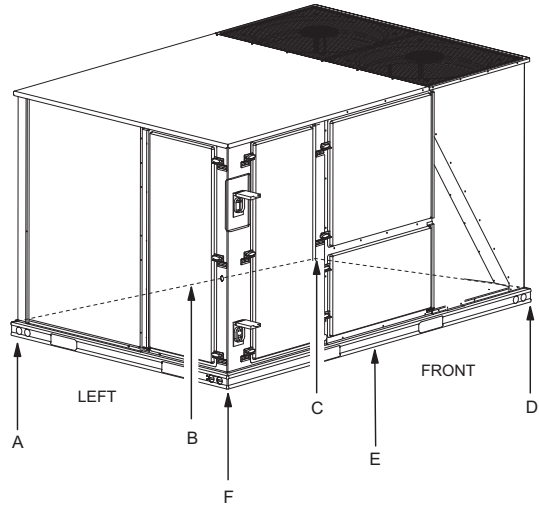


Figure 6: Unit 6 Point Load Weight

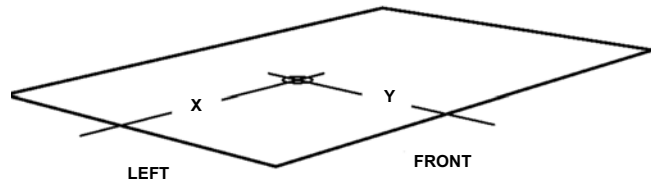


Figure 7: Center of Gravity

Table 2: Weights and Dimensions

Size (Tons)	Model	Weight (lbs.)		Center of Gravity		4 Point Load Location (lbs.)				6 Point Load Location (lbs.)					
		Shipping	Operating	X	Y	A	B	C	D	A	B	C	D	E	F
078 (6.5)	XP	1085	1080	38	25	262	195	266	357	184	150	124	169	204	250
090 (7.5)	XP	1095	1090	38	23	243	181	284	381	171	139	115	181	217	267
102 (8.5)	XP	1142	1137	38	25.5	282	210	276	370	197	161	133	175	211	259
120 (10)	XP	1140	1135	38	25.5	281	209	275	369	197	160	133	175	211	259
150 (12.5)	XP	1408	1403	51	25.5	259	347	456	340	165	198	244	320	260	216

Table 3: XP078-150 Unit Accessory Weights

Unit Accessory	Weight (lbs.)	
	Shipping	Operating
Economizer	90	85
Power Exhaust	40	35
Electric Heat ¹	49	49

1. Weight given is for the maximum heater size available (54KW).

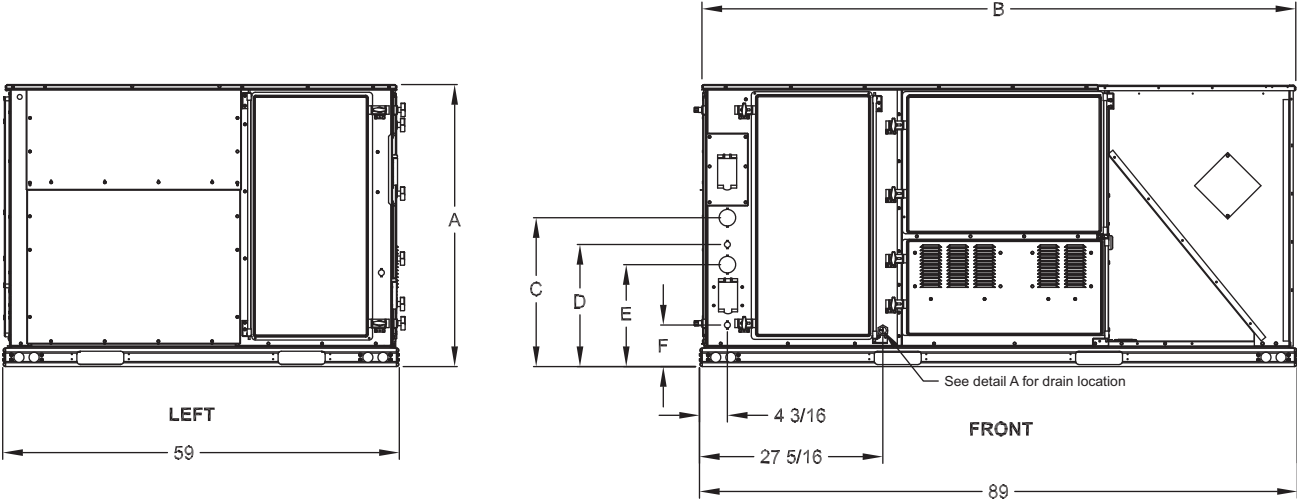


Figure 8: XP078-120 Physical Dimensions

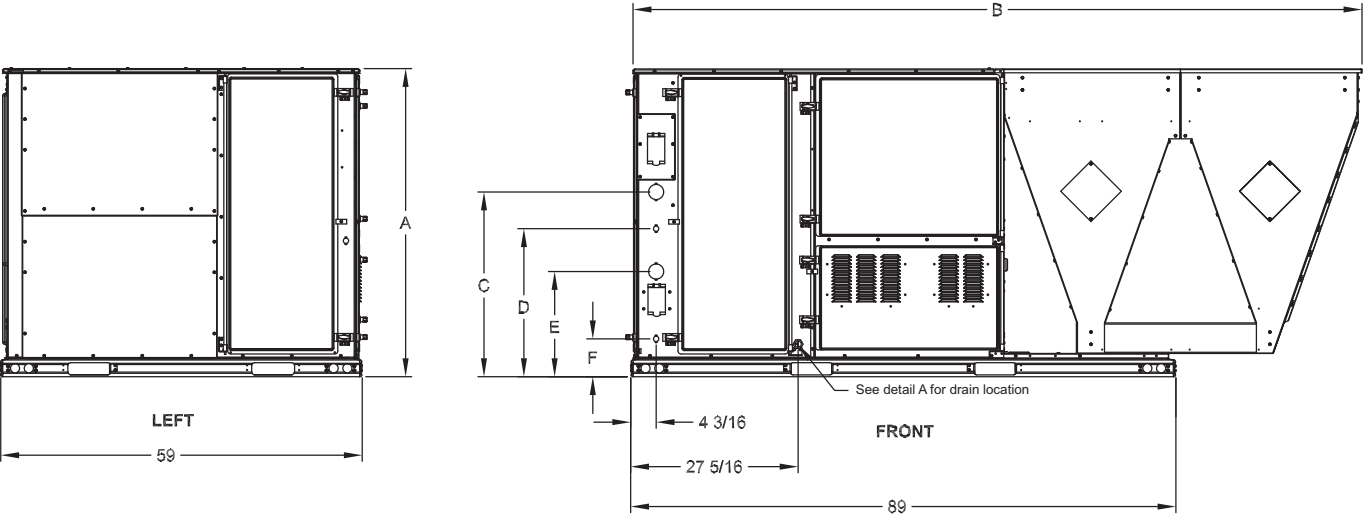


Figure 9: XP150 Physical Dimensions

Table 4: XP078-150 Unit Physical Dimensions

Unit Model Number	Dimension (in.)					
	A	B	C	D	E	F
XP078	50 3/4	89	30 3/16	24 3/16	17 3/16	6 3/16
XP090	50 3/4	89	30 3/16	24 3/16	17 3/16	6 3/16
XP102	50 3/4	89	30 3/16	24 3/16	17 3/16	6 3/16
XP120	50 3/4	89	30 3/16	24 3/16	17 3/16	6 3/16
XP150	50 3/4	119 1/2	30 3/16	24 3/16	17 3/16	6 3/16

Detail A

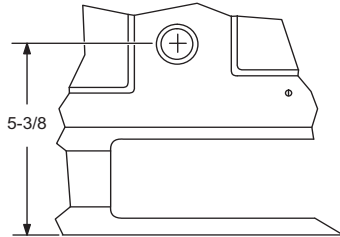


Table 5: XP078-150 Unit Clearances

Direction	Distance (in.)	Direction	Distance (in.)
Top ¹	72	Right	12
Front	36	Left	36
Rear	36	Bottom ²	0

1. Units must be installed outdoors. Over hanging structure or shrubs should not obscure condenser air discharge outlet.
2. Units may be installed on combustible floors made from wood or class A, B or C roof covering materials.

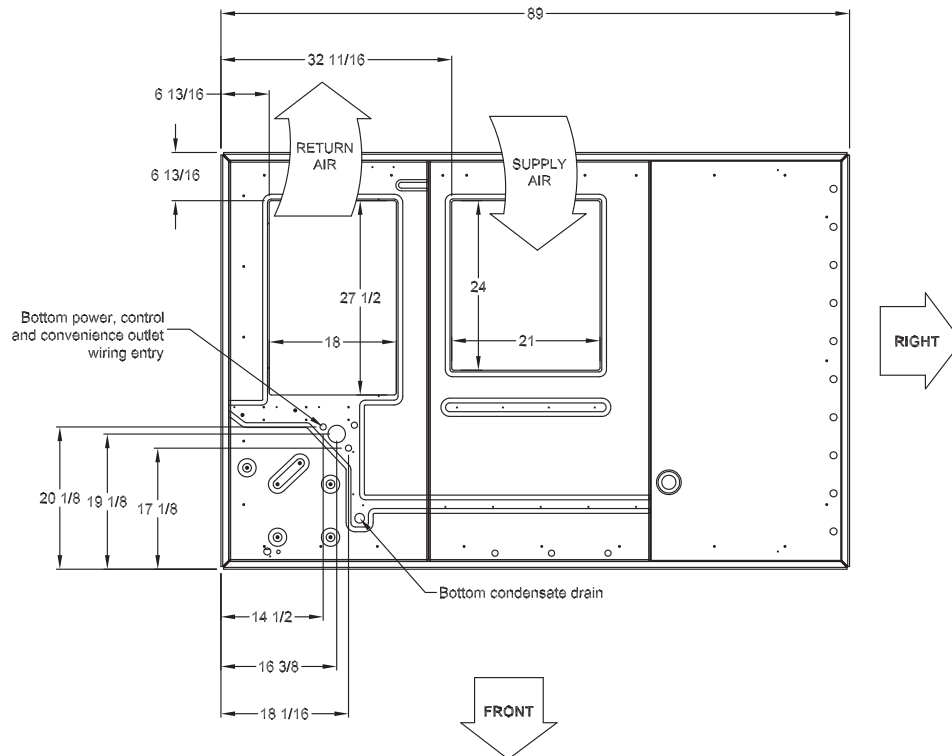


Figure 10: XP078-150 Unit Bottom Duct Openings

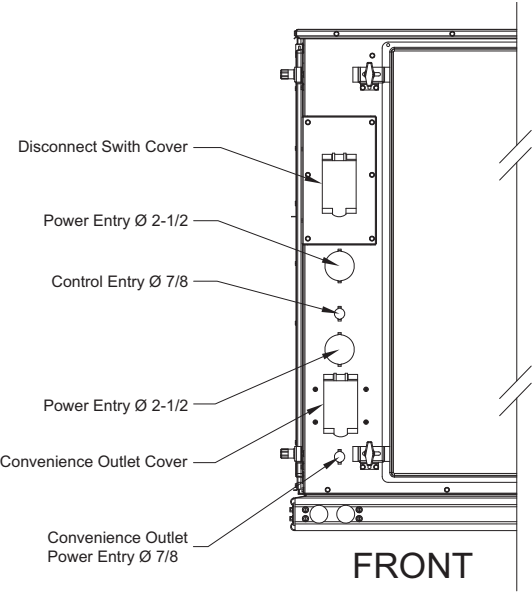


Figure 11: XP078-150 Unit Electrical Entry

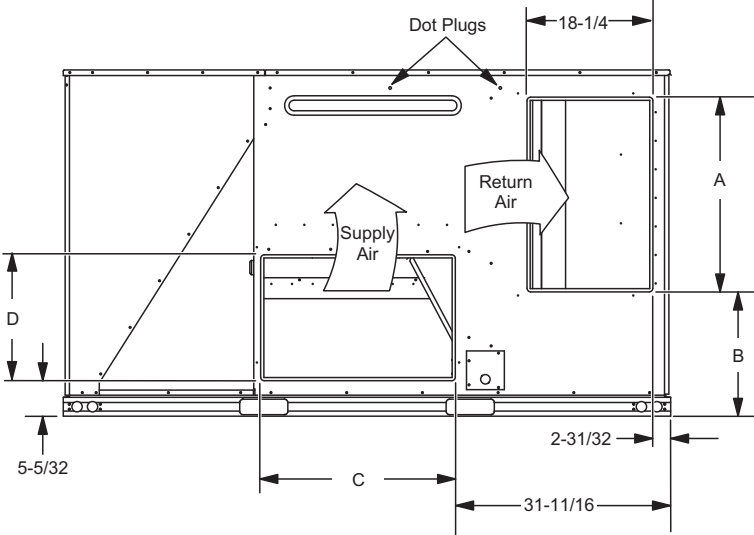


Figure 12: XP078-120 Unit Side Duct Openings

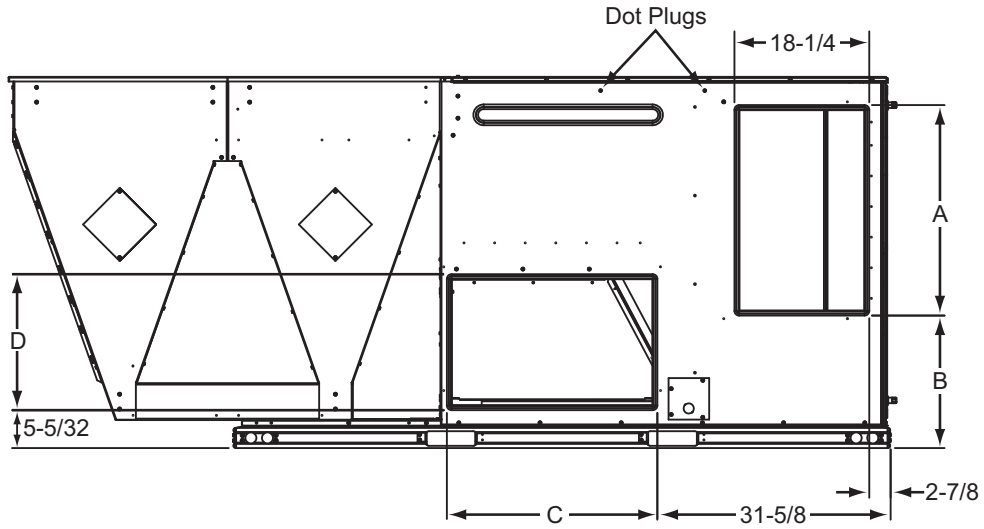


Figure 13: XP150 Unit Side Duct Openings

Table 6: Side Duct Dimensions

Unit Model Number	Dimension (in.)			
	A	B	C	D
XP078	28 1/4	18 1/16	28 1/4	18 1/4
XP090	28 1/4	18 1/16	28 1/4	18 1/4
XP102	28 1/4	18 1/16	28 1/4	18 1/4
XP120	28 1/4	18 1/16	28 1/4	18 1/4
XP150	28 1/4	18 1/16	28 1/4	18 1/4

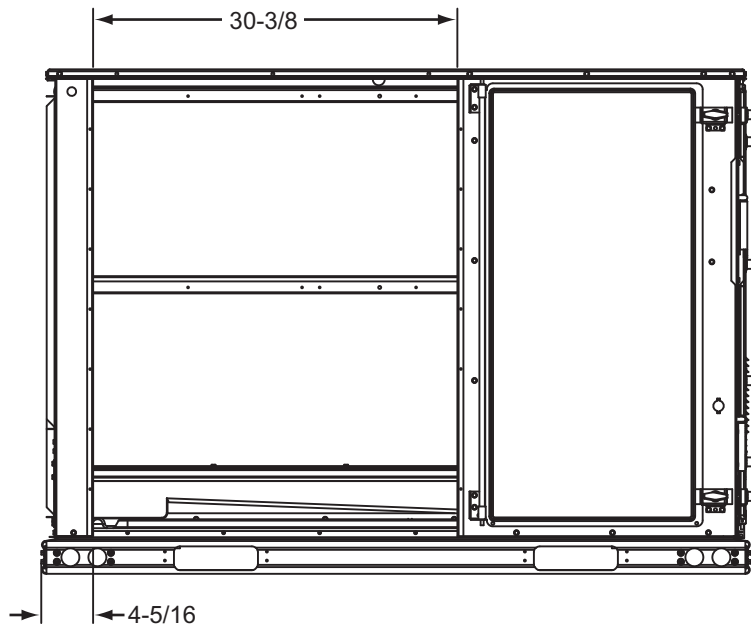


Figure 14: XP078-150 Unit Left Duct Opening

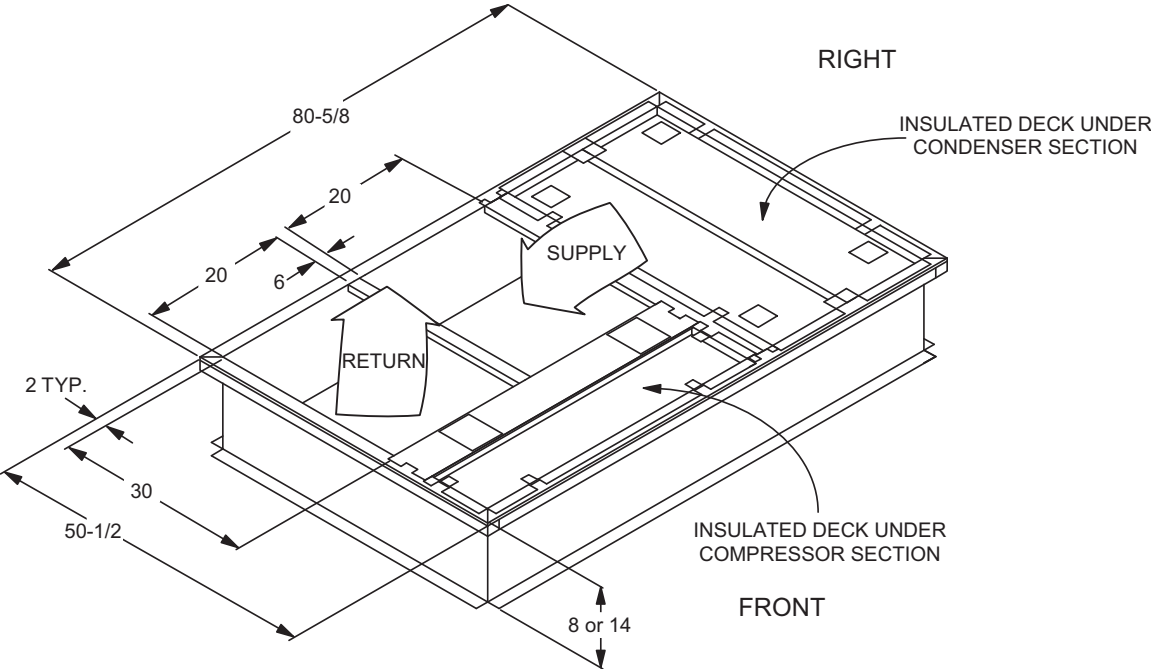


Figure 15: XP078-150 Roof Curb

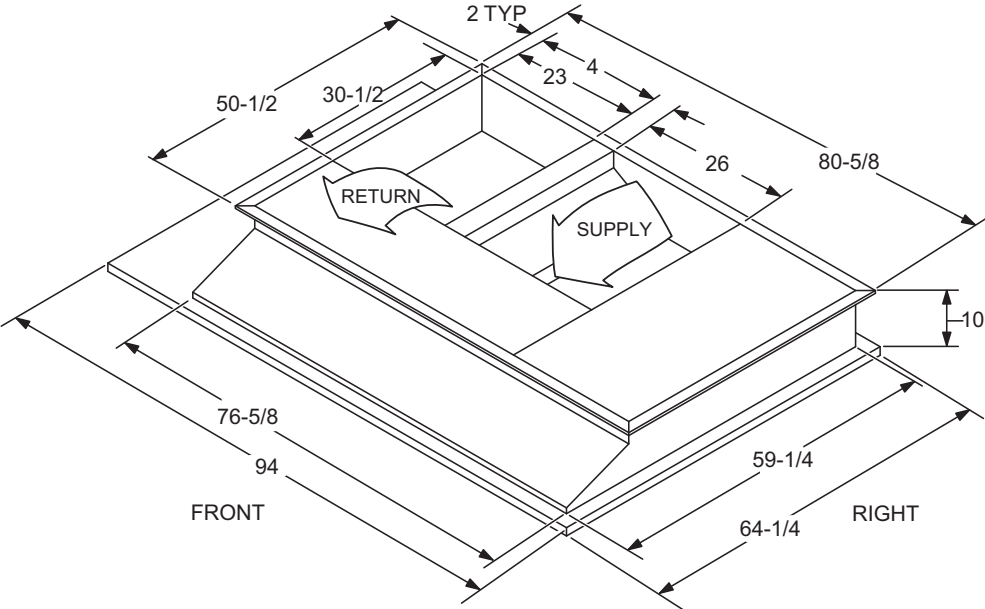


Figure 16: XP078-150 Transition Roof Curb

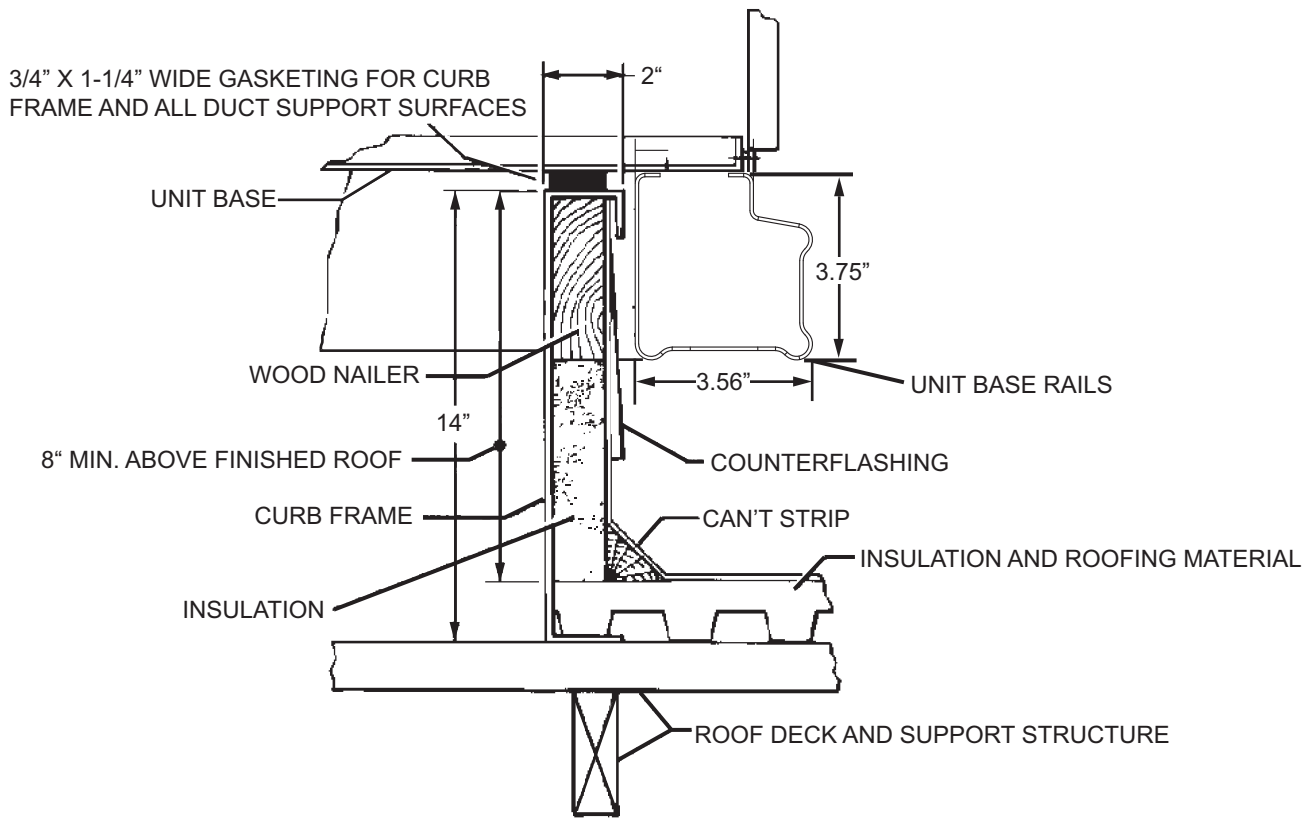


Figure 17: XP078-150 Roof Curb Cut Away

Ductwork

Ductwork should be designed and sized according to the methods in Manual D of the Air Conditioning Contractors of America (ACCA) or as recommended by any other recognized authority such as ASHRAE or SMACNA.

A closed return duct system should be used. This will not preclude use of economizers or outdoor fresh air intake. The supply and return air duct connections at the unit should be made with flexible joints to minimize noise.

The supply and return air duct systems should be designed for the CFM and static pressure requirements of the job. They should NOT be sized to match the dimensions of the duct connections on the unit.

Refer to Figure 10 for bottom air duct openings. Refer to Figures 12, 13 and Table 6 for side air duct openings.

Duct Covers

Units are shipped with the side duct openings covered and a covering over the bottom of the unit. For bottom duct application, no duct cover changes are necessary. For side duct application, remove the side duct covers and install over the bottom duct openings. The panels removed from the side duct connections are designed to be reused by securing each panel to its respective down flow opening. But keep in mind that the supply panel is installed with the painted surface UP, facing the heat exchanger, while the return panel is installed with the painted surface DOWN, facing the down flow duct opening. The supply panel is secured with the bracket (already in place from the factory) and two screws. It's a snug fit for the panel when sliding it between the heat exchanger and unit bottom, but there is room. The return panel is secured with four screws.

CAUTION

When fastening ductwork to side duct flanges on unit, insert screws through duct flanges only. DO NOT insert screws through casing. Outdoor ductwork must be insulated and water-proofed.



Figure 18: Side Panels With Hole Plugs

NOTE: Orientation. Panel is “insulation” side up.



Figure 19: Return Downflow Plenum With Panel



Figure 20: Discharge Panel In Place

Side Panels

Units are shipped with side panels to cover the area where an economizer or motorized damper may be installed. These panels must be saved and used as tops for the Economizer rain hoods (See Figure 21)



Figure 21: Save Side Panels For Economizer Hood Tops

Condensate Drain

The side condensate drain is reversible and maybe re-oriented to the rear of the cabinet to facilitate condensate piping. A condensate drain connection is available through the base pan for piping inside the roof curb. Trap the connection per Figure 22. The trap and drain lines should be protected from freezing.

Plumbing must conform to local codes. Use a sealing compound on male pipe threads. Install condensate drain line from the 3/4 inch NPT female connection on the unit to an open drain.

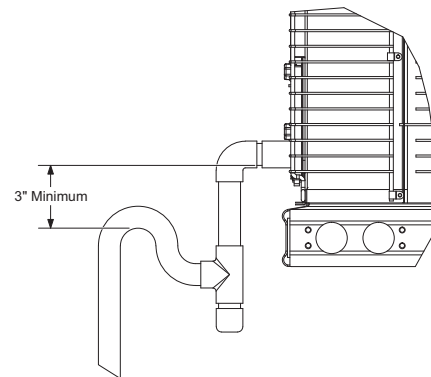


Figure 22: Condensate Drain

Compressors

The scroll compressor used in this product is specifically designed to operate with R-410A Refrigerant and cannot be interchanged.

CAUTION

This system uses R-410A Refrigerant which operates at higher pressures than R-22. No other refrigerant may be used in this system.

The compressor also uses a polyolester (POE oil), Mobil 3MA POE. This oil is extremely hygroscopic, meaning it absorbs water readily. POE oil can absorb 15 times as much water as other oils designed for HCFC and CFC refrigerants. Take all necessary precautions to avoid exposure of the oil to the atmosphere.

CAUTION

Do not leave the system open to the atmosphere. Unit damage could occur due to moisture being absorbed by the **POE oil** in the system. This type of oil is highly susceptible to moisture absorption

POE (polyolester) compressor lubricants are known to cause long term damage to some synthetic roofing materials.

CAUTION

Exposure, even if immediately cleaned up, may cause embrittlement (leading to cracking) to occur in one year or more. When performing any service that may risk exposure of compressor oil to the roof, take precautions to protect roofing.

Procedures which risk oil leakage include, but are not limited to, compressor replacement, repairing refrigerant leaks, replacing refrigerant components such as filter drier, pressure switch, metering device or coil.

Units are shipped with compressor mountings which are factory-adjusted and ready for operation.

CAUTION

Do not loosen compressor mounting bolts.

Filters

Two-inch filters are supplied with each unit. One-inch filters may be used with no modification to the filter racks. Filters must always be installed ahead of evaporator coil and must be kept clean or replaced with same size and type. Dirty filters reduce the capacity of the unit and result in frosted coils or safety shutdown. Refer to physical data tables, for the number and size of filters needed for the unit. The unit should not be operated without filters properly installed.

CAUTION

Make sure that panel latches are properly positioned on the unit to maintain an airtight seal.

Power And Control Wiring

Field wiring to the unit, fuses, and disconnects must conform to provisions of National Electrical Code (NEC), ANSI/NFPA No. 70 – Latest Edition (in U.S.A.), current Canadian Electrical Code C221, and/or local ordinances. The unit must be electrically grounded in accordance with NEC and CEC as specified above and/or local codes.

Voltage tolerances which must be maintained at the compressor terminals during starting and running conditions are indicated on the unit Rating Plate and Table 1.

CAUTION

208/230-3-60 and 380/415-3-50 units control transformers are factory wired for 230v and 415v power supply respectively. Change tap on transformer for 208-3-60 or 380-3-50 operation. See unit wiring diagram.

The internal wiring harnesses furnished with this unit are an integral part of the design certified unit. Field alteration to comply with electrical codes should not be required. If any of the wire supplied with the unit must be replaced, replacement wire must be of the type shown on the wiring diagram and the same minimum gauge as the replaced wire.

A disconnect must be utilized for these units. Factory installed disconnects are available. If installing a disconnect (field supplied or York International® supplied accessory), refer to Figure 4 for the recommended mounting location.

CAUTION

Avoid damage to internal components if drilling holes for disconnect mounting.

NOTE: Since not all local codes allow the mounting of a disconnect on the unit, please confirm compliance with local code before mounting a disconnect on the unit.

Electrical line must be sized properly to carry the load. USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY. Each unit must be wired with a separate branch circuit fed directly from the meter panel and properly fused.

Refer to Figures 23, 24 and 24 for typical field wiring and to the appropriate unit wiring diagram mounted inside control doors for control circuit and power wiring information.

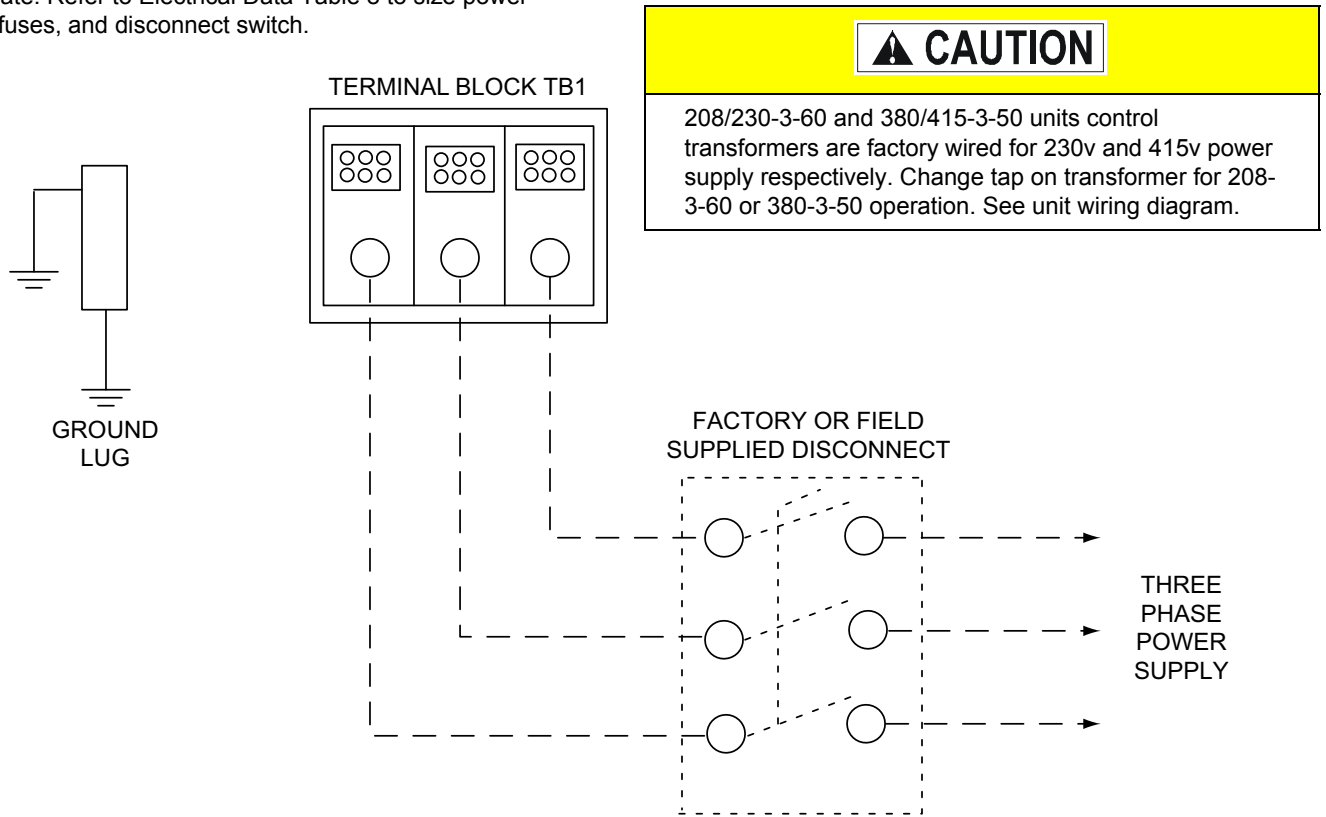
CAUTION

When connecting electrical power and control wiring to the unit, water-proof connectors must be used so that water or moisture cannot be drawn into the unit during normal operation. The above water-proofing conditions will also apply when installing a field supplied disconnect switch.

Power Wiring Detail

Units are factory wired for the voltage shown on the unit nameplate. Refer to Electrical Data Table 8 to size power wiring, fuses, and disconnect switch.

Power wiring is brought into the unit through the side of the unit or the basepan inside the curb.



CAUTION

208/230-3-60 and 380/415-3-50 units control transformers are factory wired for 230v and 415v power supply respectively. Change tap on transformer for 208-3-60 or 380-3-50 operation. See unit wiring diagram.

Figure 23: Field Wiring Disconnect - Cooling Unit With/Without Electric Heat

Thermostat Wiring

The thermostat should be located on an inside wall approximately 56 inch above the floor where it will not be subject to drafts, sun exposure or heat from electrical fixtures or appliances. Follow the manufacturer's instructions enclosed with thermostat for general installation procedure. Seven (7) color-coded, insulated wires should be used to connect the

thermostat to the unit. Refer to Table 7 for control wire sizing and maximum length.

Table 7: Control Wire Sizes

Wire Size	Maximum Length ¹
18 AWG	150 Feet

1. From the unit to the thermostat and back to the unit.

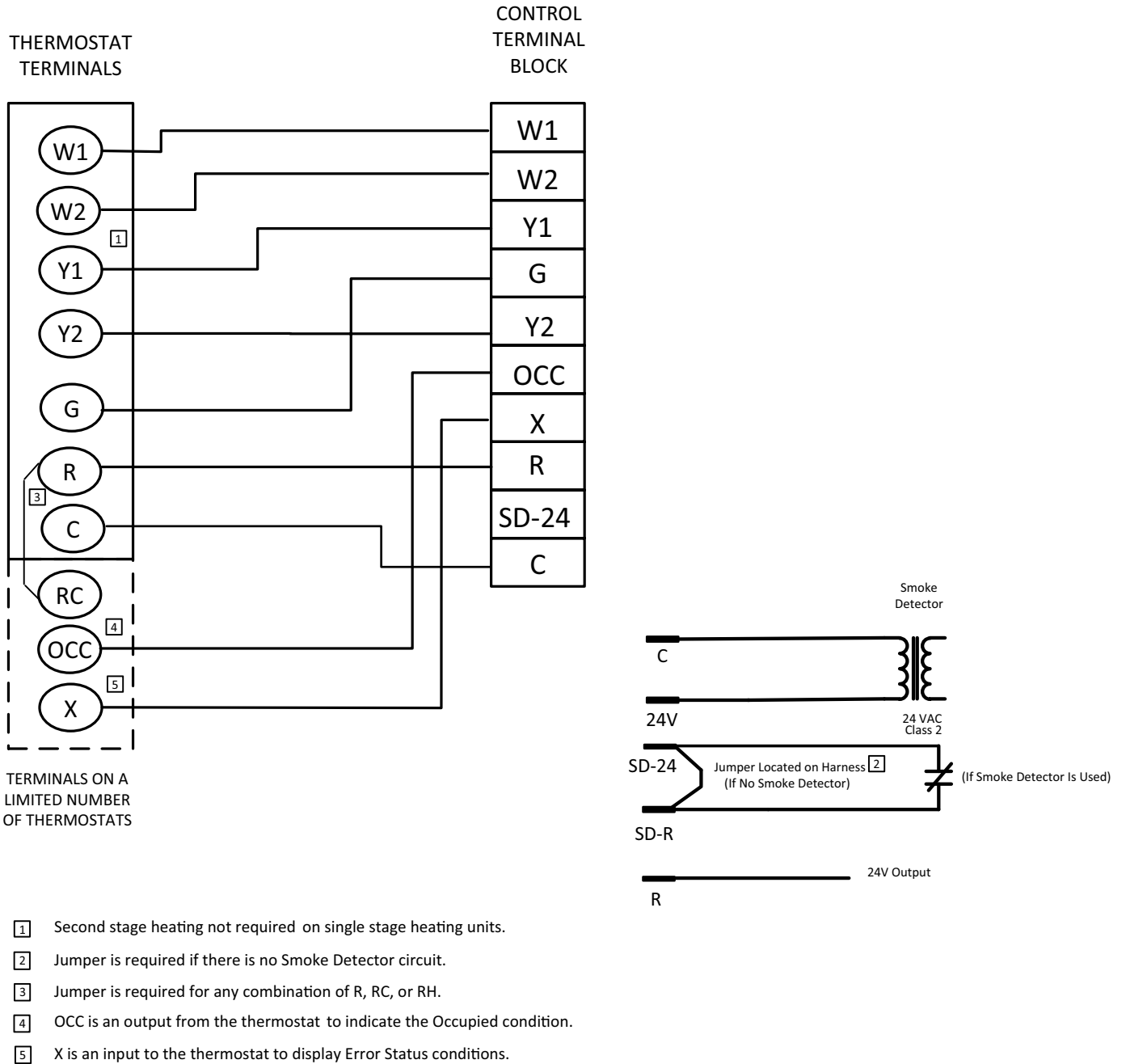


Figure 24: Typical Electronic Thermostat Field Wiring

Table 8: Electrical Data

XP078-150 Standard Motor - Without Powered Convenience Outlet

Size (Tons)	Volt	Compressors (each)			OD Fan Motors (each)	Supply Blower Motor	Pwr Exh Motor	Pwr Conv Outlet	Electric Heat Option				MCA ¹ (Amps)	MCA ¹ w/Pwr Exh (Amps)	Max Fuse ² / Breaker ³ Size (Amps)	Max Fuse ¹ / Breaker ³ Size w/ Pwr Exh (Amps)
		RLA	LRA	MCC	FLA	FLA	FLA	FLA	Model	kW	Stages	Amps				
078 (6.5)	208	13.5	88.0	21.1	2.1	5.2	5.5	0.0	None	-	-	-	39.8	45.3	50	50
									E09	6.8	1	18.9	63.4	68.9	70	70
									E18	13.5	2	37.5	86.6	92.1	90	100
									E24	18.0	2	50.0	102.2	107.7	110	110
									E36	25.5	2	70.8	128.3	133.8	150	150
	230	13.5	88.0	21.1	2.1	5.2	5.5	0.0	None	-	-	-	39.8	45.3	50	50
									E09	9.0	1	21.7	66.8	72.3	70	80
									E18	18.0	2	43.3	93.9	99.4	100	100
									E24	24.0	2	57.7	111.9	117.4	125	125
									E36	34.0	2	81.8	142.0	147.5	150	150
	460	6.0	44.0	9.3	1.3	2.6	2.2	0.0	None	-	-	-	18.6	20.8	20	25
									E09	9.0	1	10.8	32.2	34.4	35	35
									E18	18.0	2	21.7	45.7	47.9	50	50
									E24	24.0	2	28.9	54.7	56.9	60	60
									E36	34.0	2	40.9	69.7	71.9	70	80
	575	4.9	34.0	7.7	0.7	2.0	1.8	0.0	None	-	-	-	14.3	16.1	15	20
									E09	9.0	1	8.7	25.2	27.0	30	30
									E18	18.0	2	17.3	36.0	37.8	40	40
									E24	24.0	2	23.1	43.2	45.0	45	45
									E36	34.0	2	32.7	55.2	57.0	60	60
090 (7.5)	208	13.7	83.1	21.4	2.1	5.2	5.5	0.0	None	-	-	-	40.2	45.7	50	50
									E09	6.8	1	18.9	63.8	69.3	70	70
									E18	13.5	2	37.5	87.1	92.6	90	100
									E24	18.0	2	50.0	102.7	108.2	110	110
									E36	25.5	2	70.8	128.7	134.2	150	150
	230	13.7	83.1	21.4	2.1	5.2	5.5	0.0	None	-	-	-	40.2	45.7	50	50
									E09	9.0	1	21.7	67.3	72.8	70	80
									E18	18.0	2	43.3	94.4	99.9	100	100
									E24	24.0	2	57.7	112.4	117.9	125	125
									E36	34.0	2	81.8	142.5	148.0	150	150
	460	6.2	41.0	9.7	1.3	2.6	2.2	0.0	None	-	-	-	19.1	21.3	25	25
									E09	9.0	1	10.8	32.6	34.8	35	35
									E18	18.0	2	21.7	46.1	48.3	50	50
									E24	24.0	2	28.9	55.2	57.4	60	60
									E36	34.0	2	40.9	70.2	72.4	80	80
	575	4.8	33.0	7.5	0.7	2.0	1.8	0.0	None	-	-	-	14.1	15.9	15	20
									E09	9.0	1	8.7	24.9	26.7	25	30
									E18	18.0	2	17.3	35.8	37.6	40	40
									E24	24.0	2	23.1	43.0	44.8	45	45
									E36	34.0	2	32.7	55.0	56.8	60	60
102 (8.5)	208	14.5	98.0	22.6	2.1	6.8	5.5	0.0	None	-	-	-	43.6	49.1	50	60
									E09	6.8	1	18.9	67.2	72.7	70	80
									E18	13.5	2	37.5	90.5	96.0	100	100
									E24	18.0	2	50.0	106.1	111.6	110	125
									E36	25.5	2	70.8	132.1	137.6	150	150
	230	14.5	98.0	22.6	2.1	6.8	5.5	0.0	None	-	-	-	43.6	49.1	50	60
									E09	9.0	1	21.7	70.7	76.2	80	80
									E18	18.0	2	43.3	97.8	103.3	100	110
									E24	24.0	2	57.7	115.8	121.3	125	125
									E36	34.0	2	81.8	145.9	151.4	150	175
	460	6.3	55.0	9.9	1.3	3.4	2.2	0.0	None	-	-	-	20.1	22.3	25	25
									E09	9.0	1	10.8	33.6	35.8	35	40
									E18	18.0	2	21.7	47.2	49.4	50	50
									E24	24.0	2	28.9	56.2	58.4	60	60
									E36	34.0	2	40.9	71.2	73.4	80	80
	575	6.0	41.0	9.4	0.7	2.4	1.8	0.0	None	-	-	-	17.2	19.0	20	25
									E09	9.0	1	8.7	28.0	29.8	30	30
									E18	18.0	2	17.3	38.9	40.7	40	45
									E24	24.0	2	23.1	46.1	47.9	50	50
									E36	34.0	2	32.7	58.1	59.9	60	60

XP078-150 Standard Motor - Without Powered Convenience Outlet (Continued)

Size (Tons)	Volt	Compressors (each)			OD Fan Motors (each)	Supply Blower Motor	Pwr Exh Motor	Pwr Conv Outlet	Electric Heat Option				MCA ¹ (Amps)	MCA ¹ w/Pwr Exh (Amps)	Max Fuse ² / Breaker ³ Size (Amps)	Max Fuse ¹ / Breaker ³ Size w/ Pwr Exh (Amps)
		RLA	LRA	MCC	FLA	FLA	FLA	FLA	Model	kW	Stages	Amps				
120 (10)	208	16.0	110.0	24.9	2.1	6.8	5.5	0.0	None	-	-	-	47.0	52.5	60	60
									E18	13.5	2	37.5	93.8	99.3	100	100
									E24	18.0	2	50.0	109.5	115.0	110	125
									E36	25.5	2	70.8	135.5	141.0	150	150
									E54	40.6	2	112.7	149.4	156.2	150	175
	230	16.0	110.0	24.9	2.1	6.8	5.5	0.0	None	-	-	-	47.0	52.5	60	60
									E18	18.0	2	43.3	101.1	106.6	110	110
									E24	24.0	2	57.7	119.2	124.7	125	125
									E36	34.0	2	81.8	149.2	154.7	150	175
									E54	54.0	2	129.9	149.2	154.7	150	175
	460	7.8	52.0	12.1	1.3	3.4	2.2	0.0	None	-	-	-	23.5	25.7	30	30
									E18	18.0	2	21.7	50.5	52.7	60	60
									E24	24.0	2	28.9	59.6	61.8	60	70
									E36	34.0	2	40.9	74.6	76.8	80	80
									E54	54.0	2	65.0	74.6	76.8	80	80
	575	5.7	38.9	8.9	0.7	2.4	1.8	0.0	None	-	-	-	16.5	18.3	20	20
									E18	18.0	2	17.3	38.2	40.0	40	40
									E24	24.0	2	23.1	45.4	47.2	50	50
									E36	34.0	2	32.7	57.4	59.2	60	60
									E54	54.0	2	52.0	57.4	59.2	60	60
150 (12.5)	208	22.4	149.0	35.0	2.1	9.6	5.5	0.0	None	-	-	-	68.4	73.9	90	90
									E18	13.5	2	37.5	115.2	120.7	125	125
									E24	18.0	2	50.0	130.9	136.4	150	150
									E36	25.5	2	70.8	156.9	162.4	175	175
									E54	40.6	2	112.7	156.9	162.4	175	175
	230	22.4	149.0	35.0	2.1	9.6	5.5	0.0	None	-	-	-	68.4	73.9	90	90
									E18	18.0	2	43.3	122.5	128.0	125	150
									E24	24.0	2	57.7	140.6	146.1	150	150
									E36	34.0	2	81.8	170.6	176.1	175	200
									E54	54.0	2	129.9	170.6	176.1	175	200
	460	10.6	75.0	16.5	1.3	4.7	2.2	0.0	None	-	-	-	33.6	35.8	40	45
									E18	18.0	2	21.7	60.7	62.9	70	70
									E24	24.0	2	28.9	69.7	71.9	70	80
									E36	34.0	2	40.9	84.7	86.9	90	90
									E54	54.0	2	65.0	84.7	86.9	90	90
	575	7.7	54.0	12.0	0.7	3.6	1.8	0.0	None	-	-	-	23.6	25.4	30	30
									E18	18.0	2	17.3	45.2	47.0	50	50
									E24	24.0	2	23.1	52.4	54.2	60	60
									E36	34.0	2	32.7	64.5	66.3	70	70
									E54	54.0	2	52.0	64.5	66.3	70	70

1. Minimum Circuit Ampacity.
2. Dual Element, Time Delay Type.
3. HACR type per NEC.

XP078-150 Hi Static Motor - Without Powered Convenience Outlet

Size (Tons)	Volt	Compressors (each)			OD Fan Motors (each)	Supply Blower Motor	Pwr Exh Motor	Pwr Conv Outlet	Electric Heat Option				MCA ¹ (Amps)	MCA ¹ w/Pwr Exh (Amps)	Max Fuse ² / Breaker ³ Size (Amps)	Max Fuse ² / Breaker ³ Size w/ Pwr Exh (Amps)
		RLA	LRA	MCC	FLA	FLA	FLA	FLA	Model	kW	Stages	Amps				
078 (6.5)	208	13.5	88.0	21.1	2.1	6.8	5.5	0.0	None	-	-	-	41.4	46.9	50	60
									E09	6.8	1	18.9	65.0	70.5	70	80
									E18	13.5	2	37.5	88.2	93.7	90	100
									E24	18.0	2	50.0	103.8	109.3	110	110
									E36	25.5	2	70.8	129.9	135.4	150	150
	230	13.5	88.0	21.1	2.1	6.8	5.5	0.0	None	-	-	-	41.4	46.9	50	60
									E09	9.0	1	21.7	68.4	73.9	70	80
									E18	18.0	2	43.3	95.5	101.0	100	110
									E24	24.0	2	57.7	113.5	119.0	125	125
									E36	34.0	2	81.8	143.6	149.1	150	150
	460	6.0	44.0	9.3	1.3	3.4	2.2	0.0	None	-	-	-	19.4	21.6	25	25
									E09	9.0	1	10.8	33.0	35.2	35	40
E18									18.0	2	21.7	46.5	48.7	50	50	
E24									24.0	2	28.9	55.5	57.7	60	60	
E36									34.0	2	40.9	70.5	72.7	80	80	
575	4.9	34.0	7.7	0.7	2.4	1.8	0.0	None	-	-	-	14.7	16.5	15	20	
								E09	9.0	1	8.7	25.6	27.4	30	30	
								E18	18.0	2	17.3	36.4	38.2	40	40	
								E24	24.0	2	23.1	43.6	45.4	45	50	
								E36	34.0	2	32.7	55.6	57.4	60	60	
090 (7.5)	208	13.7	83.1	21.4	2.1	9.6	5.5	0.0	None	-	-	-	44.6	50.1	50	60
									E09	6.8	1	18.9	68.2	73.7	70	80
									E18	13.5	2	37.5	91.5	97.0	100	100
									E24	18.0	2	50.0	107.1	112.6	110	125
									E36	25.5	2	70.8	133.1	138.6	150	150
	230	13.7	83.1	21.4	2.1	9.6	5.5	0.0	None	-	-	-	44.6	50.1	50	60
									E09	9.0	1	21.7	71.7	77.2	80	80
									E18	18.0	2	43.3	98.8	104.3	100	110
									E24	24.0	2	57.7	116.8	122.3	125	125
									E36	34.0	2	81.8	146.9	152.4	150	175
	460	6.2	41.0	9.7	1.3	4.7	2.2	0.0	None	-	-	-	21.2	23.4	25	25
									E09	9.0	1	10.8	34.7	36.9	35	40
E18									18.0	2	21.7	48.2	50.4	50	60	
E24									24.0	2	28.9	57.3	59.5	60	60	
E36									34.0	2	40.9	72.3	74.5	80	80	
575	4.8	33.0	7.5	0.7	3.6	1.8	0.0	None	-	-	-	15.7	17.5	20	20	
								E09	9.0	1	8.7	26.5	28.3	30	30	
								E18	18.0	2	17.3	37.4	39.2	40	40	
								E24	24.0	2	23.1	44.6	46.4	45	50	
								E36	34.0	2	32.7	56.6	58.4	60	60	
102 (8.5)	208	14.5	98.0	22.6	2.1	9.6	5.5	0.0	None	-	-	-	46.4	51.9	60	60
									E09	6.8	1	18.9	70.0	75.5	70	80
									E18	13.5	2	37.5	93.3	98.8	100	100
									E24	18.0	2	50.0	108.9	114.4	110	125
									E36	25.5	2	70.8	134.9	140.4	150	150
	230	14.5	98.0	22.6	2.1	9.6	5.5	0.0	None	-	-	-	46.4	51.9	60	60
									E09	9.0	1	21.7	73.5	79.0	80	80
									E18	18.0	2	43.3	100.6	106.1	110	110
									E24	24.0	2	57.7	118.6	124.1	125	125
									E36	34.0	2	81.8	148.7	154.2	150	175
	460	6.3	55.0	9.9	1.3	4.7	2.2	0.0	None	-	-	-	21.4	23.6	25	25
									E09	9.0	1	10.8	34.9	37.1	35	40
E18									18.0	2	21.7	48.5	50.7	50	60	
E24									24.0	2	28.9	57.5	59.7	60	60	
E36									34.0	2	40.9	72.5	74.7	80	80	
575	6.0	41.0	9.4	0.7	3.6	1.8	0.0	None	-	-	-	18.4	20.2	20	25	
								E09	9.0	1	8.7	29.2	31.0	30	35	
								E18	18.0	2	17.3	40.1	41.9	45	45	
								E24	24.0	2	23.1	47.3	49.1	50	50	
								E36	34.0	2	32.7	59.3	61.1	60	70	

XP078-150 Hi Static Motor - Without Powered Convenience Outlet (Continued)

Size (Tons)	Volt	Compressors (each)			OD Fan Motors (each)	Supply Blower Motor	Pwr Exh Motor	Pwr Conv Outlet	Electric Heat Option				MCA ¹ (Amps)	MCA ¹ w/Pwr Exh (Amps)	Max Fuse ^{2/} Breaker ³ Size (Amps)	Max Fuse ^{2/} Breaker ³ Size w/ Pwr Exh (Amps)
		RLA	LRA	MCC	FLA	FLA	FLA	FLA	Model	kW	Stages	Amps				
120 (10)	208	16.0	110.0	24.9	2.1	9.6	5.5	0.0	None	-	-	-	49.8	55.3	60	70
									E18	13.5	2	37.5	96.6	102.1	100	110
									E24	18.0	2	50.0	112.3	117.8	125	125
									E36	25.5	2	70.8	138.3	143.8	150	150
									E54	40.6	2	112.7	152.9	159.7	175	175
	230	16.0	110.0	24.9	2.1	9.6	5.5	0.0	None	-	-	-	49.8	55.3	60	70
									E18	18.0	2	43.3	103.9	109.4	110	110
									E24	24.0	2	57.7	122.0	127.5	125	150
									E36	34.0	2	81.8	152.0	157.5	175	175
									E54	54.0	2	129.9	152.0	157.5	175	175
	460	7.8	52.0	12.1	1.3	4.7	2.2	0.0	None	-	-	-	24.8	27.0	30	30
									E18	18.0	2	21.7	51.8	54.0	60	60
									E24	24.0	2	28.9	60.9	63.1	70	70
									E36	34.0	2	40.9	75.9	78.1	80	80
									E54	54.0	2	65.0	75.9	78.1	80	80
	575	5.7	38.9	8.9	0.7	3.6	1.8	0.0	None	-	-	-	17.7	19.5	20	25
									E18	18.0	2	17.3	39.4	41.2	40	45
									E24	24.0	2	23.1	46.6	48.4	50	50
									E36	34.0	2	32.7	58.6	60.4	60	70
									E54	54.0	2	52.0	58.6	60.4	60	70
150 (12.5)	208	22.4	149.0	35.0	2.1	14.0	5.5	0.0	None	-	-	-	72.8	78.3	90	100
									E18	13.5	2	37.5	119.6	125.1	125	150
									E24	18.0	2	50.0	135.3	140.8	150	150
									E36	25.5	2	70.8	161.3	166.8	175	175
									E54	40.6	2	112.7	161.3	166.8	175	175
	230	22.4	149.0	35.0	2.1	14.0	5.5	0.0	None	-	-	-	72.8	78.3	90	100
									E18	18.0	2	43.3	126.9	132.4	150	150
									E24	24.0	2	57.7	145.0	150.5	150	175
									E36	34.0	2	81.8	175.0	180.5	175	200
									E54	54.0	2	129.9	175.0	180.5	175	200
	460	10.6	75.0	16.5	1.3	6.6	2.2	0.0	None	-	-	-	35.5	37.7	45	45
									E18	18.0	2	21.7	62.6	64.8	70	70
									E24	24.0	2	28.9	71.6	73.8	80	80
									E36	34.0	2	40.9	86.6	88.8	90	90
									E54	54.0	2	65.0	86.6	88.8	90	90
	575	7.7	54.0	12.0	0.7	5.2	1.8	0.0	None	-	-	-	25.2	27.0	30	30
									E18	18.0	2	17.3	46.8	48.6	50	50
									E24	24.0	2	23.1	54.0	55.8	60	60
									E36	34.0	2	32.7	66.1	67.9	70	70
									E54	54.0	2	52.0	66.1	67.9	70	70

1. Minimum Circuit Ampacity.
2. Dual Element, Time Delay Type.
3. HACR type per NEC.

XP078-150 Standard Motor - With Powered Convenience Outlet

Size (Tons)	Volt	Compressors (each)			OD Fan Motors (each)	Supply Blower Motor	Pwr Exh Motor	Pwr Conv Outlet	Electric Heat Option				MCA ¹ (Amps)	MCA ¹ w/Pwr Exh (Amps)	Max Fuse ² / Breaker ³ Size (Amps)	Max Fuse ² / Breaker ³ Size w/ Pwr Exh (Amps)
		RLA	LRA	MCC	FLA	FLA	FLA	FLA	Model	kW	Stages	Amps				
078 (6.5)	208	13.5	88.0	21.1	2.1	5.2	5.5	10.0	None	-	-	-	49.8	55.3	60	60
									E09	6.8	1	18.9	73.4	78.9	80	80
									E18	13.5	2	37.5	96.6	102.1	100	110
									E24	18.0	2	50.0	112.2	117.7	125	125
									E36	25.5	2	70.8	138.3	143.8	150	150
	230	13.5	88.0	21.1	2.1	5.2	5.5	10.0	None	-	-	-	49.8	55.3	60	60
									E09	9.0	1	21.7	76.8	82.3	80	90
									E18	18.0	2	43.3	103.9	109.4	110	110
									E24	24.0	2	57.7	121.9	127.4	125	150
									E36	34.0	2	81.8	152.0	157.5	175	175
	460	6.0	44.0	9.3	1.3	2.6	2.2	5.0	None	-	-	-	23.6	25.8	25	30
									E09	9.0	1	10.8	37.2	39.4	40	40
									E18	18.0	2	21.7	50.7	52.9	60	60
									E24	24.0	2	28.9	59.7	61.9	60	70
									E36	34.0	2	40.9	74.7	76.9	80	80
	575	4.9	34.0	7.7	0.7	2.0	1.8	4.0	None	-	-	-	18.3	20.1	20	25
E09									9.0	1	8.7	29.2	31.0	30	35	
E18									18.0	2	17.3	40.0	41.8	40	45	
E24									24.0	2	23.1	47.2	49.0	50	50	
E36									34.0	2	32.7	59.2	61.0	60	70	
090 (7.5)	208	13.7	83.1	21.4	2.1	5.2	5.5	10.0	None	-	-	-	50.2	55.7	60	60
									E09	6.8	1	18.9	73.8	79.3	80	80
									E18	13.5	2	37.5	97.1	102.6	100	110
									E24	18.0	2	50.0	112.7	118.2	125	125
									E36	25.5	2	70.8	138.7	144.2	150	150
	230	13.7	83.1	21.4	2.1	5.2	5.5	10.0	None	-	-	-	50.2	55.7	60	60
									E09	9.0	1	21.7	77.3	82.8	80	90
									E18	18.0	2	43.3	104.4	109.9	110	110
									E24	24.0	2	57.7	122.4	127.9	125	150
									E36	34.0	2	81.8	152.5	158.0	175	175
	460	6.2	41.0	9.7	1.3	2.6	2.2	5.0	None	-	-	-	24.1	26.3	30	30
									E09	9.0	1	10.8	37.6	39.8	40	40
									E18	18.0	2	21.7	51.1	53.3	60	60
									E24	24.0	2	28.9	60.2	62.4	70	70
									E36	34.0	2	40.9	75.2	77.4	80	80
	575	4.8	33.0	7.5	0.7	2.0	1.8	4.0	None	-	-	-	18.1	19.9	20	20
E09									9.0	1	8.7	28.9	30.7	30	35	
E18									18.0	2	17.3	39.8	41.6	40	45	
E24									24.0	2	23.1	47.0	48.8	50	50	
E36									34.0	2	32.7	59.0	60.8	60	70	
102 (8.5)	208	14.5	98.0	22.6	2.1	6.8	5.5	10.0	None	-	-	-	53.6	59.1	60	70
									E09	6.8	1	18.9	77.2	82.7	80	90
									E18	13.5	2	37.5	100.5	106.0	110	110
									E24	18.0	2	50.0	116.1	121.6	125	125
									E36	25.5	2	70.8	142.1	147.6	150	150
	230	14.5	98.0	22.6	2.1	6.8	5.5	10.0	None	-	-	-	53.6	59.1	60	70
									E09	9.0	1	21.7	80.7	86.2	90	90
									E18	18.0	2	43.3	107.8	113.3	110	125
									E24	24.0	2	57.7	125.8	131.3	150	150
									E36	34.0	2	81.8	155.9	161.4	175	175
	460	6.3	55.0	9.9	1.3	3.4	2.2	5.0	None	-	-	-	25.1	27.3	30	30
									E09	9.0	1	10.8	38.6	40.8	40	45
									E18	18.0	2	21.7	52.2	54.4	60	60
									E24	24.0	2	28.9	61.2	63.4	70	70
									E36	34.0	2	40.9	76.2	78.4	80	80
	575	6.0	41.0	9.4	0.7	2.4	1.8	4.0	None	-	-	-	21.2	23.0	25	25
E09									9.0	1	8.7	32.0	33.8	35	35	
E18									18.0	2	17.3	42.9	44.7	45	45	
E24									24.0	2	23.1	50.1	51.9	60	60	
E36									34.0	2	32.7	62.1	63.9	70	70	

XP078-150 Standard Motor - With Powered Convenience Outlet (Continued)

Size (Tons)	Volt	Compressors (each)			OD Fan Motors (each)	Supply Blower Motor	Pwr Exh Motor	Pwr Conv Outlet	Electric Heat Option				MCA ¹ (Amps)	MCA ¹ w/Pwr Exh (Amps)	Max Fuse ^{2/} Breaker ³ Size (Amps)	Max Fuse ^{2/} Breaker ³ Size w/ Pwr Exh (Amps)
		RLA	LRA	MCC	FLA	FLA	FLA	FLA	Model	kW	Stages	Amps				
120 (10)	208	16.0	110.0	24.9	2.1	6.8	5.5	10.0	None	-	-	-	57.0	62.5	70	70
									E18	13.5	2	37.5	103.8	109.3	110	110
									E24	18.0	2	50.0	119.5	125.0	125	125
									E36	25.5	2	70.8	145.5	151.0	150	175
									E54	40.6	2	112.7	161.9	168.7	175	175
	230	16.0	110.0	24.9	2.1	6.8	5.5	10.0	None	-	-	-	57.0	62.5	70	70
									E18	18.0	2	43.3	111.1	116.6	125	125
									E24	24.0	2	57.7	129.2	134.7	150	150
									E36	34.0	2	81.8	159.2	164.7	175	175
									E54	54.0	2	129.9	159.2	164.7	175	175
	460	7.8	52.0	12.1	1.3	3.4	2.2	5.0	None	-	-	-	28.5	30.7	35	35
									E18	18.0	2	21.7	55.5	57.7	60	60
									E24	24.0	2	28.9	64.6	66.8	70	70
									E36	34.0	2	40.9	79.6	81.8	80	90
									E54	54.0	2	65.0	79.6	81.8	80	90
	575	5.7	38.9	8.9	0.7	2.4	1.8	4.0	None	-	-	-	20.5	22.3	25	25
									E18	18.0	2	17.3	42.2	44.0	45	45
									E24	24.0	2	23.1	49.4	51.2	50	60
									E36	34.0	2	32.7	61.4	63.2	70	70
									E54	54.0	2	52.0	61.4	63.2	70	70
150 (12.5)	208	22.4	149.0	35.0	2.1	9.6	5.5	10.0	None	-	-	-	78.4	83.9	100	100
									E18	13.5	2	37.5	125.2	130.7	150	150
									E24	18.0	2	50.0	140.9	146.4	150	175
									E36	25.5	2	70.8	166.9	172.4	175	175
									E54	40.6	2	112.7	166.9	172.4	175	175
	230	22.4	149.0	35.0	2.1	9.6	5.5	10.0	None	-	-	-	78.4	83.9	100	100
									E18	18.0	2	43.3	132.5	138.0	150	150
									E24	24.0	2	57.7	150.6	156.1	175	175
									E36	34.0	2	81.8	180.6	186.1	200	200
									E54	54.0	2	129.9	180.6	186.1	200	200
	460	10.6	75.0	16.5	1.3	4.7	2.2	5.0	None	-	-	-	38.6	40.8	45	50
									E18	18.0	2	21.7	65.7	67.9	70	70
									E24	24.0	2	28.9	74.7	76.9	80	80
									E36	34.0	2	40.9	89.7	91.9	90	100
									E54	54.0	2	65.0	89.7	91.9	90	100
	575	7.7	54.0	12.0	0.7	3.6	1.8	4.0	None	-	-	-	27.6	29.4	35	35
									E18	18.0	2	17.3	49.2	51.0	50	60
									E24	24.0	2	23.1	56.4	58.2	60	60
									E36	34.0	2	32.7	68.5	70.3	70	80
									E54	54.0	2	52.0	68.5	70.3	70	80

1. Minimum Circuit Ampacity.
2. Dual Element, Time Delay Type.
3. HACR type per NEC.

XP078-150 Hi Static Motor - With Powered Convenience Outlet

Size (Tons)	Volt	Compressors (each)			OD Fan Motors (each)	Supply Blower Motor	Pwr Exh Motor	Pwr Conv Outlet	Electric Heat Option				MCA ¹ (Amps)	MCA ¹ w/Pwr Exh (Amps)	Max Fuse ² / Breaker ³ Size (Amps)	Max Fuse ² / Breaker ³ Size w/ Pwr Exh (Amps)
		RLA	LRA	MCC	FLA	FLA	FLA	FLA	Model	kW	Stages	Amps				
078 (6.5)	208	13.5	88.0	21.1	2.1	6.8	5.5	10.0	None	-	-	-	51.4	56.9	60	70
									E09	6.8	1	18.9	75.0	80.5	80	90
									E18	13.5	2	37.5	98.2	103.7	100	110
									E24	18.0	2	50.0	113.8	119.3	125	125
									E36	25.5	2	70.8	139.9	145.4	150	150
	230	13.5	88.0	21.1	2.1	6.8	5.5	10.0	None	-	-	-	51.4	56.9	60	70
									E09	9.0	1	21.7	78.4	83.9	80	90
									E18	18.0	2	43.3	105.5	111.0	110	125
									E24	24.0	2	57.7	123.5	129.0	125	150
									E36	34.0	2	81.8	153.6	159.1	175	175
	460	6.0	44.0	9.3	1.3	3.4	2.2	5.0	None	-	-	-	24.4	26.6	30	30
									E09	9.0	1	10.8	38.0	40.2	40	45
									E18	18.0	2	21.7	51.5	53.7	60	60
									E24	24.0	2	28.9	60.5	62.7	70	70
									E36	34.0	2	40.9	75.5	77.7	80	80
	575	4.9	34.0	7.7	0.7	2.4	1.8	4.0	None	-	-	-	18.7	20.5	20	25
E09									9.0	1	8.7	29.6	31.4	30	35	
E18									18.0	2	17.3	40.4	42.2	45	45	
E24									24.0	2	23.1	47.6	49.4	50	50	
E36									34.0	2	32.7	59.6	61.4	60	70	
090 (7.5)	208	13.7	83.1	21.4	2.1	9.6	5.5	10.0	None	-	-	-	54.6	60.1	60	70
									E09	6.8	1	18.9	78.2	83.7	80	90
									E18	13.5	2	37.5	101.5	107.0	110	110
									E24	18.0	2	50.0	117.1	122.6	125	125
									E36	25.5	2	70.8	143.1	148.6	150	150
	230	13.7	83.1	21.4	2.1	9.6	5.5	10.0	None	-	-	-	54.6	60.1	60	70
									E09	9.0	1	21.7	81.7	87.2	90	90
									E18	18.0	2	43.3	108.8	114.3	110	125
									E24	24.0	2	57.7	126.8	132.3	150	150
									E36	34.0	2	81.8	156.9	162.4	175	175
	460	6.2	41.0	9.7	1.3	4.7	2.2	5.0	None	-	-	-	26.2	28.4	30	30
									E09	9.0	1	10.8	39.7	41.9	40	45
									E18	18.0	2	21.7	53.2	55.4	60	60
									E24	24.0	2	28.9	62.3	64.5	70	70
									E36	34.0	2	40.9	77.3	79.5	80	80
	575	4.8	33.0	7.5	0.7	3.6	1.8	4.0	None	-	-	-	19.7	21.5	20	25
E09									9.0	1	8.7	30.5	32.3	35	35	
E18									18.0	2	17.3	41.4	43.2	45	45	
E24									24.0	2	23.1	48.6	50.4	50	60	
E36									34.0	2	32.7	60.6	62.4	70	70	
102 (8.5)	208	14.5	98.0	22.6	2.1	9.6	5.5	10.0	None	-	-	-	56.4	61.9	70	70
									E09	6.8	1	18.9	80.0	85.5	80	90
									E18	13.5	2	37.5	103.3	108.8	110	110
									E24	18.0	2	50.0	118.9	124.4	125	125
									E36	25.5	2	70.8	144.9	150.4	150	175
	230	14.5	98.0	22.6	2.1	9.6	5.5	10.0	None	-	-	-	56.4	61.9	70	70
									E09	9.0	1	21.7	83.5	89.0	90	90
									E18	18.0	2	43.3	110.6	116.1	125	125
									E24	24.0	2	57.7	128.6	134.1	150	150
									E36	34.0	2	81.8	158.7	164.2	175	175
	460	6.3	55.0	9.9	1.3	4.7	2.2	5.0	None	-	-	-	26.4	28.6	30	30
									E09	9.0	1	10.8	39.9	42.1	40	45
									E18	18.0	2	21.7	53.5	55.7	60	60
									E24	24.0	2	28.9	62.5	64.7	70	70
									E36	34.0	2	40.9	77.5	79.7	80	80
	575	6.0	41.0	9.4	0.7	3.6	1.8	4.0	None	-	-	-	22.4	24.2	25	30
E09									9.0	1	8.7	33.2	35.0	35	35	
E18									18.0	2	17.3	44.1	45.9	45	50	
E24									24.0	2	23.1	51.3	53.1	60	60	
E36									34.0	2	32.7	63.3	65.1	70	70	

XP078-150 Hi Static Motor - With Powered Convenience Outlet (Continued)

Size (Tons)	Volt	Compressors (each)			OD Fan Motors (each)	Supply Blower Motor	Pwr Exh Motor	Pwr Conv Outlet	Electric Heat Option				MCA ¹ (Amps)	MCA ¹ w/Pwr Exh (Amps)	Max Fuse ^{2/} Breaker ³ Size (Amps)	Max Fuse ^{2/} Breaker ³ Size w/ Pwr Exh (Amps)
		RLA	LRA	MCC	FLA	FLA	FLA	FLA	Model	kW	Stages	Amps				
120 (10)	208	16.0	110.0	24.9	2.1	9.6	5.5	10.0	None	-	-	-	59.8	65.3	70	80
									E18	13.5	2	37.5	106.6	112.1	110	125
									E24	18.0	2	50.0	122.3	127.8	125	150
									E36	25.5	2	70.8	148.3	153.8	150	175
									E54	40.6	2	112.7	165.4	172.2	175	175
	230	16.0	110.0	24.9	2.1	9.6	5.5	10.0	None	-	-	-	59.8	65.3	70	80
									E18	18.0	2	43.3	113.9	119.4	125	125
									E24	24.0	2	57.7	132.0	137.5	150	150
									E36	34.0	2	81.8	162.0	167.5	175	175
									E54	54.0	2	129.9	162.0	167.5	175	175
	460	7.8	52.0	12.1	1.3	4.7	2.2	5.0	None	-	-	-	29.8	32.0	35	35
									E18	18.0	2	21.7	56.8	59.0	60	60
									E24	24.0	2	28.9	65.9	68.1	70	70
									E36	34.0	2	40.9	80.9	83.1	90	90
									E54	54.0	2	65.0	80.9	83.1	90	90
	575	5.7	38.9	8.9	0.7	3.6	1.8	4.0	None	-	-	-	21.7	23.5	25	25
									E18	18.0	2	17.3	43.4	45.2	45	50
									E24	24.0	2	23.1	50.6	52.4	60	60
									E36	34.0	2	32.7	62.6	64.4	70	70
									E54	54.0	2	52.0	62.6	64.4	70	70
150 (12.5)	208	22.4	149.0	35.0	2.1	14.0	5.5	10.0	None	-	-	-	82.8	88.3	100	110
									E18	13.5	2	37.5	129.6	135.1	150	150
									E24	18.0	2	50.0	145.3	150.8	150	175
									E36	25.5	2	70.8	171.3	176.8	175	200
									E54	40.6	2	112.7	171.3	177.7	175	200
	230	22.4	149.0	35.0	2.1	14.0	5.5	10.0	None	-	-	-	82.8	88.3	100	110
									E18	18.0	2	43.3	136.9	142.4	150	150
									E24	24.0	2	57.7	155.0	160.5	175	175
									E36	34.0	2	81.8	185.0	190.5	200	200
									E54	54.0	2	129.9	185.0	190.5	200	200
	460	10.6	75.0	16.5	1.3	6.6	2.2	5.0	None	-	-	-	40.5	42.7	50	50
									E18	18.0	2	21.7	67.6	69.8	70	70
									E24	24.0	2	28.9	76.6	78.8	80	80
									E36	34.0	2	40.9	91.6	93.8	100	100
									E54	54.0	2	65.0	91.6	93.8	100	100
	575	7.7	54.0	12.0	0.7	5.2	1.8	4.0	None	-	-	-	29.2	31.0	35	35
									E18	18.0	2	17.3	50.8	52.6	60	60
									E24	24.0	2	23.1	58.0	59.8	60	60
									E36	34.0	2	32.7	70.1	71.9	80	80
									E54	54.0	2	52.0	70.1	71.9	80	80

1. Minimum Circuit Ampacity.
2. Dual Element, Time Delay Type.
3. HACR type per NEC.

Table 9: XP078-150 Physical Data

Component	Models				
	XP078	XP090	XP102	XP120	XP150
Nominal Tonnage	6.5	7.5	8.5	10	12.5
AHRI COOLING PERFORMANCE					
Gross Capacity @ AHRI A point (Mbh)	80000	92550	105600	122000	158300
AHRI net capacity (Mbh)	78000	90000	102000	117000	150000
EER	11.5	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.0
IEER	12.0	12.0	11.4	11.4	10.8
IPLV	12.4	12.4	12.4	12.4	11.9
Nominal CFM	2600	3000	3750	3750	4900
System power (KW)	6.78	8.18	9.27	10.45	13.64
Refrigerant type	R-410A	R-410A	R-410A	R-410A	R-410A
Refrigerant charge (lb-oz)					
System 1	14-2	13-0	13-12	12-14	17-6
System 2	12-10	13-2	13-13	12-12	17-8
AHRI HEATING PERFORMANCE					
47°F capacity rating (Mbh)	75.0	88.0	90.5	102.0	135.0
System power (KW) / COP	6.2 / 3.35	7.7 / 3.35	7.9 / 3.35	8.6 / 3.30	13.2 / 3.0
17°F capacity rating (Mbh)	43.0	51.0	53.0	58.0	90.0
System power (KW) / COP	5.7 / 2.20	6.4 / 2.25	6.9 / 2.25	7.8 / 2.20	13.5 / 2.2
HSPF (Btu/Watts-hr)	-	-	-	-	-
DIMENSIONS (inches)					
Length	89	89	89	89	119-7/16
Width	59	59	59	59	59
Height	50-3/4	50-3/4	50-3/4	50-3/4	50-3/4
OPERATING WT. (lbs.)	1080	1090	1137	1135	1403
COMPRESSORS					
Type	Scroll	Scroll	Scroll	Scroll	Scroll
Quantity	2	2	2	2	2
Unit Capacity Steps (%)	50 / 100	50 / 100	50 / 100	50 / 100	50/100
CONDENSER COIL DATA					
Face area (Sq. Ft.)	29.0	29.0	29.0	29.0	47.5
Rows	2	2	2	2	2
Fins per inch	16	16	16	16	15
Tube diameter (in.)	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8
Circuitry Type	Split-face	Split-face	Split-face	Split-face	Split-face
Refrigerant control	TXV	TXV	TXV	TXV	TXV
EVAPORATOR COIL DATA					
Face area (Sq. Ft.)	13.2	13.2	13.2	13.2	13.2
Rows	4	4	4	4	4
Fins per inch	15	15	15	15	15
Tube diameter	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8
Circuitry Type	Split-face	Split-face	Split-face	Split-face	Split-face
Refrigerant control	TXV	TXV	TXV	TXV	TXV

Table 9: XP078-150 Physical Data (Continued)

Component	Models									
	XP078		XP090		XP102		XP120		XP150	
Nominal Tonnage	6.5		7.5		8.5		10		12.5	
CONDENSER FAN DATA										
Quantity of Fans	2		2		2		2		4	
Fan diameter (Inch)	24		24		24		24		24	
Type	Prop		Prop		Prop		Prop		Prop	
Drive Type	Direct		Direct		Direct		Direct		Direct	
Quantity of motors	2		2		2		2		4	
Motor HP each	1/3		1/3		1/3		1/3		1/3	
No. speeds	1		1		1		1		1	
RPM	850		850		850		850		850	
Nominal total CFM	6800		6800		6800		6800		14000	
BELT DRIVE EVAP FAN DATA										
Quantity	1		1		1		1		1	
Fan Size (Inch)	15 x 15		15 x 15		15 x 15		15 x 15		15 x 15	
Type	Centrifugal		Centrifugal		Centrifugal		Centrifugal		Centrifugal	
Motor Sheave	VL40	VL44	1VL40	1VM50	1VP50	1VP50	1VM50	1VM50	1VM50	1VP56
Blower Sheave	AK84	AK71	AK69	AK69	AK89	AK74	AK84	AK74	AK74	BK77
Belt	A54	A52	A52	A54	A56	A54	A56	A54	A54	BX56
Motor HP each	1-1/2	2	1-1/2	3	2	3	2	3	3	5
RPM	1725	1725	1725	1725	1725	1725	1725	1725	1725	1725
Frame size	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	184T
FILTERS										
Quantity - Size	4 - (24 x 20 x 2) ^{1,2}		4 - (24 x 20 x 2) ^{1,2}		4 - (24 x 20 x 2) ^{1,2}		4 - (24 x 20 x 2) ^{1,2}		4 - (24 x 20 x 2) ^{1,2}	
	4 - (24 x 20 x 2) ³		4 - (24 x 20 x 4) ³		4 - (24 x 20 x 4) ³		4 - (24 x 20 x 2) ³		4 - (24 x 20 x 4) ³	

- 1. 2 In. Throwaway, Standard, MERV (Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value) 3.
- 2. 2 In. Pleated, Optional, MERV 7.
- 3. 4 In. Pleated, Optional, MERV 13.

Optional Electric Heat

The factory-installed heaters are wired for single point power supply. Power supply need only be brought into the single point terminal block.

These CSA approved heaters are located within the central compartment of the unit with the heater elements extending in to the supply air chamber.

Fuses are supplied, where required, by the factory. Some kW sizes require fuses and others do not. refer to Table 10 for minimum CFM limitations and to Table 8 for electrical data.

Table 10: Electric Heat Minimum Supply Air

Size (Tons)	Model	Voltage	Minimum Supply Air (CFM)				
			Heater kW				
			9	18	24	36	54
078 (6.5)	XP	208/230-3-60	1950	1950	1950	1950	-
		460-3-60	1950	1950	1950	1950	-
		600-3-60	1950	1950	1950	1950	-
090 (7.5)	XP	208/230-3-60	2250	2250	2250	2250	-
		460-3-60	2250	2250	2250	2250	-
		600-3-60	2250	2250	2250	2250	-
102 (8.5)	XP	208/230-3-60	2550	2550	2550	2550	-
		460-3-60	2550	2550	2550	2550	-
		600-3-60	2550	2550	2550	2550	-
120 (10)	XP	208/230-3-60	-	3000	3000	3000	3500
		460-3-60	-	3000	3000	3000	3000
		600-3-60	-	3000	3000	3000	3500
150 (12.5)	XP	208/230-3-60	-	3750	3750	3750	4000
		460-3-60	-	3750	3750	3750	3750
		600-3-60	-	3750	3750	3750	3750

Options/Accessories

Electric Heat

Electric heaters are available as factory-installed options or field-installed accessories. Refer to electric heat instructions for installation. These heaters mount in the heat compartment with the heating elements extending into the supply air chamber. All electric heaters are fused and intended for use with single point power supply.

Motorized Outdoor Damper

The Motorized Outdoor Damper can be a factory installed option or a field installed accessory. If factory installed, refer to the instructions included with the outdoor air hood to complete the assembly. Field installed Motorized Outdoor Damper accessories include complete instructions for installation.

Economizer

The Economizer can be a factory installed option or a field installed accessory. If factory installed, refer to the instructions included with the outdoor air hood to complete the assembly. Field installed Economizer accessories include complete instructions for installation.

There are two Economizer options:

1. Down Flow, End Return Horizontal applications which include Fresh Air Hood, Exhaust Hood with Barometric Relief.
2. Horizontal Flow application (Field Installed Kit Only) that requires the purchase of a barometric relief hood.

NOTE: With the Down Flow, End Return Horizontal application it is required to save the two Side Panels for the economizer hood tops (See Figure 19).

Power Exhaust

The Power Exhaust can be a factory installed option or a field installed accessory. If factory installed, refer to the instructions included with the outdoor air hood to complete the assembly. Field installed Power Exhaust accessories include complete instructions for installation.

The Power Exhaust factory installed option is for Down Flow application only.

There are two field installed Power Exhaust accessories:

1. Down Flow application.
2. Horizontal Flow application that requires the purchase of a barometric relief hood.

Rain Hood

All of the hood components, including the filters, the gasketing and the hardware for assembling, are packaged and located between the condenser coil section and the main unit cabinet, if the unit has factory installed options. If field installed accessories are being installed all parts necessary for the installation comes in the accessory.

Economizer Sequences

Several functions can drive the economizer, including: minimum position, free cooling, economizer loading, and minimum outdoor air supply.

Economizer Minimum Position

The economizer minimum position is set during occupied mode when outside air is not suitable for free cooling. The position of the damper is set proportionally between the "Economizer Minimum Position and the Economizer Minimum Position Low Speed Fan" set points, in relationship to the VFD output percentage. On a constant volume single speed supply fan system both set-points should be set to the same value.

Free Cooling

Four types of free cooling options are available: dry bulb changeover, single enthalpy, dual enthalpy changeover, and Auto.

Dry Bulb Changeover

For dry bulb economizer operation, the outside air is suitable for free cooling if the outside air temperature is 1°F below the Economizer OAT Enable Setpoint **and** 1°F below the Return Air Temperature.

Free cooling is no longer available if the outside air temperature rises above **either** the Economizer OAT Enable setpoint **or** the return air temperature.

Single Enthalpy Changeover

For single enthalpy economizer operation, the outside air is suitable for free cooling if the outside air enthalpy is at least 1 BTU/lb below the Economizer Outside Air Enthalpy Setpoint **and** the outside air temperature is no greater than the RAT plus 9°F.

If the outside air temperature rises above the RAT plus 10°F, free cooling is no longer available. The outside air temperature must drop to no greater than RAT plus 9°F to enter free cooling again.

Free cooling is no longer available if the outside air enthalpy rises above the Economizer Outside Air Enthalpy Setpoint.

Dual Enthalpy Changeover

For dual enthalpy economizer operation, the outside air enthalpy must be lower than the return air enthalpy by 1 btu/lb **AND** the outside air temperature is no greater than the RAT plus 9°F.

Auto

The control determines the type of free cooling changeover based on which sensors are present and reliable. Conditions include:

- Return and outside air dry bulb = dry bulb changeover

- Return and outside air dry bulb and outside air humidity = single enthalpy
- Return and outside air dry bulb and return and outside air humidity = dual enthalpy
- If either the return or outside air dry bulb sensors are unreliable, free cooling is not available

Free Cooling Operation

When the control determines that the outside air is suitable, the first stage of cooling will always be free cooling.

Thermostat

In free cooling, with a thermostat input to Y1, the dampers modulate to control the supply air temperature to the Economizer Setpoint +/- 1°F (default 55°F).

If the thermostat provides an input to Y2 **and** the parameter Compressors Off in Free Cooling is turned OFF a compressor output energizes. The economizer dampers continue to modulate to control the supply air temperature to the Economizer Setpoint.

If the supply air temperature cannot be maintained within 5°F of the economizer setpoint, the first stage compressor (C1) will be turned on. Second stage compressor (C2) will be added as needed to keep the supply air temperature within the 5°F of the economizer setpoint.

Sensor

In free cooling, with a demand from the zone/return sensor for the first stage of cooling, the dampers modulate to control the supply air temperature to the Economizer Setpoint +/- 1°F.

If the economizer output is at 100% **and** the SAT is greater than the Economizer setpoint + 1°F, the control starts a 12-minute timer to energize a compressor output.

If at any time the economizer output drops below 100% the timer stops and resets when the economizer output returns to 100%.

Once a compressor output is turned ON, the economizer dampers continue to modulate to control the supply air temperature to the Economizer Setpoint.

At no time will a compressor output be turned ON if the economizer output is less than 100%, even if the differential between zone (or return) temperature and the current cooling setpoint is great enough to demand more than one stage of cooling.

If the economizer output goes to minimum position **and** the SAT is less than Economizer Setpoint -1°F, the control starts a 12-minute timer to de-energize a compressor output.

If at any time the economizer output goes above the minimum position the timer stops and resets when the economizer output returns to minimum position.

If the demand for cooling from the space/return is satisfied, the economizer output will modulate to minimum position and the compressor outputs will be de-energized as long as their minimum run timers have expired.

Power Exhaust

Setpoints

a. Economizer Enable	ON
b. Power Exhaust Enable	ON
c. Modulating Power Exhaust	OFF
d. Exhaust VFD Installed	OFF
e. Building Pressure Sensor Enabled	OFF
f. Econo Damper Position For Exh Fan	ON Percent
g. Econo Damper Position For Exh Fan	OFF Percent

Inputs

No inputs are present for non-modulating power exhaust.

Outputs

- 2-10 VDC from ECON on Economizer Expansion module
- 24 VAC from EX-FAN to energize exhaust fan on Economizer Expansion module

Operation

Operation details include:

- Compares economizer output to the Economizer Damper Position For Exhaust Fan On and OFF.
- Energizes exhaust fan when economizer output is above Economizer Damper Position For Exhaust Fan On.
- De-energizes exhaust fan when economizer output is below the Economizer Damper Position for Exhaust Fan OFF

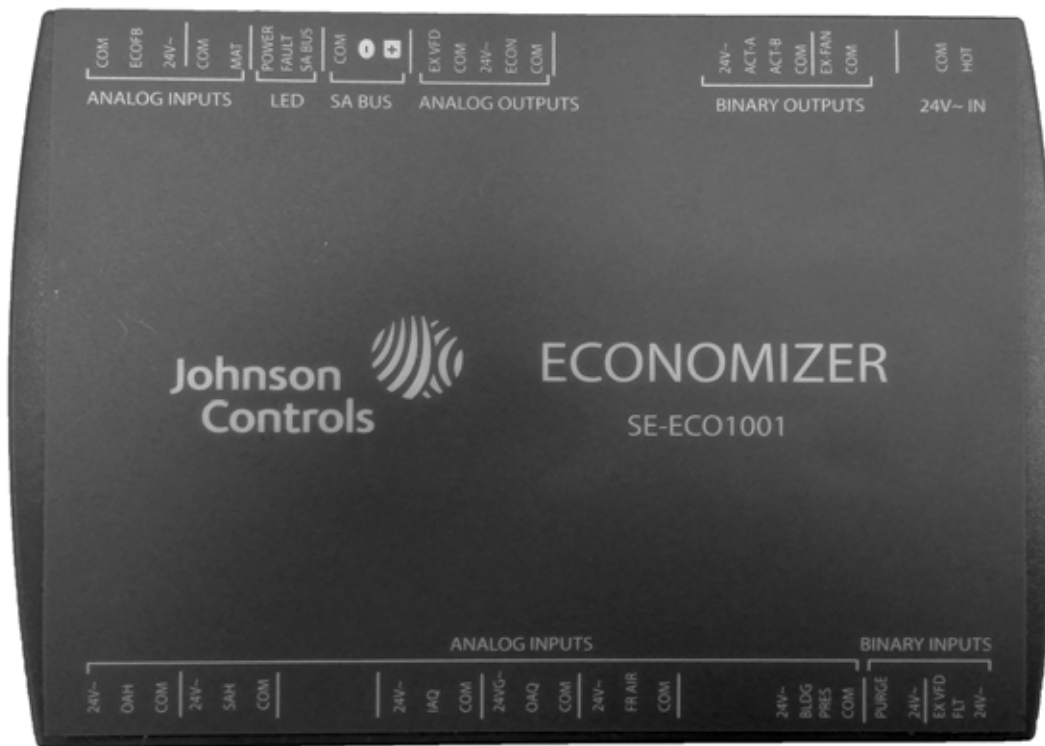


Figure 25: SE-ECO1001-0 Economizer Controller

Table 11: Simplicity SE Economizer Board Details

Board Label	Cover Label	Description	Function & Comments
Directional orientation: viewed with the center text of the cover label upright			
ANALOG INPUTS Terminal at left on upper edge of economizer board			
C	COM	24 VAC common/0-10 VDC negative for economizer actuator position feedback	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin COM
IN2	ECOFB	0-10 VDC positive input from Economizer actuator position Feedback	EconDampPos parameter reports input status (0-100%). Used to meet Cali. Title 24 requirements for economizer actuator position feedback
R	24V~	24 VAC hot supplied for economizer actuator position feedback	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin HOT
C	COM	Mixed Air Temperature sensor input from 10KΩ @ 77°F, Type III negative temperature coefficient thermistor	MAT parameter reports input status (°F/°C), 3.65 VDC reading MAT (+) to COM (-) with open circuit. Read-only use in current control revision.
IN1	MAT		
LEDs at left on upper edge of economizer board			
POWER	POWER	Green UCB power indicator	Lit indicates 24 VAC is present at 24V~ IN COM and HOT pins
FAULT	FAULT	Red networking error and firmware error indicator	1/10th second on/off flashing indicates a networking error (polarity, addressing, etc.) or a firmware error (likely correctable with re-loading from USB flash drive)
SA BUS	SA BUS	Green UCB SA bus communication transmission indicator	Lit/flickering indicates UCB-to-economizer board SA bus communication is currently active, off indicates the economizer board is awaiting SA bus communication
SA BUS Pin connections at left on upper edge of economizer board			
C	COM	Common for SA BUS power and communication circuits	EconCtrlr parameter reports UCB-to-economizer board SA bus communication status. Negative of the SA BUS communication circuit to the UCB. Through the unit wiring harness, may continue on to the 4-stage board and/or fault detection & diagnostics board

Table 11: Simplicity SE Economizer Board Details (Continued)

Board Label	Cover Label	Description	Function & Comments
-	-	Communication for SA BUS devices	EconCtrlr parameter reports UCB-to-economizer board SA BUS communication status. Positive of the VDC (typically, a fluctuating 1.5 to 3.5 volts reading to C; at least 0.25 volts lower than +) SA BUS communication circuit to the UCB. Through the unit wiring harness, may continue on to the 4-stage board and/or fault detection & diagnostics board
+	+	Communication for SA BUS devices	EconCtrlr parameter reports UCB-to-economizer board SA BUS communication status. Positive of the VDC (typically, a fluctuating 1.5 to 3.5 volts reading to C; at least 0.25 volts higher than -) SA BUS communication circuit to the UCB. Through the unit wiring harness, may continue on to the 4-stage board and/or fault detection & diagnostics board
ANALOG OUTPUTS Pin at center on upper edge of economizer board			
J4	EX VFD	2-10 VDC positive output for the modulating power Exhaust fan Variable Frequency Drive/ discharge damper modulating power exhaust actuator	ExFanVFD parameter reports output status (0-100%) when ExFType selection is Variable Frequency Fan; EAD-O parameter reports output status (0-100%) when ExFType selection is Modulating Damper. Used to ramp the power exhaust fan VFD/ position the discharge damper actuator.
	COM	24 VAC common/0-10 VDC negative for the power exhaust variable frequency drive/ discharge damper modulating power exhaust actuator	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin COM
	24V~	24 VAC hot supplied for the discharge damper modulating power exhaust actuator and economizer actuator	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin HOT
	ECON	2-10 VDC output for the Economizer actuator	Econ parameter reports output status (0-100%). Used to position the economizer actuator for minimum position, free cooling, demand ventilation, cooling economizer loading and purge functions
	COM	24 VAC common/0-10 VDC negative for economizer actuator	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin COM
BINARY OUTPUTS Pin at right on upper edge of economizer board			
J3	24V~	24 VAC hot supplied for an incremental (floating control) economizer actuator	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin HOT
	ACT-A	24 VAC hot outputs to position an incremental (floating control) economizer actuator	Unused in current control revision
	ACT-B	24 VAC return	Unused in current control revision
	COM	24 VAC common for an incremental (floating control) economizer actuator	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin COM
	EX-FAN	24 VAC hot output to energize power exhaust fan contactor coil/VFD enable relay coil	ExFan parameter reports output status (Off-On) when ExFType selection is Non-Modulating, Modulating Damper or Variable Frequency Fan. Used to turn on/enable the power exhaust fan motor.
	COM	24 VAC common/0-10 VDC negative for economizer actuator	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin COM
24V~ IN Pin connections at right on upper edge of economizer board			
C	COM	24 VAC transformer Common referenced to cabinet ground	24 VAC common connection to power the economizer board. Connects through circuit traces to C/COM terminals and pins distributed on the economizer board.

Table 11: Simplicity SE Economizer Board Details (Continued)

Board Label	Cover Label	Description	Function & Comments
R	HOT	24 VAC transformer HOT	24 VAC hot connection to power the economizer board. Connects through circuit traces to R/24V~ terminals and pins distributed on the economizer board.
ANALOG INPUTS Terminal on lower edge of economizer board			
R	24V~	24 VAC hot supplied for the outdoor air humidity sensor	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin HOT
IN3	OAH	0-10 VDC positive input from the Outdoor Air Humidity sensor	OAH parameter reports input status (0-100%H). Used in outdoor air enthalpy calculation for dual enthalpy economizer free cooling changeover.
C	COM	24 VAC common/0-10 VDC negative for the outdoor air humidity sensor	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin COM
R	24V~	24 VAC hot supplied for the supply air humidity sensor	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin HOT
IN4	SAH	0-10 VDC positive input from the Supply Air Humidity sensor	SAH parameter reports input status (0-100%H). Unused in current control revision.
C	COM	24 VAC common/0-10 VDC negative for the supply air humidity sensor	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin COM
R	24V~	24 VAC hot supplied for the indoor air quality sensor	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin HOT
IN5	IAQ	0-10 VDC positive input from the Indoor Air Quality sensor	IAQRange parameter sets the CO2 parts per million measured by the indoor air quality sensor when it outputs 10 VDC; IAQ parameter reports input status (0-5000ppm). Used for demand ventilation functions if the NetIAQ parameter indicates ?Unrel.
C	COM	24 VAC common/0-10 VDC negative for the indoor air quality sensor	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin COM
R	24V~	24 VAC hot supplied for the outdoor air quality sensor	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin HOT
IN6	OAQ	0-10 VDC positive input from the Outdoor Air Quality sensor	OAQRange parameter sets the CO2 parts per million measured by the outdoor air quality sensor when it outputs 10 VDC; OAQ parameter reports input status (0-5000ppm). Used for demand ventilation function when DVent-Mode selection is Diff between IAQ and OAQ and the NetOAQ parameter indicates ?Unrel.
C	COM	24 VAC common/0-10 VDC negative for the outdoor air quality sensor	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin COM
R	24V~	24 VAC hot supplied for the air monitoring station sensor	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin HOT
IN7	FR AIR	0-10 VDC positive input from the air monitoring station sensor	MOA-Range parameter sets the cubic feet per minute/liters per second measured by the air monitoring station sensor when it outputs 10 VDC; Fr Air parameter reports input status (0-50000CFM/23595lps). Used for economizer minimum position reset in speed-controlled indoor blower applications.
C	COM	24 VAC common/0-10 VDC negative for the air monitoring station sensor	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin COM
R	24V~	24 VAC hot supplied for the building pressure sensor	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin HOT
IN8	BLDG PRES	0-5 VDC positive input from the Building Pressure sensor	BldgPres parameter reports input status (-.250-.250"/w/-.062-.062kPa). Used for modulating power exhaust functions when ExFType selection is Modulating Damper or Variable Frequency Fan.

Table 11: Simplicity SE Economizer Board Details (Continued)

Board Label	Cover Label	Description	Function & Comments
C	COM	24 VAC common/0-5 VDC negative for the building pressure sensor	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin COM
BINARY INPUTS at right on lower edge of economizer board			
IN9	PURGE	24 VAC hot input from the PURGE dry contact	Purge parameter reports input status (False with 0 VAC input-True with 24 VAC input). When Purge status is True, heating and cooling operation is prevented, the indoor blower and power exhaust fan operate, the economizer actuator is positioned to 100%.
	24V~	24 VAC hot supplied for the purge dry contact	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin HOT
IN10	EX VFD FLT	24 VAC hot input from the power Exhaust Variable Frequency Drive Fault contact	ExFanVFDFlt parameter reports input status (Normal with 0 VAC input-Alarm with 24 VAC input) when ExFType selection is Variable Frequency Fan. When ExFanVFDFlt status is Alarm, EX-FAN fan output is prevented.
	24V~	24 VAC hot supplied for the power exhaust variable frequency drive fault contact	Connects through circuit trace to 24V~ IN pin HOT

Indoor Air Quality - IAQ

Indoor Air Quality (indoor sensor input): The Indoor Air Quality sensor is connected to the economizer board through the IAQ analog input terminal and the associated COM and 24V~ inputs on the economizer board. Terminal IAQ accepts a 0 to +10 Vdc signal with respect to the (IAQ) terminal. When the signal is below its set point, the actuator is allowed to modulate normally in accordance with the enthalpy and mixed air sensor inputs. When the IAQ signal exceeds its set point setting, and there is no call for free cooling, the actuator is proportionately modulated from the 0 to 10 Vdc signal, with 0 Vdc corresponding to full closed and 10 Vdc corresponding to full open. When there is no call for free cooling, the damper position is limited by the IAQ Max damper position setting. When the signal exceeds its set point (Demand Control Ventilation Set Point) setting and there is a call for free cooling, the actuator modulates from the minimum position to the full open position based on the highest call from either the mixed air sensor input or the IAQ voltage input.

- Optional CO2 Space Sensor Kit Part #2AQ04700524
- Optional CO2 Sensor Kit Part #2AQ04700624

Phasing

Predator® units are properly phased at the factory. Check for proper compressor rotation. If the blower or compressors rotate in the wrong direction at start-up, the electrical connection to the unit is misphased. Change the phasing of the **Field Line**

Connection at the factory or field supplied disconnect to obtain proper rotation. (Scroll compressors operate in only one direction. If the scroll is drawing low amperage, has similar suction and discharge pressures, or producing a high noise level, the scroll is misphased.)

⚠ CAUTION

Scroll compressors require proper rotation to operate correctly. Units are properly phased at the factory. Do not change the internal wiring to make the blower condenser fans, or compressor rotate correctly.

Blower Rotation

Check for proper supply air blower rotation. If the blower is rotating backwards, the line voltage at the unit point of power connection is misphased (See 'PHASING').

Table 12: Supply Air Limitations

Unit Size (Ton)	Minimum	Maximum
078 (6.5)	1950	3250
090 (7.5)	2250	3750
102 (8.5)	2550	4250
120 (10)	3000	5000
150 (12.5)	3750	6250

Belt Tension

The tension on the belt should be adjusted as shown in Figure 26.

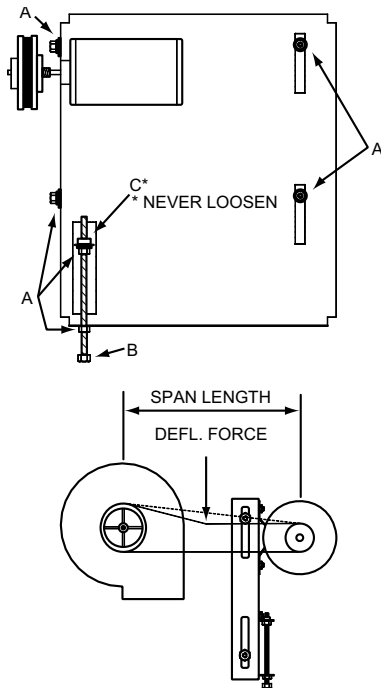


Figure 26: Belt Adjustment

CAUTION

Procedure for adjusting belt tension:

1. Loosen six nuts (top and bottom) A.
2. Adjust by turning (B).
3. Never loosen nuts (C).
4. Use belt tension checker to apply a perpendicular force to one belt at the midpoint of the span as shown. Deflection distance of 4mm (5/32") is obtained.

To determine the deflection distance from normal position, use a straight edge from sheave to sheave as reference line. The recommended deflection force is as follows:

Tension new belts at the max. deflection force recommended for the belt section. Check the belt tension at least two times during the first 24 hours of operation. Any retensioning should fall between the min. and max. deflection force values.

5. After adjusting re-tighten nuts (A).

CFM Static Pressure and Power-Altitude and Temperature Corrections

The information below should be used to assist in application of product when being applied at altitudes at or exceeding 1000 feet above sea level.

The air flow rates listed in the standard blower performance tables are based on standard air at sea level. As the altitude or temperature increases, the density of air decreases. In order to use the indoor blower tables for high altitude applications, certain corrections are necessary.

A centrifugal fan is a "constant volume" device. This means that, if the rpm remains constant, the CFM delivered is the same regardless of the density of the air. However, since the air at high altitude is less dense, less static pressure will be generated and less power will be required than a similar application at sea level. Air density correction factors are shown in Table 13 and Figure 28.

Table 13: Altitude/Temperature Correction Factors

Air Temp.	Altitude (Ft.)										
	0	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000	6000	7000	8000	9000	10000
40	1.060	1.022	0.986	0.950	0.916	0.882	0.849	0.818	0.788	0.758	0.729
50	1.039	1.002	0.966	0.931	0.898	0.864	0.832	0.802	0.772	0.743	0.715
60	1.019	0.982	0.948	0.913	0.880	0.848	0.816	0.787	0.757	0.729	0.701
70	1.000	0.964	0.930	0.896	0.864	0.832	0.801	0.772	0.743	0.715	0.688
80	0.982	0.947	0.913	0.880	0.848	0.817	0.787	0.758	0.730	0.702	0.676
90	0.964	0.929	0.897	0.864	0.833	0.802	0.772	0.744	0.716	0.689	0.663
100	0.946	0.912	0.880	0.848	0.817	0.787	0.758	0.730	0.703	0.676	0.651

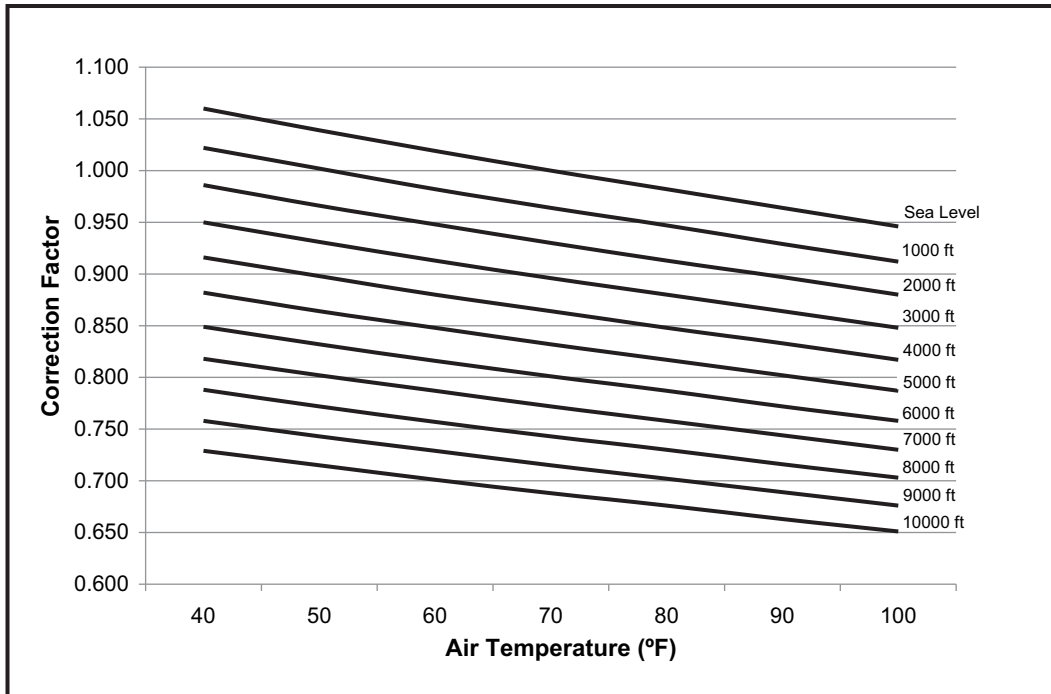


Figure 27: Altitude/Temperature Correction Factors

The examples below will assist in determining the airflow performance of the product at altitude.

Example 1: What are the corrected CFM, static pressure, and BHP at an elevation of 5,000 ft. if the blower performance data is 6,000 CFM, 1.5 IWC and 4.0 BHP?

Solution: At an elevation of 5,000 ft. the indoor blower will still deliver 6,000 CFM if the rpm is unchanged. However, Table 12 must be used to determine the static pressure and BHP. Since no temperature data is given, we will assume an air temperature of 70°F. Table 14 shows the correction factor to be 0.832.

Corrected static pressure = 1.5 x 0.832 = 1.248 IWC

Corrected BHP = 4.0 x 0.832 = 3.328

Example 2: A system, located at 5,000 feet of elevation, is to deliver 6,000 CFM at a static pressure of 1.5". Use the unit

blower tables to select the blower speed and the BHP requirement.

Solution: As in the example above, no temperature information is given so 70°F is assumed.

The 1.5" static pressure given is at an elevation of 5,000 ft. The first step is to convert this static pressure to equivalent sea level conditions.

Sea level static pressure = 1.5 / .832 = 1.80"

Enter the blower table at 6000 sCFM and static pressure of 1.8". The rpm listed will be the same rpm needed at 5,000 ft.

Suppose that the corresponding BHP listed in the table is 3.2. This value must be corrected for elevation.

BHP at 5,000 ft. = 3.2 x .832 = 2.66

Drive Selection

1. Determine side or bottom supply duct Application.
2. Determine desired airflow.
3. Calculate or measure the amount of external static pressure.
4. Using the operating point determined from steps 1, 2 & 3, locate this point on the appropriate supply air blower performance table. (Linear interpolation may be necessary.)
5. Noting the RPM and BHP from step 4, locate the appropriate motor and, or drive on the RPM selection table.
6. Review the BHP compared to the motor options available. Select the appropriate motor and, or drive.
7. Review the RPM range for the motor options available. Select the appropriate drive if multiple drives are available for the chosen motor.
8. Determine turns open to obtain the desired operation point.

Example

1. 2600 CFM
2. 1.6 iwg
3. Using the supply air blower performance table below, the following data point was located: 1268 RPM & 1.95 BHP.
4. Using the RPM selection table below, Size X and Model Y is found.
5. 1.95 BHP exceeds the maximum continuous BHP rating of the 1.5 HP motor. The 2 HP motor is required.
6. 1268 RPM is within the range of the 2 HP drives.
7. Using the 2 HP motor and drive, .5 turns open will achieve 1268 RPM.

Example Supply Air Blower Performance

Air Flow (CFM)	Available External Static Pressure - IWG																			
	0.2		0.4		0.6		0.8		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.0	
	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
	1.5 HP & Field Supplied Drive						Standard 1.5 HP & Drive						Alternate 2 HP & Drive							
2200	804	0.50	866	0.71	925	0.90	982	1.06	1038	1.21	1092	1.35	1147	1.48	1203	1.61	1259	1.73	1317	1.87
2400	835	0.66	897	0.87	956	1.06	1013	1.22	1069	1.37	1124	1.51	1178	1.64	1234	1.77	1290	1.90	1348	2.03
2600	869	0.84	931	1.05	990	1.24	1047	1.40	1103	1.55	1158	1.69	1212	1.82	1268	1.95	1324	2.07	1382	2.21
2800	906	1.03	968	1.25	1027	1.43	1084	1.60	1139	1.75	1194	1.89	1249	2.02	1304	2.14	1361	2.27	-	-

Table X: RPM Selection

Size (Tons)	Model	HP	Max BHP	Motor Sheave	Blower Sheave	6 Turns Open	5 Turns Open	4 Turns Open	3 Turns Open	2 Turns Open	1 Turn Open	Fully Closed
X	Y	1.5	1.73	1VM50	AK74	N/A	897	945	991	1035	1079	1126
		2	2.30	1VM50	AK64	N/A	1039	1094	1150	1207	1256	1308

Airflow Performance

Table 14: Airflow Performance - Side Duct Application
XP078 (6.5 Ton) Side Duct

Air Flow (CFM)	Available External Static Pressure - IWG ¹																			
	0.2		0.4		0.6		0.8		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.0	
	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
	FS ⁴				Standard 1.5 HP & Drive						Hi Static 2 HP & Drive									
1800	441	0.44	552	0.54	639	0.63	719	0.72	785	0.81	859	0.99	920	1.16	966	1.25	1018	1.35	1066	1.43
2000	470	0.48	571	0.59	654	0.69	730	0.79	795	0.89	870	1.09	932	1.25	978	1.35	1030	1.44	1078	1.53
2200	500	0.54	591	0.66	669	0.76	743	0.87	806	0.97	882	1.18	944	1.35	990	1.44	1042	1.54	1090	1.62
2400	529	0.60	612	0.73	686	0.85	756	0.96	819	1.07	894	1.29	956	1.45	1002	1.55	1054	1.64	1102	1.73
2600	558	0.68	635	0.82	705	0.94	771	1.05	832	1.17	906	1.40	968	1.56	1014	1.66	1066	1.75	1114	1.84
2800	587	0.78	658	0.92	725	1.04	788	1.16	847	1.29	918	1.51	980	1.68	1026	1.77	1078	1.87	1126	1.95
3000	616	0.88	683	1.02	746	1.15	806	1.28	863	1.41	931	1.63	992	1.80	1038	1.89	1090	1.99	1138	2.07
3200	645	1.00	710	1.14	768	1.27	825	1.41	879	1.55	943	1.76	1005	1.92	1051	2.02	1103	2.12	1151	2.20
3400	674	1.14	737	1.27	792	1.40	846	1.55	897	1.70	956	1.89	1018	2.06	1064	2.15	1116	2.25	-	-
	FS ⁴																			

1. Blower performance includes gas heat exchangers and 2" filters. See STATIC RESISTANCE table for additional applications.
2. See RPM SELECTION table to determine desired motor sheave setting and to determine the maximum continuous BHP.
3. kW = BHP x .932.
4. Field Supplied Drive.

XP090 (7.5 Ton) Side Duct

Air Flow (CFM)	Available External Static Pressure - IWG ¹																			
	0.2		0.4		0.6		0.8		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.0	
	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
	FS ⁴				Standard 1.5 HP & Drive						Hi Static 3 HP & Drive									
2000	-	-	656	0.24	711	0.48	768	0.73	826	0.96	886	1.19	945	1.41	1003	1.61	1058	1.79	1110	1.95
2200	619	0.07	670	0.32	724	0.57	781	0.81	840	1.04	899	1.27	959	1.49	1016	1.69	1072	1.87	1124	2.04
2400	631	0.16	682	0.41	736	0.66	793	0.90	852	1.14	911	1.36	970	1.58	1028	1.78	1084	1.97	1136	2.13
2600	642	0.27	692	0.52	747	0.76	804	1.01	862	1.24	922	1.47	981	1.69	1039	1.89	1094	2.07	1146	2.24
2800	652	0.39	703	0.64	757	0.88	814	1.13	873	1.36	932	1.59	992	1.81	1049	2.01	1105	2.19	1157	2.36
3000	663	0.53	714	0.77	768	1.02	825	1.26	884	1.50	943	1.73	1003	1.94	1060	2.14	1116	2.33	1168	2.49
3200	675	0.68	726	0.92	780	1.17	837	1.41	896	1.65	955	1.88	1014	2.09	1072	2.29	1128	2.48	1180	2.64
3400	688	0.84	739	1.09	793	1.34	850	1.58	909	1.82	968	2.04	1027	2.26	1085	2.46	1141	2.65	1193	2.81
3600	703	1.03	753	1.28	807	1.52	864	1.76	923	2.00	983	2.23	1042	2.44	1100	2.64	1155	2.83	-	-
3800	718	1.23	769	1.47	823	1.72	880	1.96	939	2.20	998	2.43	1058	2.64	1115	2.84	1171	3.03	-	-

1. Blower performance includes gas heat exchangers and 2" filters. See STATIC RESISTANCE table for additional applications.
2. See RPM SELECTION table to determine desired motor sheave setting and to determine the maximum continuous BHP.
3. kW = BHP x 0.932.
4. Field Supplied Drive.

XP102 (8.5 Ton) Side Duct

Air Flow (CFM)	Available External Static Pressure - IWG ¹																			
	0.2		0.4		0.6		0.8		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.0	
	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
	2 HP & Field Supplied Drive				Standard 2 HP & Drive						Hi Static 3 HP & Drive									
2200	632	0.23	684	0.44	734	0.65	783	0.84	830	1.03	876	1.21	921	1.39	966	1.56	1009	1.74	1051	1.91
2400	639	0.32	691	0.53	741	0.74	790	0.93	837	1.12	883	1.30	928	1.48	972	1.65	1015	1.83	1058	2.00
2600	646	0.41	698	0.62	748	0.82	797	1.02	844	1.21	890	1.39	936	1.57	980	1.74	1023	1.92	1065	2.09
2800	654	0.50	706	0.71	756	0.92	805	1.11	852	1.30	898	1.48	943	1.66	987	1.83	1031	2.01	1073	2.18
3000	663	0.60	714	0.81	765	1.02	813	1.21	861	1.40	907	1.58	952	1.76	996	1.93	1039	2.11	1082	2.28
3200	673	0.71	724	0.93	774	1.13	823	1.32	871	1.51	917	1.69	962	1.87	1006	2.05	1049	2.22	1091	2.39
3400	684	0.84	735	1.05	785	1.25	834	1.45	882	1.63	928	1.82	973	2.00	1017	2.17	1060	2.34	1102	2.52
3600	696	0.98	747	1.19	798	1.39	846	1.59	894	1.78	940	1.96	985	2.14	1029	2.31	1072	2.48	1115	2.66
3800	709	1.14	761	1.35	811	1.55	860	1.75	907	1.93	953	2.12	999	2.29	1043	2.47	1086	2.64	1128	2.81
4000	724	1.31	776	1.52	826	1.72	874	1.92	922	2.11	968	2.29	1013	2.47	1057	2.64	1100	2.82	1143	2.99
4200	740	1.50	792	1.71	842	1.92	890	2.11	938	2.30	984	2.48	1029	2.66	1073	2.83	1116	3.01	1159	3.18
	3 HP & Field Supplied Drive																			

1. Blower performance includes 2" filters. See STATIC RESISTANCE table for additional applications.
2. See RPM SELECTION table to determine desired motor sheave setting and to determine the maximum continuous BHP.
3. kW = BHP x 0.932.

XP120 (10 Ton) Side Duct

Air Flow (CFM)	Available External Static Pressure - IWG ¹																			
	0.2		0.4		0.6		0.8		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.0	
	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
	2 HP & Field Supplied Drive						Standard 2 HP & Drive						Hi Static 3 HP & Drive							
2600	646	0.41	698	0.62	748	0.82	797	1.02	844	1.21	890	1.39	936	1.57	980	1.74	1023	1.92	1065	2.09
2800	654	0.50	706	0.71	756	0.92	805	1.11	852	1.30	898	1.48	943	1.66	987	1.83	1031	2.01	1073	2.18
3000	663	0.60	714	0.81	765	1.02	813	1.21	861	1.40	907	1.58	952	1.76	996	1.93	1039	2.11	1082	2.28
3200	673	0.71	724	0.93	774	1.13	823	1.32	871	1.51	917	1.69	962	1.87	1006	2.05	1049	2.22	1091	2.39
3400	684	0.84	735	1.05	785	1.25	834	1.45	882	1.63	928	1.82	973	2.00	1017	2.17	1060	2.34	1102	2.52
3600	696	0.98	747	1.19	798	1.39	846	1.59	894	1.78	940	1.96	985	2.14	1029	2.31	1072	2.48	1115	2.66
3800	709	1.14	761	1.35	811	1.55	860	1.75	907	1.93	953	2.12	999	2.29	1043	2.47	1086	2.64	1128	2.81
4000	724	1.31	776	1.52	826	1.72	874	1.92	922	2.11	968	2.29	1013	2.47	1057	2.64	1100	2.82	1143	2.99
4200	740	1.50	792	1.71	842	1.92	890	2.11	938	2.30	984	2.48	1029	2.66	1073	2.83	1116	3.01	1159	3.18
4400	757	1.71	809	1.92	859	2.13	908	2.32	955	2.51	1001	2.69	1046	2.87	1091	3.04	1134	3.22	1176	3.39
4600	776	1.94	827	2.15	877	2.35	926	2.55	974	2.74	1020	2.92	1065	3.10	1109	3.27	1152	3.45	-	-
4800	795	2.19	847	2.40	897	2.60	946	2.79	993	2.98	1040	3.16	1085	3.34	-	-	-	-	-	-
5000	816	2.45	868	2.66	918	2.86	967	3.06	1014	3.25	1061	3.43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
													3 HP & Field Supplied Drive							

1. Blower performance includes 2" filters. See STATIC RESISTANCE table for additional applications.
2. See RPM SELECTION table to determine desired motor sheave setting and to determine the maximum continuous BHP.
3. kW = BHP x 0.932.

XP150 (12.5 Ton) Side Duct

Air Flow (CFM)	Available External Static Pressure - IWG ¹																			
	0.2		0.4		0.6		0.8		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.0	
	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
	3 HP & Field Supplied Drive						Standard 3 HP & Drive						Hi Static 5 HP & Drive							
3200	673	0.71	724	0.93	774	1.13	823	1.32	871	1.51	917	1.69	962	1.87	1006	2.05	1049	2.22	1091	2.39
3400	684	0.84	735	1.05	785	1.25	834	1.45	882	1.63	928	1.82	973	2.00	1017	2.17	1060	2.34	1102	2.52
3600	696	0.98	747	1.19	798	1.39	846	1.59	894	1.78	940	1.96	985	2.14	1029	2.31	1072	2.48	1115	2.66
3800	709	1.14	761	1.35	811	1.55	860	1.75	907	1.93	953	2.12	999	2.29	1043	2.47	1086	2.64	1128	2.81
4000	724	1.31	776	1.52	826	1.72	874	1.92	922	2.11	968	2.29	1013	2.47	1057	2.64	1100	2.82	1143	2.99
4200	740	1.50	792	1.71	842	1.92	890	2.11	938	2.30	984	2.48	1029	2.66	1073	2.83	1116	3.01	1159	3.18
4400	757	1.71	809	1.92	859	2.13	908	2.32	955	2.51	1001	2.69	1046	2.87	1091	3.04	1134	3.22	1176	3.39
4600	776	1.94	827	2.15	877	2.35	926	2.55	974	2.74	1020	2.92	1065	3.10	1109	3.27	1152	3.45	1194	3.62
4800	795	2.19	847	2.40	897	2.60	946	2.79	993	2.98	1040	3.16	1085	3.34	1129	3.52	1172	3.69	1214	3.86
5000	816	2.45	868	2.66	918	2.86	967	3.06	1014	3.25	1061	3.43	1106	3.61	1150	3.78	1193	3.95	1235	4.13
5200	839	2.73	890	2.94	940	3.14	989	3.34	1037	3.53	1083	3.71	1128	3.89	1172	4.06	1215	4.23	1257	4.41
5400	862	3.03	914	3.24	964	3.44	1012	3.64	1060	3.82	1106	4.01	1151	4.18	1195	4.36	1238	4.53	1281	4.70
5600	886	3.34	938	3.55	988	3.76	1037	3.95	1084	4.14	1131	4.32	1176	4.50	1220	4.67	1263	4.85	1305	5.02
5800	912	3.67	964	3.89	1014	4.09	1063	4.28	1110	4.47	1156	4.65	1201	4.83	1246	5.01	1289	5.18	1331	5.35
6000	939	4.02	990	4.23	1041	4.44	1089	4.63	1137	4.82	1183	5.00	1228	5.18	1272	5.35	1315	5.53	1358	5.70
6200	967	4.39	1018	4.60	1068	4.80	1117	4.99	1165	5.18	1211	5.36	1256	5.54	1300	5.72	-	-	-	-
													5 HP & Field Supplied Drive							

1. Blower performance includes 2" filters. See STATIC RESISTANCE table for additional applications.
2. See RPM SELECTION table to determine desired motor sheave setting and to determine the maximum continuous BHP.
3. kW = BHP x 0.932.

Table 15: Airflow Performance - Bottom Duct Application
XP078 (6.5 Ton) Bottom Duct

Air Flow (CFM)	Available External Static Pressure - IWG ¹																			
	0.2		0.4		0.6		0.8		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.0	
	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
	FS ⁴				Standard 1.5 HP & Drive				Hi Static 2 HP & Drive											
1800	445	0.63	559	0.66	648	0.69	730	0.72	799	0.75	875	0.89	937	0.99	984	1.05	1038	1.08	1086	1.11
2000	486	0.71	589	0.76	674	0.79	753	0.83	820	0.87	898	1.02	960	1.13	1007	1.18	1061	1.21	1109	1.25
2200	530	0.84	624	0.90	705	0.94	781	0.99	846	1.03	924	1.19	988	1.31	1034	1.35	1088	1.39	1137	1.42
2400	567	0.91	653	0.98	729	1.04	801	1.09	867	1.14	944	1.31	1007	1.41	1055	1.47	1108	1.50	1156	1.54
2600	605	1.02	685	1.10	758	1.16	826	1.21	889	1.27	965	1.45	1028	1.55	1075	1.60	1128	1.63	1178	1.67
2800	645	1.16	719	1.24	788	1.29	854	1.36	915	1.43	988	1.60	1051	1.71	1099	1.75	1151	1.80	1201	1.83
3000	686	1.31	757	1.39	822	1.46	885	1.53	943	1.60	1013	1.77	1076	1.88	1123	1.93	1176	1.97	1225	2.00
3200	729	1.49	797	1.57	858	1.64	917	1.73	972	1.81	1038	1.96	1102	2.07	1149	2.11	1203	2.16	1252	2.19
3400	772	1.70	839	1.77	897	1.84	953	1.93	1005	2.03	1066	2.16	1130	2.27	1177	2.31	1230	2.36		
	FS ⁴																			

1. Blower performance includes gas heat exchangers and 2" filters. See STATIC RESISTANCE table for additional applications.
2. See RPM SELECTION table to determine desired motor sheave setting and to determine the maximum continuous BHP.
3. kW = BHP x .932.
4. Field Supplied Drive.

XP090 (7.5 Ton) Bottom Duct

Air Flow (CFM)	Available External Static Pressure - IWG ¹																			
	0.2		0.4		0.6		0.8		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.0	
	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
	FS ⁴				Standard 1.5 HP & Drive				Hi Static 3 HP & Drive											
2000	644	0.11	698	0.38	755	0.62	814	0.85	874	1.06	933	1.26	990	1.46	1043	1.66	1090	1.87	1131	2.09
2200	666	0.26	720	0.53	777	0.77	836	1.00	896	1.21	956	1.41	1012	1.61	1065	1.81	1113	2.02	1153	2.24
2400	689	0.42	743	0.69	800	0.93	859	1.16	919	1.37	978	1.57	1035	1.77	1088	1.97	1135	2.18	1176	2.40
2600	712	0.60	766	0.87	823	1.11	882	1.34	942	1.55	1002	1.75	1058	1.95	1111	2.15	1159	2.36	1199	2.58
2800	736	0.80	790	1.06	847	1.31	906	1.53	967	1.74	1026	1.94	1082	2.14	1135	2.34	1183	2.55	1223	2.78
3000	761	1.00	815	1.27	872	1.52	931	1.74	991	1.95	1051	2.15	1107	2.35	1160	2.55	1208	2.76	1248	2.98
3200	787	1.22	840	1.49	898	1.74	957	1.96	1017	2.17	1076	2.37	1133	2.57	1186	2.77	1233	2.98	1274	3.20
3400	813	1.46	867	1.73	924	1.97	984	2.19	1044	2.40	1103	2.61	1160	2.80	1212	3.01	1260	3.21	-	-
3600	841	1.70	894	1.97	952	2.21	1011	2.44	1071	2.65	1130	2.85	1187	3.05	-	-	-	-	-	-
3800	869	1.96	923	2.22	980	2.47	1039	2.69	1099	2.90	1158	3.10	1215	3.30	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3 HP & Field Supplied Drive																			

1. Blower performance includes gas heat exchangers and 2" filters. See STATIC RESISTANCE table for additional applications.
2. See RPM SELECTION table to determine desired motor sheave setting and to determine the maximum continuous BHP.
3. kW = BHP x 0.932.
4. Field Supplied Drive.

XP102 (8.5 Ton) Bottom Duct

Air Flow (CFM)	Available External Static Pressure - IWG ¹																			
	0.2		0.4		0.6		0.8		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.0	
	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
	2 HP & Field Supplied Drive				Standard 2 HP & Drive				Hi Static 3 HP & Drive											
2200	662	0.53	717	0.68	770	0.83	821	0.96	870	1.09	918	1.22	965	1.35	1010	1.47	1055	1.59	1098	1.71
2400	677	0.63	732	0.78	784	0.93	835	1.06	885	1.19	933	1.32	979	1.44	1025	1.57	1069	1.69	1112	1.81
2600	693	0.75	748	0.90	801	1.04	852	1.18	901	1.31	949	1.44	996	1.56	1041	1.68	1085	1.80	1129	1.92
2800	712	0.88	767	1.03	819	1.17	871	1.31	920	1.44	968	1.57	1014	1.69	1060	1.81	1104	1.94	1148	2.06
3000	733	1.03	788	1.18	841	1.33	892	1.46	941	1.59	989	1.72	1036	1.84	1081	1.97	1125	2.09	1169	2.21
3200	757	1.20	811	1.36	864	1.50	915	1.64	964	1.77	1012	1.89	1059	2.02	1104	2.14	1149	2.26	1192	2.38
3400	782	1.40	837	1.55	890	1.69	941	1.83	990	1.96	1038	2.09	1085	2.21	1130	2.33	1174	2.45	1218	2.58
3600	810	1.61	865	1.76	918	1.91	969	2.04	1018	2.18	1066	2.30	1113	2.43	1158	2.55	1203	2.67	1246	2.79
3800	841	1.85	896	2.00	948	2.14	999	2.28	1049	2.41	1097	2.54	1143	2.66	1189	2.78	1233	2.91	1276	3.03
4000	874	2.11	928	2.26	981	2.40	1032	2.54	1082	2.67	1130	2.80	1176	2.92	1222	3.04	1266	3.16	1309	3.28
4200	909	2.38	963	2.53	1016	2.68	1067	2.81	1117	2.95	1164	3.07	1211	3.20	1256	3.32	1301	3.44	-	-
	3 HP & Field Supplied Drive																			

1. Blower performance includes 2" filters. See STATIC RESISTANCE table for additional applications.
2. See RPM SELECTION table to determine desired motor sheave setting and to determine the maximum continuous BHP.
3. kW = BHP x 0.932.

XP120 (10 Ton) Bottom Duct

Air Flow (CFM)	Available External Static Pressure - IWG ¹																			
	0.2		0.4		0.6		0.8		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.0	
	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
	2 HP & Field Supplied Drive				Standard 2 HP & Drive						Hi Static 3 HP & Drive									
2600	693	0.75	748	0.90	801	1.04	852	1.18	901	1.31	949	1.44	996	1.56	1041	1.68	1085	1.80	1129	1.92
2800	712	0.88	767	1.03	819	1.17	871	1.31	920	1.44	968	1.57	1014	1.69	1060	1.81	1104	1.94	1148	2.06
3000	733	1.03	788	1.18	841	1.33	892	1.46	941	1.59	989	1.72	1036	1.84	1081	1.97	1125	2.09	1169	2.21
3200	757	1.20	811	1.36	864	1.50	915	1.64	964	1.77	1012	1.89	1059	2.02	1104	2.14	1149	2.26	1192	2.38
3400	782	1.40	837	1.55	890	1.69	941	1.83	990	1.96	1038	2.09	1085	2.21	1130	2.33	1174	2.45	1218	2.58
3600	810	1.61	865	1.76	918	1.91	969	2.04	1018	2.18	1066	2.30	1113	2.43	1158	2.55	1203	2.67	1246	2.79
3800	841	1.85	896	2.00	948	2.14	999	2.28	1049	2.41	1097	2.54	1143	2.66	1189	2.78	1233	2.91	1276	3.03
4000	874	2.11	928	2.26	981	2.40	1032	2.54	1082	2.67	1130	2.80	1176	2.92	1222	3.04	1266	3.16	1309	3.28
4200	909	2.38	963	2.53	1016	2.68	1067	2.81	1117	2.95	1164	3.07	1211	3.20	1256	3.32	1301	3.44	-	-
4400	946	2.68	1000	2.83	1053	2.98	1104	3.11	1154	3.24	1202	3.37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4600	985	3.00	1040	3.15	1092	3.29	1143	3.43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4800	1026	3.33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3 HP & Field Supplied Drive																			

1. Blower performance includes 2" filters. See STATIC RESISTANCE table for additional applications.
2. See RPM SELECTION table to determine desired motor sheave setting and to determine the maximum continuous BHP.
3. kW = BHP x 0.932.

XP150 (12.5 Ton) Bottom Duct

Air Flow (CFM)	Available External Static Pressure - IWG ¹																			
	0.2		0.4		0.6		0.8		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.0	
	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
	3 HP & Field Supplied Drive				Standard 3 HP & Drive						Hi Static 5 HP & Drive									
3200	757	1.20	811	1.36	864	1.50	915	1.64	964	1.77	1012	1.89	1059	2.02	1104	2.14	1149	2.26	1192	2.38
3400	782	1.40	837	1.55	890	1.69	941	1.83	990	1.96	1038	2.09	1085	2.21	1130	2.33	1174	2.45	1218	2.58
3600	810	1.61	865	1.76	918	1.91	969	2.04	1018	2.18	1066	2.30	1113	2.43	1158	2.55	1203	2.67	1246	2.79
3800	841	1.85	896	2.00	948	2.14	999	2.28	1049	2.41	1097	2.54	1143	2.66	1189	2.78	1233	2.91	1276	3.03
4000	874	2.11	928	2.26	981	2.40	1032	2.54	1082	2.67	1130	2.80	1176	2.92	1222	3.04	1266	3.16	1309	3.28
4200	909	2.38	963	2.53	1016	2.68	1067	2.81	1117	2.95	1164	3.07	1211	3.20	1256	3.32	1301	3.44	1344	3.56
4400	946	2.68	1000	2.83	1053	2.98	1104	3.11	1154	3.24	1202	3.37	1248	3.49	1294	3.62	1338	3.74	1381	3.86
4600	985	3.00	1040	3.15	1092	3.29	1143	3.43	1193	3.56	1241	3.69	1287	3.81	1333	3.93	1377	4.05	1420	4.18
4800	1026	3.33	1081	3.48	1133	3.63	1184	3.76	1234	3.90	1282	4.02	1328	4.15	1374	4.27	1418	4.39	1461	4.51
5000	1069	3.69	1124	3.84	1177	3.98	1228	4.12	1277	4.25	1325	4.38	1372	4.50	1417	4.62	1461	4.74	1505	4.87
5200	1114	4.06	1169	4.21	1222	4.35	1273	4.49	1322	4.62	1370	4.75	1417	4.87	1462	5.00	1506	5.12	1550	5.24
5400	1161	4.45	1216	4.60	1268	4.74	1319	4.88	1369	5.01	1417	5.14	1463	5.26	1509	5.38	1553	5.51	1596	5.63
5600	1210	4.86	1264	5.01	1317	5.15	1368	5.29	1418	5.42	1465	5.55	1512	5.67	-	-	-	-	-	-
5800	1260	5.28	1315	5.43	1367	5.57	1418	5.71	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	5 HP & Field Supplied Drive																			

1. Blower performance includes 2" filters. See STATIC RESISTANCE table for additional applications.
2. See RPM SELECTION table to determine desired motor sheave setting and to determine the maximum continuous BHP.
3. kW = BHP x 0.932.

Table 16: RPM Selection

Size (Tons)	Model	HP	Max BHP	Motor Sheave	Blower Sheave	6 Turns Open	5 Turns Open	4 Turns Open	3 Turns Open	2 Turns Open	1 Turn Open	Fully Closed
078 (6.5)	XP	1.5	1.73	VL40	AK84	NA	576	618	661	702	748	792
		2.0	2.30	VL44	AK71	NA	790	843	887	936	989	1041
090 (7.5)	XP	1.5	1.73	1VL40	AK69	N/A	690	743	796	849	902	955
		3	3.45	1VM50	AK69	N/A	955	1008	1062	1115	1168	1221
102 (8.5)	XP	2	2.30	1VP50	AK89	N/A	735	775	815	851	889	930
		3	3.45	1VP50	AK74	N/A	880	928	972	1016	1067	1110
120 (10)	XP	2	2.30	1VM50	AK84	N/A	785	821	858	901	940	980
		3	3.45	1VM50	AK74	N/A	880	928	972	1016	1067	1110
150 (12.5)	XP	3	3.45	1VM50	AK74	N/A	880	928	972	1016	1067	1110
		5	5.75	1VP56	BK77	1052	1095	1136	1175	1216	1272	N/A

Table 17: Indoor Blower Specifications

Size (Tons)	Model	Motor					Motor Sheave			Blower Sheave			Belt
		HP	RPM	Eff.	SF	Frame	Datum Dia. (in.)	Bore (in.)	Model	Datum Dia. (in.)	Bore (in.)	Model	
078 (6.5)	XP	1-1/2	1725	0.8	1.15	56	2.4 - 3.4	7/8	VL40	8.1	1	AK84	A54
		2	1725	0.8	1.15	56	2.8 - 3.8	7/8	VL44	6.7	1	AK71	A52
090 (7.5)	XP	1-1/2	1725	0.8	1.15	56	2.6 - 3.6	7/8	1VL40	6.5	1	AK69	A52
		3	1725	0.8	1.15	56	3.6 - 4.6	7/8	1VM50	6.5	1	AK69	A54
102 (8.5)	XP	2	1725	0.8	1.15	56	3.4 - 4.4	7/8	1VP50	8.5	1	AK89	A56
		3	1725	0.8	1.15	56	3.4 - 4.4	7/8	1VP50	7.0	1	AK74	A54
120 (10)	XP	2	1725	0.8	1.15	56	3.4 - 4.4	7/8	1VM50	8.0	1	AK84	A56
		3	1725	0.8	1.15	56	3.4 - 4.4	7/8	1VM50	7.0	1	AK74	A54
150 (12.5)	XP	3	1725	0.8	1.15	56	3.4 - 4.4	7/8	1VM50	7.0	1	AK74	A54
		5	1725	0.87	1.15	184T	4.3 - 5.3	1-1/8	1VP56	6.7	1	BK77	BX56

Table 18: Power Exhaust Specifications

Model	Voltage	Motor			Motor			Fuse Size	CFM @ 0.1 ESP
		HP	RPM ¹	QTY	LRA	FLA	MCA		
2PE04703225	208/230-1-60	3/4	1075	1	7.8	5	6.3	10	3800
2PE04703246	460-1-60	3/4	1075	1	3.4	2.2	2.8	5	3800
2PE04703258	575-1-60	3/4	1050	1	2.9	1.5	1.9	4	3800

1. Motors are multi-tapped and factory wired for high speed.

Air Balance

Start the supply air blower motor. Adjust the resistances in both the supply and the return air duct systems to balance the air distribution throughout the conditioned space. The job specifications may require that this balancing be done by someone other than the equipment installer.

moisture on an evaporator coil can vary greatly, measuring the pressure drop across a wet coil under field conditions could be inaccurate. To assure a dry coil, the compressors should be de-activated while the test is being run.

NOTE: De-energize the compressors before taking any test measurements to assure a dry evaporator coil.

- The CFM through the unit can be determined from the pressure drop indicated by the manometer by referring to Figure 28. In order to obtain an accurate measurement, be certain that the air filters are clean.
- To adjust Measured CFM to Required CFM, see SUPPLY AIR DRIVE ADJUSTMENT.
- After readings have been obtained, remove the tubes and replace the dot plugs.
- Tighten blower pulley and motor sheave set screws after any adjustments. Re-check set screws after 10-12 hrs. run time is recommended.

CAUTION

Belt drive blower systems **MUST** be adjusted to the specific static and CFM requirements for the application. The Belt drive blowers are **NOT** set at the factory for any specific static or CFM. Adjustments of the blower speed and belt tension are **REQUIRED**. Verify proper sheave alignment; tighten blower pulley and motor sheave set screws after these adjustments. Re-checking set screws after 10-12 hrs. run time is recommended.

Checking Air Quantity

Method One

- Remove the dot plugs from the duct panel (for location of the dot plugs see Figures 12 and 13).
- Insert eight-inches of 1/4 inch metal tubing into the airflow on both sides of the indoor coil.

NOTE: The tubes must be inserted and held in a position perpendicular to the air flow so that velocity pressure will not affect the static pressure readings.

- Use an Inclined Manometer or Magnehelic to determine the pressure drop across a dry evaporator coil. Since the

WARNING

Failure to properly adjust the total system air quantity can result in extensive blower damage.

Method Two

- Drill two 5/16 inch holes, one in the return air duct as close to the inlet of the unit as possible, and another in the supply air duct as close to the outlet of the unit as possible.
- Using the whole drilled in step 1, insert eight inches of 1/4 inch metal tubing into the airflow of the return and supply air ducts of the unit.

NOTE: The tubes must be inserted and held in position perpendicular to the airflow so that velocity pressure will not affect the static pressure readings.

3. Use an Inclined Manometer or Magnehelic to determine the pressure drop across the unit. This is the External Static Pressure (ESP). In order to obtain an accurate measurement, be certain that the air filters are clean.
4. Determine the number of turns the variable motor sheave is open.
5. Select the correct blower performance table for the unit from Tables 14 and 15. Tables are presented for side and down flow configuration.
6. Determine the unit Measured CFM from the Blower Performance Table, External Static Pressure and the number of turns the variable motor sheave is open.

7. To adjust Measured CFM to Required CFM, see SUPPLY AIR DRIVE ADJUSTMENT.
8. After reading has been obtained, remove the tubes and seal holes.
9. Tighten blower pulley and motor sheave set screws after any adjustments. Re-check set screws after 10-12 hrs. run time is recommended.

NOTE: With the addition of field installed accessories repeat this procedure.

▲ WARNING

Failure to properly adjust the total system air quantity can result in extensive blower damage.

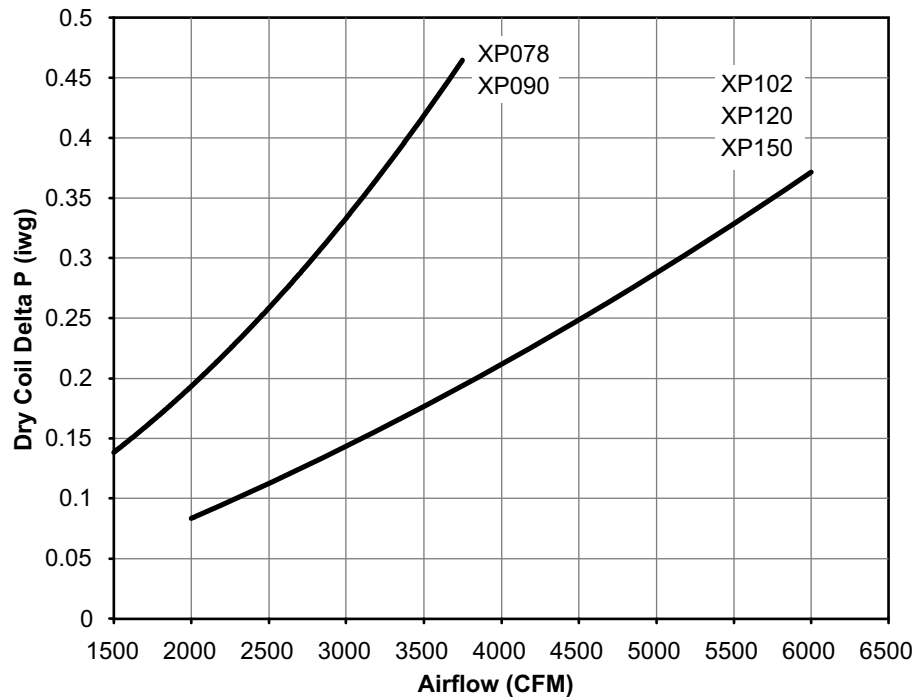


Figure 28: Dry Coil Delta P

Supply Air Drive Adjustment

CAUTION

Before making any blower speed changes review the installation for any installation errors, leaks or undesirable systems effects that can result in loss of airflow.

Even small changes in blower speed can result in substantial changes in static pressure and BHP. BHP and AMP draw of the blower motor will increase by the cube of the blower speed. Static pressure will increase by the square of the blower speed. Only qualified personnel should make blower speed changes, strictly adhering to the fan laws.

At unit start-up, the measured CFM may be higher or lower than the required CFM. To achieve the required CFM, the speed of the drive may have adjusted by changing the datum diameter (DD) of the variable pitch motor sheave as described below:

$$\left(\frac{4,000 \text{ CFM}}{3,800 \text{ CFM}} \right) \cdot 4.0 \text{ in.} = 4.21 \text{ in.}$$

Use the following tables and the DD calculated per the above equation to adjust the motor variable pitch sheave.

CAUTION

Belt drive blower systems MUST be adjusted to the specific static and CFM requirements for the application. The Belt drive blowers are NOT set at the factory for any specific static or CFM. Adjustments of the blower speed and belt tension are REQUIRED. Verify proper sheave alignment; tighten blower pulley and motor sheave set screws after these adjustments. Re-checking set screws after 10-12 hrs. run time is recommended.

EXAMPLE

A 12.5 ton unit was selected to deliver 4,000 CFM with a 3 HP motor, but the unit is delivering 3,800 CFM. The variable pitch motor sheave is set at 2 turns open.

Use the equation to determine the required DD for the new motor sheave,

$$\left(\frac{\text{Required CFM}}{\text{Measured CFM}} \right) \cdot \text{Existing DD} = \text{New DD}$$

Use Table 19 to locate the DD nearest to 4.21 in. Close the sheave to 1 turn open.

New BHP

$$= (\text{Speed increase})^3 \cdot \text{BHP at 3,800 CFM}$$

$$= (\text{Speed increase})^3 \cdot \text{Original BHP}$$

$$= \text{New BHP}$$

New motor Amps

$$= (\text{Speed increase})^3 \cdot \text{Amps at 3,800 CFM}$$

$$= (\text{Speed increase})^3 \cdot \text{Original Amps}$$

$$= \text{New Amps}$$

Table 19: Motor Sheave Datum Diameters

1VM50x7/8 (1-1/2, 2 & 3 HP Motor)		1VP56x1-1/8 (5 HP Motor)	
Turns Open	Datum Diameter	Turns Open	Datum Diameter
0	4.4	1	5.3
1/2	4.3	1-1/2	5.2
1	4.2	2	5.1
1-1/2	4.1	2-1/2	5.0
2	4.0	3	4.9
2-1/2	3.9	3-1/2	4.8
3	3.8	4	4.7
3-1/2	3.7	4-1/2	4.6
4	3.6	5	4.5
4-1/2	3.5	5-1/2	4.4
5	3.4	6	4.3

Table 20: Additional Static Resistance

Size (Tons)	Model	CFM	Economizer ^{1 2}	4" Filter ²	Electric Heat kW ¹				
					9	18	24	36	54
078 (6.5) 090 (7.5) 102 (8.5) 120 (10) 150 (12.5)	XP	1900	0.02	0.12	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.10
		2100	0.02	0.13	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09	0.11
		2300	0.04	0.14	0.07	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.13
		2500	0.11	0.16	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.11	0.14
		2700	0.18	0.17	0.09	0.10	0.12	0.13	0.16
		2900	0.25	0.19	0.10	0.11	0.13	0.14	0.18
		3100	0.31	0.20	0.12	0.13	0.15	0.16	0.20
		3300	0.37	0.22	0.13	0.14	0.17	0.18	0.22
		3500	0.43	0.26	0.15	0.16	0.19	0.20	0.24
		3700	0.49	0.27	0.17	0.18	0.21	0.22	0.26
		3900	0.54	0.29	0.19	0.20	0.23	0.24	0.28
		4100	0.58	0.32	0.21	0.22	0.25	0.26	0.31
		4300	0.65	0.35	0.23	0.24	0.28	0.29	0.34
		4500	0.69	0.38	0.25	0.26	0.30	0.31	0.37
		4700	0.74	0.41	0.28	0.29	0.33	0.34	0.40
		4900	0.78	0.44	0.30	0.31	0.35	0.37	0.43
		5100	0.82	0.47	0.33	0.34	0.38	0.40	0.46
		5300	0.86	0.51	0.35	0.37	0.41	0.43	0.49
		5500	0.89	0.55	0.38	0.40	0.44	0.46	0.53
		5700	0.93	0.58	0.41	0.43	0.47	0.49	0.56
5900	0.96	0.62	0.44	0.46	0.50	0.53	0.59		
6100	0.98	0.67	0.47	0.49	0.53	0.56	0.62		
6300	1.01	0.71	0.50	0.53	0.56	0.59	0.65		

1. Deduct these values from the available external static pressure shown in the respective Blower Performance Tables.
2. The pressure drop through the economizer is greater for 100% outdoor air than for 100% return air. If the resistance of the return air duct is less than 0.25 IWG, the unit will deliver less CFM during full economizer operation.

Operation

Cooling Sequence Of Operation

NOTE: For more in-depth sequence of operation of the Simplicity® SE control please refer to LIT-12011950 on www.upgnet.com under Product Center \ Equipment Catalog \ Commercial Products \ Zoning Systems and Controls.

For the XP series of units, the thermostat makes a circuit between "R" and "Y1" for the first stage of cooling.

The call is passed to the **Unit Control Board (UCB)**, which then determines whether the requested operation is available and, if so, which components to energize.

For heating, the thermostat makes a circuit between "R" and "W1" for the first stage heating. The UCB energizes the compressors #1 and #2 and their condenser fans. The "W1" call also energizes a separate relay (RY1), de-energizing the reversing valve allowing the unit to run in the heating mode. A time/temperature control operates the defrost cycle.

The thermostat makes a circuit between "R" and "W2" for the second stage of heating. The UCB passes the "W2" signal on to the electric heaters if available. In both cases, when the "W1" call is sensed, the indoor blower is energized.

If at any time a call for both heating and cooling are present, the heating operation will be performed. If operating, the cooling system is halted as with a completion of a call for cooling. Heating always takes priority.

Continuous Blower

By setting the room thermostat fan switch to "ON," the supply air blower will operate continuously.

Intermittent Blower

With the room thermostat fan switch set to "AUTO" and the system switch set to either the "AUTO" or "HEAT" settings, the blower is energized whenever a cooling or heating operation is requested. The blower is energized after any specified delay associated with the operation.

When energized, the indoor blower has a minimum run time of 30 seconds. Additionally, the indoor blower has a delay of 10 seconds minimum off.

No Outdoor Air Options

When the thermostat calls for the first stage of cooling, the low-voltage control circuit from "R" to "Y1" and "G" is completed. The UCB energizes the economizer (if installed and free cooling is available) or the first available compressor* and the condenser fans. For first stage cooling, compressor #1 is energized. If compressor #1 is unavailable, compressor #2 is energized. After completing the specified fan on delay for cooling, the UCB will energize the blower motor.

When the thermostat calls for the second stage of cooling, the low-voltage control circuit from "R" to "Y2" is completed. The

control board energizes the first available compressor. If free cooling is being used for the first stage of cooling, compressor #1 is energized. If compressor #1 is active for first stage cooling or the first compressor is locked-out, compressor #2 is energized. In free-cooling mode, if the call for the second stage of cooling continues for 20 minutes, compressor #2 is energized, provided it has not been locked-out.

If there is an initial call for both stages of cooling, the UCB will delay energizing compressor #2 by 30 seconds in order to avoid a power rush.

Once the thermostat has been satisfied, it will de-energize Y1 and Y2. If the compressors have satisfied their minimum run times, the compressors and condenser fans are de-energized. Otherwise, the unit operates each cooling system until the minimum run times for the compressors have been completed. Upon the final compressor de-energizing, the blower is stopped following the elapse of the fan off delay for cooling.

* To be available, a compressor must not be locked-out due to a high or low-pressure switch or the **Evaporator Low Limit Sensor (EC1, 2)** detects a temperature below 26 Deg. F and the **Anti-Short Cycle Delay (ASCD)** must have elapsed.

Economizer With Single Enthalpy Sensor

When the room thermostat calls for "first-stage" cooling, the low voltage control circuit from "R" to "G" and "Y1" is completed. The UCB energizes the blower motor (if the fan switch on the room thermostat is set in the "AUTO" position) and drives the economizer dampers from fully closed to their minimum position. If the enthalpy of the outdoor air is below the set point of the enthalpy controller (previously determined), "Y1" energizes the economizer. The dampers will modulate to maintain a constant supply air temperature as monitored by the discharge air sensor. If the outdoor air enthalpy is above the set point, "Y1" energizes compressor #1.

When the thermostat calls for "second-stage" cooling, the low voltage control circuit from "R" to "Y2" is completed. The UCB energizes the first available compressor. If the enthalpy of the outdoor air is below the set point of the enthalpy controller (i.e. first stage has energized the economizer), "Y2" will energize compressor #1. If the outdoor air is above the set point, "Y2" will energize compressor #2.

Once the thermostat has been satisfied, it will de-energize "Y1" and "Y2". If the compressors have satisfied their minimum run times, the compressors and condenser fans are de-energized. Otherwise, the unit operates each cooling system until the minimum run times for the compressors have been completed. Upon the final compressor de-energizing, the blower is stopped following the elapse of the fan off delay for cooling, and the economizer damper goes to the closed position. If the unit is in continuous fan operation, the economizer damper goes to the minimum position.

Economizer With Dual Enthalpy Sensors

The operation with the dual enthalpy sensors is identical to the single sensor except that a second enthalpy sensor is mounted in the return air. This return air sensor allows the economizer to

choose between outdoor air and return air, whichever has the lowest enthalpy value, to provide maximum operating efficiency.

Economizer With Power Exhaust

A unit equipped with an economizer (single or dual enthalpy) and a power exhaust operates as specified above with one addition. The power exhaust motor is energized 45 seconds after the actuator position exceeds the exhaust fan set point on the economizer control. As always, the "R" to "G" connection provides minimum position but does not provide power exhaust operation.

Motorized Outdoor Air Dampers

This system operation is the same as the units with no outdoor air options with one exception. When the "R" to "G" circuit is complete, the motorized damper drives open to a position set by the thumbwheel on the damper motor. When the "R" to "G" circuit is opened, the damper spring returns fully closed.

Cooling Operation Errors

Each cooling system is monitored for operation outside of the intended parameters. Errors are handled as described below. All system errors override minimum run times for compressors.

NOTE: The following components are needed to access the control points in the Simplicity® SE control. Installation and operation guides are located on www.upgnet.com under Product Center \ Equipment Catalog \ Commercial Products \ Zoning Systems and Controls.

1. Local LCD on Unit Control Board.
OR
2. Mobile Access Portal (MAP) Gateway (Portable).
 - Source 1 P/N S1-JC-MAP1810-OP
3. MAP Gateway Quick Start Guide P/N 24-10737-16
4. MAP Gateway Instruction P/N 24-10737-8

High-Pressure Limit Switch

During cooling operation, if a high-pressure limit switch opens, the UCB will de-energize the associated compressor, initiate the ASCD (Anti-short cycle delay), and, if the other compressor is idle, stop the condenser fans. If the call for cooling is still present at the conclusion of the ASCD, the UCB will re-energize the halted compressor.

Should a high-pressure switch open three times within two hours of operation, the UCB will lock-out the associated compressor. If the other compressor is inactive, the condenser fans will be de-energized.

Low-Pressure Limit Switch

The low-pressure limit switch is not monitored during the initial 30 seconds of a cooling system's operation. For the following 30 seconds, the UCB will monitor the low-pressure switch to ensure it closes. If the low-pressure switch fails to close after

the 30-second monitoring phase, the UCB will de-energize the associated compressor, initiate the ASCD, and, if the other compressor is idle, stop the condenser fans.

Once the low-pressure switch has been proven (closed during the 30-second monitor period described above), the UCB will monitor the low-pressure limit switch for any openings. If the low-pressure switch opens for greater than 5 seconds, the UCB will de-energize the associated compressor, initiate the ASCD, and, if the other compressor is idle, stop the condenser fans.

If the call for cooling is still present at the conclusion of the ASCD, the UCB will re-energize the halted compressor.

Should a low-pressure switch open three times within one hour of operation, the UCB will lock-out the associated compressor. If the other compressor is inactive, the condenser fans will be de-energized.

Evaporator Low Limit

During cooling operation, if the **Evaporator Low Limit Sensor (EC1, 2)** (Located on the Suction Line at the Evaporator Coil.) detects a temperature below 26 Deg. F (default), the UCB will de-energize the associated compressor, initiate the ASCD, and, if the other compressor is idle, stop the condenser fans. If the call for cooling is still present at the conclusion of the ASCD, the UCB will re-energize the halted compressor. Should the UCB detect the evaporator low limit sensor (**EC1, 2**) falling below 26 Deg. F (default) three times within two hours of operation, the UCB will lock-out the associated compressor. If the other compressor is inactive, the condenser fans will be de-energized.

Low Ambient Cooling

To determine when to operate in low ambient mode, the UCB has an **Outdoor Air Temperature Sensor (OAT)** with a low ambient setpoint at 45°F (default). When the **OAT Sensor** senses a temperature below the low ambient setpoint and the thermostat is calling for cooling, the UCB will operate in the low ambient mode.

Low ambient mode operates the compressors in this manner: 10 minutes on, 5 minutes off. The indoor blower is operated throughout the cycle. The 5-minute off period is necessary to defrost the indoor coil.

Low ambient mode always begins with compressor operation. Compressor minimum run time may extend the minutes of compressor operation. The off cycle will begin immediately following the elapse of the minimum run time.

When operating in low ambient mode, an evaporator low limit sensor (**EC1, 2**) temperature below 26°F will de-energize the associated compressor. If the call for cooling is still present at the end of the ASCD and the evaporator temperature sensor (**EC1, 2**) temperature is above 26°F, the unit will resume operation.

Safety Controls

The unit control board monitors the following inputs for each cooling system:

1. An evaporator low limit sensor (**EC1, 2**) (Located on the Suction Line at the Evaporator Coil.) to protect against low evaporator temperatures due to a low airflow or a low return air temperature, set at 26°F.
2. A high-pressure switch to protect against excessive discharge pressures due to a blocked condenser coil or a condenser motor failure, (opens at 625 ± 25 psig).
3. A low-pressure switch to protect against loss of refrigerant charge, (opens at 22 ± 5 psig).

The above pressure switches are hard-soldered to the unit. The refrigeration systems are independently monitored and controlled. On any fault, only the associated system will be affected by any safety/preventive action. The other refrigerant system will continue in operation unless it is affected by the fault as well.

The unit control board monitors the temperature limit switch of units with electric heat.

Compressor Protection

In addition to the external pressure switches, the compressors also have inherent (internal) protection. If there is an abnormal temperature rise in a compressor, the protector will open to shut down the compressor. The UCB incorporates features to minimize compressor wear and damage. An **Anti-Short Cycle Delay (ASCD)** is utilized to prevent operation of a compressor too soon after its previous run. Additionally, a minimum run time is imposed any time a compressor is energized.

The ASCD is initiated on unit start-up and on any compressor reset or lock-out.

Reset

Remove the call for cooling, by raising thermostat setting higher than the conditioned space temperature.

Heating Sequence of Operation

With Electric Heat

When the thermostat calls for the first stage of heating, the low voltage control circuit is completed between "R" and "W1". This 24vac signal is passed through the UCB to the RW1 Relay. Contacts RW1-1 open, assuring the reversing valve cannot be energized, except during defrost. Contacts RW1-2 close. After its five minute ASCD timer is satisfied, the UCB closes its internal compressor relay contacts. If its ASCD timer is satisfied the UCB will energize compressor #1 contactor M1. After a two second delay, it then energizes compressor #2 contactor M2 (if applicable). Therefore, on a call for heat from W1, both sets of compressors are always energized, unless one or the other is locked out by the UCB. Also on the call for heat, the UCB energizes the M4 contactor which brings on both condenser fans.

If the compressors alone cannot satisfy the heating requirements a second stage call from the thermostat completes the circuit between "R" and "W2". This 24vac signal

is passed through the UCB to the RW2 relay. Contacts RW2-1 close, completing the circuit to the electric heat section (if available). For the 9 kW heater 9 kW will be energized, for the 18 kW heater 18 kW will be energized, for the 24 kW heater 18 kW will be energized, for the 36 kW heater 18 kW will be energized, and for 54 kW heater 18 kW will be energized. In the event that all compressors are locked out by the UCB, the total available kW of electric heat will be energized on a call for "W2".

Without Electric Heat

When the thermostat calls for heating, the low voltage control circuit is completed between "R" and "W1". This 24vac signal is passed through the UCB to the RW1. Contacts RW1-1 open, assuring the reversing valve cannot be energized, except during defrost. Contacts RW1-2 close. If its ASCD timer is satisfied the UCB will energize compressor #1 contactor M1. After a two second delay, it then energizes compressor #2 contactor M2.

Therefore, on a call for heat from W1, both sets of compressors are always energized, unless one or the other is locked out by the UCB. Also on the call for heat, the UCB energizes the M4 contactor which brings on the condenser fans.

Defrost Initiation

Defrost control implements a temperature differential, demand defrost algorithm. The heat pump is allowed to operate in the heating mode until the combination of outdoor ambient temperature and outdoor coil temperature indicate that defrosting is necessary. When the coil temperature is maintained below the initiate point for a given ambient temperature, continuously for 4-1/2 minutes, the heat pump is put into a defrost cycle. This 4-1/2 minute timer eliminates unnecessary defrost cycles caused by refrigeration surges such as those that occur at the start of a heating cycle.

For defrost, the UCB will signal the energizing of the reversing valve and de-energizing the systems condenser fan motor(s). The unit's optional electric first-stage heater is also energized via a 24-volt VAC output terminal labeled "H2".

Defrost Termination

The UCB terminates the defrost mode when either of the following two conditions are met;

1. The outdoor coil temperature sensor reaches 50°F, or
2. The maximum allowable defrost run time of 8 minutes.

Interval between Defrosts

A timed inhibit feature prevents the system from responding to a call for defrost less than 40 minutes after the initiation of the previous defrost. After this inhibit time has expired, temperature conditions must call for defrost continuously for 4- 1/2 minutes before another defrost cycle is initiated. A temperature inhibit feature prohibits defrost if the coil temperature is above 40°F. All defrost timing occurs only while the compressor is on.

Forced Defrost

A forced-defrost feature puts the system into a defrost cycle every 6 hours and 4 minutes to recirculate lubricants, unless the coil temperature is above 40°F. All defrost timing occurs only while the compressor is on.

For trouble shooting purposes, the defrost cycle can be manually initiated by selecting "Test Defrost" in the UCB menu.

Electric Heat Operation Errors

Temperature Limit

If the UCB senses zero volts from the high temperature limit, the indoor blower motor is immediately energized.

This limit is monitored regardless of unit operation status, i.e. the limit is monitored at all times.

If the temperature limit opens three times within one hour, it will lock-on the indoor blower motor.

Safety Controls

The UCB monitors the temperature limit switch of electric heat units.

The control circuit includes the following safety controls:

Limit Switch (LS)

This control is located inside the heater compartment and is set to open at the temperature indicated in the Electric Heat Limit Setting Table 21. It resets automatically. The limit switch operates when a high temperature condition, caused by inadequate supply air flow occurs, thus shutting down the heater and energizing the blower.

Table 21: Electric Heat Limit Setting 50" Cabinet

UNIT (TONS)	VOLTAGE	HEATER kW	LIMIT SWITCH OPENS °F
XP078, 090, 102 (6.5, 7.5, 8.5)	208/230	9	150
		18	150
		24	150
		34	150
XP 120, 150 (10, 12.5)		18	150
		24	150
		34	150
		54	130
XP078, 090, 102 (6.5, 7.5, 8.5)	480	9	150
		18	150
		24	150
		34	150
XP 120, 150 (10, 12.5)		18	150
		24	150
		34	150
		54	130

Table 21: Electric Heat Limit Setting 50" Cabinet

UNIT (TONS)	VOLTAGE	HEATER kW	LIMIT SWITCH OPENS °F
XP078, 090, 102 (6.5, 7.5, 8.5)	600	9	150
		18	150
		24	150
		34	150
XP 120, 150 (10, 12.5)		18	150
		24	150
		34	150
		54	130

Reset

Remove the call for heating by lowering the thermostat setting lower than the conditioned space temperature.

Electric Heat Anticipator Setpoints

It is important that the anticipator setpoint be correct. Too high of a setting will result in longer heat cycles and a greater temperature swing in the conditioned space. Reducing the value below the correct setpoint will give shorter "ON" cycles and may result in the lowering of the temperature within the conditioned space. Refer to Table 22 for the required electric heat anticipator setting.

Table 22: Electric Heat Anticipator Setpoints

SETTING, AMPS	
W1	W2
0.13	0.1

Start-Up (Cooling)

Prestart Check List

After installation has been completed:

1. Check the electrical supply voltage being supplied. Be sure that it is the same as listed on the unit nameplate.
2. Set the room thermostat to the off position.
3. Turn unit electrical power on.
4. Set the room thermostat fan switch to on.
5. Check indoor blower rotation.
 - If blower rotation is in the wrong direction. Refer to Phasing Section in general information section.
 Check blower drive belt tension.
6. Check the unit supply air (CFM).
7. Measure evaporator fan motor's amp draw.
8. Set the room thermostat fan switch to off.
9. Turn unit electrical power off.

Operating Instructions

1. Turn unit electrical power on.

NOTE: Prior to each cooling season, the crankcase heaters must be energized at least 10 hours before the system is put into operation.

2. Set the room thermostat setting to lower than the room temperature.
3. First stage compressors will energize after the built-in time delay (five minutes).
4. The second stage of the thermostat will energize second stage compressor if needed.

Post Start Check List

1. Verify proper system pressures for both circuits.
2. Measure the temperature drop across the evaporator coil.

Charging The Unit

All XP units use Thermal Expansion Devices. Charge the unit to 10° subcooling.

Control Board Navigation Components

The following components are needed to access the control points in the Simplicity® SE control. Installation and operation guides are located on www.upgnet.com under Product Center \ Equipment Catalog \ Commercial Products \ Zoning Systems and Controls.

1. Local LCD on Unit Control Board.

OR

2. Mobile Access Portal (MAP) Gateway (Portable).
 - Source 1 P/N S1-JC-MAP1810-OP
3. MAP Gateway Quick Start Guide P/N 24-10737-16
4. MAP Gateway Instruction P/N 24-10737-8

NOTE: For more in-depth sequence of operation of the Simplicity® SE control please refer to LIT-12011950 on www.upgnet.com under Product Center \ Equipment Catalog \ Commercial Products \ Zoning Systems and Controls.

Simplicity™ SE (Smart Equipment) Firmware Version 3. Basic Unit Control Board Navigation Examples:

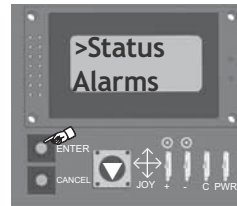
The following document details the navigation and viewing of the LCD display screen equipped as a standard item on the Simplicity SE control installed within various commercial UPG packaged and split system equipment. The following information provides a step-by-step demonstration on how to navigate the basic status menu and how to change basic configuration settings. The basic navigation steps outlined in this short demonstration applies to most menus within the Simplicity SE control.



Understanding the Local LCD

After you apply power to your Rooftop Unit (RTU), a start-up countdown begins on the Unit Control Board (UCB) LCD. When the controller is ready, the screen is blank because no faults are present. Use the joystick and the two push buttons below the LCD, to navigate through the menus.

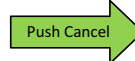
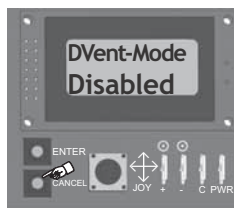
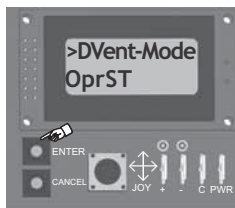
Step 1 - After the start-up countdown is complete the first screen displayed is the "Status & Alarms" screen. When the cursor is on the top "Status" line hit the "ENTER" button. This action steps the LCD display into the status mode. Hit "ENTER" to view the status menu.



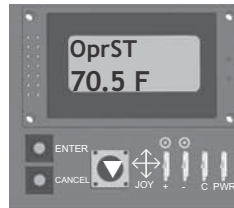
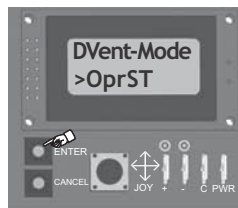
Step 2 - The first item under the status menu is "DVent-Mode". This is the demand ventilation mode.

Step 3 - When the cursor is on the "DVent-Mode" hit "ENTER" to view the status of this mode. In this case a CO2 sensor is not installed, thus Demand Ventilation or DVent is disabled.

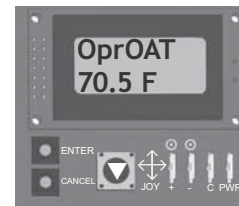
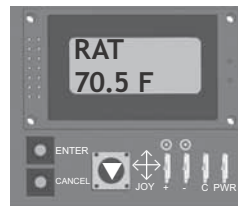
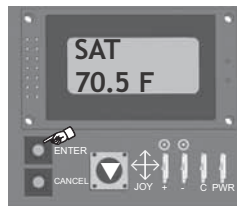
Step 4 - To exit out of the "DVent-Mode status screen push "Cancel". The screen returns to that shown below.



Step 5 - By pushing the joystick down, the cursor toggles to OprST (Operating Space Temp).



Step 6 - By pushing "ENTER" the actual OprST (Operating Space Temp) appears. Pushing the joystick down scrolls through SAT, RAT, OAT and other available sensor readings.

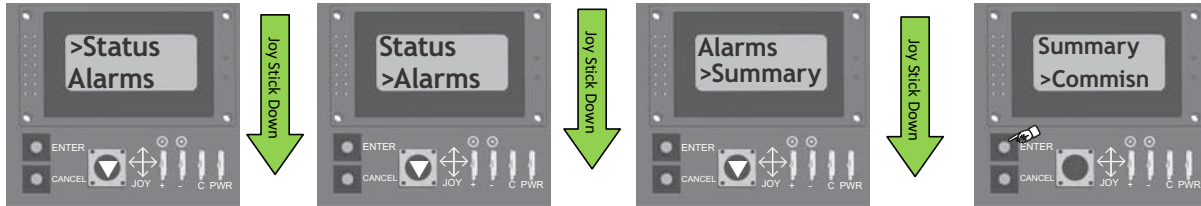


Press the "Cancel" button to exit each menu level. Repeatedly pressing "Cancel" returns the menu to the first "Status, Alarms" screen.

When the "Cancel" button is pressed multiple times to exit each menu level and the screen returns to the first "Status, Alarms" display the next demonstration can begin. In this demonstration the information below steps through the "Commissioning" menu.

Step 1- Beginning at the status/alarm screen toggle the joystick down three times. This accesses the "Commissioning" screen. In this menu section various settings can be changed. Please see the Unit Control Board menu for a list of parameters that can be modified.

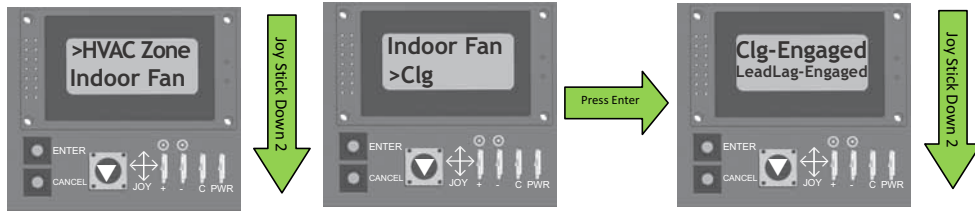
Step 2- Once commission appears next to the cursor, press "ENTER" to begin viewing parameters.



Step 3- After "ENTER" is pressed the various parameter sections appear, such as: HVAC zone, Indoor Fan, Clg, Htg, Econ and others.

Step 4- After toggling the joystick down two times "Clg" appears. This allows items, such as lead-lag and OCC/UNOCC cooling set points, to be changed.

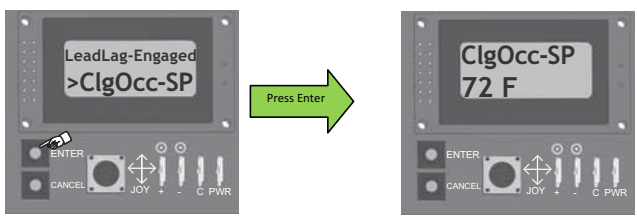
Step 5- At the "Clg" screen once "ENTER" is pushed the status indicates if cooling is engaged/disengaged and lead-lag is engaged/disengaged.



Step 6- By toggling down twice the screen reaches the "ClgOcc-SP" screen or "Cooling Occupied Set Point".

Step 7- After pressing "ENTER" at the "ClgOcc-SP" screen the space temperature set point appears. NOTE: Only applies to units controlled by a space sensor.

Step 8- In order to change set points push the toggle switch left or right. Note: The screen flashes. Left decreases the value, right increases. In this demonstration the ClgOcc setpoint is changed from 72F to 95F.

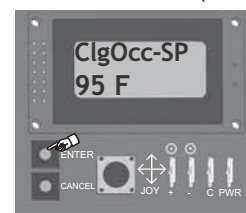


Toggle Left to Decrease ◀
 Toggle Right to Increase ▶

Screen Will Flash

DOWN ⬇
 UP ⬆

Step 9- The joystick was toggled right to increase the set point temperature. The screen flashes when in the change mode. Once the desired set point/value is reached press the "ENTER" button to save the value.



These few pages provide a simple demonstration how to navigate the menu's of the Simplicity SE control containing Version 3 firmware. Please utilize this document along with the additional information in the Users Guide and detailed navigation menu to adjust the control to customer preferences or job specifications.

NOTE: IF OPERATING THE EQUIPMENT WITH A THERMOSTAT, THE UCB SETPOINTS AND PARAMETERS SHOULD NOT REQUIRE ALTERATION; HOWEVER, THERE MAY BE THE CASE WHERE MINIMUM OUTSIDE AIR, LEAD-LAG OR OTHER CUSTOM SETTINGS ARE REQUIRED. PLEASE READ THIS DOCUMENT IN DETAIL TO UNDERSTAND THE IMPLICATIONS OF MAKING CHANGES BEFORE PROCEEDING. IT IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED THAT A BACKUP OF PARAMETER SETTINGS BE SAVED ON A USB DRIVE BEFORE MAKING ANY MAJOR CHANGES TO THE CONTROL!



Figure 29: Unit Control Board

Table 23: Simplicity SE UCB Details

Description		Function & Comments
Terminal Directional orientation: viewed with silkscreen labels upright		
Limit, 24 VAC power and shutdown connections from unit wiring harness at left on upper edge of UCB		
LIMIT	Monitored 24 VAC input through heat section limit switch(es)	If voltage is absent, indicating the heat section is over-temperature, the UCB will bring on the indoor blower
C	24 VAC, 75 VA transformer Common referenced to cabinet ground	Connects through circuit traces to thermostat connection strip C and indoor blower VFD pin C
24V	24 VAC, 75 VA transformer hot	Powers the UCB microprocessor, connects through circuit trace to the SD 24 terminal
SD 24	24 VAC hot out for factory accessory smoke detector, condensate overflow and/or user shutdown relay switching in series	Connects through circuit trace to thermostat connection strip SD-24. A wiring harness jumper plug connecting SD 24 to SD R is in place if factory accessories for unit shutdown are not used - this jumper plug must be removed if the switching of field-added external accessories for unit shutdown are wired between thermostat connection strip SD-24 and R
SD R	24 VAC hot return from factory accessory smoke detector, condensate overflow and user shutdown relay switching in series	Connects through circuit trace to the R terminal on the upper left of the board

Table 23: Simplicity SE UCB Details (Continued)

Description		Function & Comments
R	24 VAC hot for switched inputs to the UCB	Connects through circuit trace to the thermostat connection strip R terminal, right FAN OVR pin, right HPS1 pin, right HPS2 pin, lower DFS pin and lower APS pin
Terminal Thermostat connection strip on left edge of UCB		
W1	1st stage heating request, 24 VAC input switched from R	Not effective for cooling-only units
W2	2nd stage heating request, 24 VAC input switched from R	Not effective for cooling-only units or units with single-stage heat sections
Y1	1st stage cooling request, 24 VAC input switched from R	
Y2	2nd stage cooling request, 24 VAC input switched from R	Visible in the display menu when the #ClgStgs parameter is set for 2 or more, also effective for economizer free cooling supply air temperature reset when the #ClgStgs parameter is set for 1 or more
G	Continuous indoor blower request, 24 VAC input switched from R	
OCC	Occupancy request, 24 VAC input switched from R	Must have the OccMode parameter set for External to be effective
X	Hard lockout indicator, 24 volt output to a light thermostat LED	
R	24 VAC hot for thermostat switching and power	If field-added external accessories for unit shutdown are used, 24 VAC hot return from smoke detector, condensate overflow and/or user shutdown relay switching in series
SD-24	If field-added external accessories for unit shutdown are used, 24 VAC hot out for smoke detector, condensate over- flow and/or user shutdown relay switching in series	Unit wiring harness jumper plug for factory shutdown accessories must be removed if the switching of field-added external accessories for unit shutdown are wired between thermo- stat connection strip SD-24 and R
C	24 VAC common for thermostat power	
LEDs on left edge of UCB		
POWER	Green UCB power indicator	Lit indicates 24 VAC is present at C and 24V terminals
FAULT	Red hard lockout, networking error and firmware error indicator	1/2 second on/off flashing indicates one or more alarm is currently active, 1/10th second on/off flashing indicates a networking error (polarity, addressing, etc.) or a firmware error (likely correctable with re-loading from USB flash drive)
SA BUS	Green UCB SA bus communication transmission indicator	Lit/flickering indicates UCB SA bus communication is currently active, off indicates the UCB is awaiting SA bus communication
Terminal Space temperature sensor connections at center on upper edge of UCB		
ST	Space Temperature sensor input from 10KΩ @ 77°F, Type III negative temperature coefficient thermistor	Positive of VDC circuit (3.625 VDC reading to COM with open circuit), effective if "Thermo- stat-only Control" parameter is set OFF, space sensor override momentarily shorts ST to COM to initiate/terminate temporary occupancy
COM	Common for ST and SSO inputs	Negative of VDC circuit for ST and SSO inputs
SSO	Space Sensor Offset input from 0 to 20KΩ potentiometer	Positive of VDC circuit (3.625 VDC reading to COM with open circuit), 10KΩ/2.5 VDC is 0°F offset, 0Ω/0 VDC is maximum above offset and 20KΩ/3.4 VDC is maximum below offset from active space temperature setpoint

Table 23: Simplicity SE UCB Details (Continued)

Description		Function & Comments
Pin Temperature sensor connections at right on upper edge of UCB		
SAT+	Supply Air Temperature sensor input from 10K Ω @ 77°F, Type III negative temperature coefficient thermistor	Input required for operation; 3.625 VDC reading SAT+ to SAT- with open circuit. Used in heat/cool staging cutouts, free cooling operation, demand ventilation operation, comfort ventilation operation, economizer loading operation, VAV cooling operation, hydronic heat operation.
RAT+	Return Air Temperature sensor input from 10K Ω @ 77°F, Type III negative temperature coefficient thermistor	Input required for operation; 3.625 VDC reading RAT+ to RAT- with open circuit. Used in return air enthalpy calculation. Substitutes for space temperature if no other space temperature input is present.
OAT+	Outside Air Temperature sensor input from 10K Ω @ 77°F, Type III negative temperature coefficient thermistor	Input required for operation but may be a communicated value; 3.625 VDC reading OAT+ to OAT- with open circuit. Used in heat/cool cutouts, low ambient cooling determination, dry bulb free cooling changeover, outside air enthalpy calculation, economizer loading operation, heat pump demand defrost calculation.
CC1+	#1 refrigerant circuit Condenser Coil temperature sensor input from 10K Ω @ 77°F, Type III negative temperature coefficient thermistor	Input required for heat pump units, not required for A/C units; 3.625 VDC reading CC1+ to CC1- with open circuit. Used in heat pump demand defrost calculation.
EC1+	#1 refrigerant circuit Evaporator Coil temperature sensor input from 10K Ω @ 77°F, Type III negative temperature coefficient thermistor	Input required for operation; 3.625 VDC reading EC1+ to EC1- with open circuit. Used in suction line temperature safety.
CC2+	#2 refrigerant circuit Condenser Coil temperature sensor input from 10K Ω @ 77°F, Type III negative temperature coefficient thermistor	Input required for 2-compressor heat pump units, not required for 2-compressor A/C units, not active for 1-compressor units; 3.625 VDC reading CC2+ to CC2- with open circuit. Used in heat pump demand defrost calculation.
EC2+	#2 refrigerant circuit Evaporator Coil temperature sensor input from 10K Ω @ 77°F, Type III negative temperature coefficient thermistor	Input required for operation of 2-compressor units, not active for 1-compressor units; 3.625 VDC reading EC2+ to EC2- with open circuit. Used in suction line temperature safety.
Pinned connections on right edge of UCB		
RAH+	Return Air Humidity input from 0-10 VDC @ 0-100% RH sensor	Input required for reheat units, optional in all other units, may be a communicated value. Used in return air enthalpy calculation, temperature/humidity setpoint reset, reheat operation.
DCT PRS+	Supply Duct Pressure input from 0-10 VDC @ 0-5" w.c. sensor	Input required for variable air volume units. Used in VAV indoor blower operation.
DFS (upper pin)	24 VAC hot return from Dirty Filter Switch	Optional input; switch closure for greater than 15 seconds during indoor blower operation initiates a notification alarm
DFS (lower pin)	24 VAC hot out for Dirty Filter Switch	Connects through circuit trace to the R terminal
APS (upper pin)	24 VAC hot return from Air Proving Switch	When this optional input is enabled: the air proving switch must close within 30 seconds of initiation of indoor blower operation and not open for greater than 10 seconds during indoor blower operation to allow heat/cool operation and prevent an "APS open" alarm; the air proving switch must open within 30 seconds of termination of indoor blower operation to prevent an "APS stuck closed" notification alarm
APS (lower pin)	24 VAC hot out for Air Proving Switch	Connects through circuit trace to the R terminal
C	Common for the VFD output	Negative of the VDC circuit for the VFD output

Table 23: Simplicity SE UCB Details (Continued)

Description		Function & Comments
VFD	2-10 VDC (0-100%) output for the indoor blower Variable Frequency Drive	Output is active with indoor blower operation. For CV units: this output provides stepped IntelliSpeed control of the indoor blower VFD based on fan-only, cooling stage and heating stage outputs. For VAV units: this output provides control of the indoor blower VFD based on supply duct static pressure input and setpoint.
VFDFLT	24 VAC hot input from the normally open VFD alarm contact	The VFD alarm contact switches from R within the unit wiring harness. 24 VAC input results in unit shutdown and a "VFD fault" alarm
Terminal at lower right corner of UCB		
24V FOR OUTPUTS	24 VAC hot for H1, H2, CN-FAN, AUX HGR, FAN C1 and C2 output relay contact switching	Output relay circuitry is isolated from other UCB components and the 24 VAC hot source may be from a second transformer in the unit
Pin Heat section connections at right on lower edge of UCB		
H1	24 VAC hot output for heat section stage 1	Not effective for cooling-only units. Output if demand is present and permissions allow one stage or two stages of heat section operation
H2	24 VAC hot output for heat section stage 2	Not effective for cooling-only units or units with single-stage heat sections. Output if demand is present and permissions allow two stages of heat section operation
MV	24 VAC hot input confirming heat section operation	Sourced from gas valve in gas heat units or first stage heat contactor in electric heat units. Input within 5 minutes from initiation of H1 output initiates the "Heat On Fan Delay" timer, loss of input following the termination of H1 output initiates the "Heat On Fan Delay" timer, no input within 5 minutes from initiation of H1 output initiates an "Ignition Failure" alarm, input for longer than 5 minutes without H1 output initiates a "Gas Valve Mis-wire" alarm
Pin Cooling and fan output connections at right on lower edge of UCB		
CN-FAN	24 VAC hot output for the condenser fan contactor coil	Output with either C1 or C2 output; interrupted during defrost cycle for heat pump units
AUX HGR	24 VAC hot output for hot gas reheat components	Effective only for reheat units, output with reheat operation
FAN	24 VAC hot output for indoor blower contactor coil/indoor blower VFD enable relay coil	Output with heat/cool operation, G input or schedule demand
C1	24 VAC hot output for compressor 1	If demand is present and permissions allow compressor 1 operation; output with compressor cooling, comfort ventilation cooling, reheat or heat pump heating demands
C2	24 VAC hot output for compressor 2	Not effective for one stage compressor UCBs. If demand is present and permissions allow compressor 2 operation; output with compressor cooling, comfort ventilation cooling or heat pump heating demands
Pin Refrigerant circuit safety switch and indoor blower overload connections at center on lower edge of UCB		
HPS1 (right pin)	24 VAC hot out for refrigerant circuit 1 High Pressure Switch	Connects through circuit trace to the R terminal
HPS1 (left pin)	24 VAC hot return from refrigerant circuit 1 High Pressure Switch	Input is only considered if C1 output is needed; input must be present to allow C1 output. Three HPS1 trips in a two hour period cause a "High Pressure Switch 1 Lockout" and C1 output is then prevented until alarm reset. Connects through circuit trace to the right LPS1 pin.
LPS1 (right pin)	24 VAC hot out for refrigerant circuit 1 Low Pressure Switch	Connects through circuit trace to the left HSP1 pin

Table 23: Simplicity SE UCB Details (Continued)

Description		Function & Comments
LPS1 (left pin)	24 VAC hot return from refrigerant circuit 1 Low Pressure Switch	Input is only considered after 30 seconds of C1 output; afterwards, input must be present to allow C1 output. Three LPS1 trips in a one hour period cause a "Low Pressure Switch 1 Lockout" and C1 output is then prevented until alarm reset.
HPS2 (right pin)	24 VAC hot out for refrigerant circuit 2 High Pressure Switch	Not effective for one stage compressor UCBs. Connects through circuit trace to the R terminal
HPS2 (left pin)	24 VAC hot return from refrigerant circuit 2 High Pressure Switch	Not effective for one stage compressor UCBs. Input is only considered if C2 output is needed; input must be present to allow C1 output. Three HPS2 trips in a two hour period cause a "High Pressure Switch 1 Lockout" and C2 output is then prevented until alarm reset. Connects through circuit trace to the right LPS2 pin.
LPS2 (right pin)	24 VAC hot out for refrigerant circuit 2 Low Pressure Switch	Not effective for one stage compressor UCBs. Connects through circuit trace to the left HSP2 pin
LPS2 (left pin)	24 VAC hot return from refrigerant circuit 2 Low Pressure Switch	Not effective for one stage compressor UCBs. Input is only considered after 30 seconds of C2 output; afterwards, input must be present to allow C2 output. Three LPS2 trips in a one hour period cause a "Low Pressure Switch 2 Lockout" and C2 output is then prevented until alarm reset.
FAN OVR (right pin)	24 VAC hot out for indoor blower FAN Overload relay contact/motor protector switch	Connects through circuit trace to the R terminal
FAN OVR (left pin)	24 VAC hot return from indoor blower FAN Overload relay contact/motor protector switch	Input is only considered if FAN output is needed; input must be present to allow FAN output and unit operation. One FAN OVR trip lasting longer than 5 minutes or three FAN OVR trips in a two hour period cause a "Fan Overload Lockout" and unit operation is then prevented until alarm reset.
Terminal SA BUS connections on at left on lower edge and center of UCB		
PWR	Power for SA ("Sensor-Actuator") BUS devices	Also incorporated in the J8 6-pin phone jack connector at the left-center of the board. Positive of the 15 VDC (reading to C) circuit for powering an optional netstat and/or Multi Touch gateway
C	Common for SA BUS power and communication circuits	Also incorporated in the J8 6-pin phone jack connector at the left-center of the board. Negative of the SA BUS circuits
-	Communication for SA BUS devices	Also incorporated in the J8 6-pin phone jack connector at the left-center of the board. Positive of the VDC (typically, a fluctuating 1.5 to 3.5 volts reading to C; at least 0.25 volts lower than +) SA BUS communication circuit to optional economizer board, 4-stage board, fault detection & diagnostics board, netstat and/or Multi Touch gateway
+	Communication for SA BUS devices	Also incorporated in the J8 6-pin phone jack connector at the left-center of the board. Positive of the VDC (typically, a fluctuating 1.5 to 3.5 volts reading to C; at least 0.25 volts higher than -) SA BUS communication circuit to optional economizer board, 4-stage board, fault detection & diagnostics board, netstat and/or Multi Touch gateway
J8	6-pin phone jack connector	Incorporates the SA BUS terminals for convenience/alternate connection of SA BUS devices, primarily used for temporary service connection of the Multi Touch gateway
Item Integrated user interface at lower left corner of UCB		
Display	On-board, 2-line x 8-character back-lit display	On-board display, buttons and joystick allow access to UCB, economizer, 4-stage and FDD board parameters

Table 23: Simplicity SE UCB Details (Continued)

Description		Function & Comments
ENTER	Button for display menu acknowledgment and navigation	
CANCEL	Button for display menu navigation and zeroing of active compressor ASCD timer	
JOY	4-way Joystick for display menu navigation	
Item USB connector at right of UCB		
J10	Type A female Universal Serial Bus connector	Used for backup, restoration, & copying of board parameters as well as board software updating through a flash drive
J15	Factory wired SA Bus connector	
Optional communication sub-board at center of UCB		
Terminal FC BUS connections on left edge of the communication board		
FC+	FC ("Field Connected") BUS BACnet MSTP communication	Positive of the VDC (typically, a fluctuating 1.5 to 3.5 volts reading to COM; at least 0.25 volts higher than -) FC bus BACnet MSTP communication circuit
FC-	FC ("Field Connected") BUS BACnet MSTP communication	Positive of the VDC (typically, a fluctuating 1.5 to 3.5 volts reading to COM; at least 0.25 volts lower than +) FC bus BACnet MSTP communication circuit
COM	Common for the FC ("Field Connected") BUS BACnet MSTP communication circuit	Negative of the VDC FC bus BACnet MSTP communication circuit
SHLD	Shield for the FC ("Field Connected") BUS BACnet MSTP communication circuit	Earth ground reference of the cable to prevent interference on the FC bus BACnet MSTP communication circuit
Item Selector in red housing at left on top edge of the communication board		
EOL switch	End Of Line selector switch for the FC BUS BACnet MSTP communication circuit	ON selected only for the UCB that is the terminus of the FC bus BACnet MSTP communication cable to prevent signal "bounce-back"
LEDs on the communication board		
EOL	Green End Of Line indicator	Lit indicates the EOL switch is selected ON
FC BUS	Green FC bus communication transmission indicator	Lit/flickering indicates outgoing UCB FC bus communication is currently active, off indicates the UCB is awaiting incoming FC bus communication
ISO PWR	Green communication board Isolated Power indicator	Lit indicates the UCB is supplying power to the communication sub-board

Start-Up Sheet

START-UP & SERVICE DATA INSTRUCTION**COMMERCIAL PACKAGE UNITS****3.0 To 40.0 TONS****START-UP CHECKLIST**

Date: _____

Job Name: _____

Customer Name: _____

Address: _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____

Model Number: _____ Serial Number: _____

Qualified Start-up Technician: _____ Signature: _____

HVAC Contractor: _____ Phone: _____

Address: _____

Contractor's E-mail Address: _____

Electrical Contractor: _____ Phone: _____

Distributor Name: _____ Phone: _____

WARRANTY STATEMENT

Johnson Controls/UPG is confident that this equipment will operate to the owner's satisfaction if the proper procedures are followed and checks are made at initial start-up. This confidence is supported by the 30 day dealer protection coverage portion of our standard warranty policy which states that Johnson Controls/UPG will cover parts and labor on new equipment start-up failures that are caused by a defect in factory workmanship or material, for a period of 30 days from installation. Refer to current standard warranty policy and warranty manual found on UPGnet for details.

In the event that communication with Johnson Controls/UPG is required regarding technical and/or warranty concerns, all parties to the discussion should have a copy of the equipment start-up sheet for reference. A copy of the original start-up sheet should be filed with the Technical Services Department.

The packaged unit is available in constant or variable air volume versions with a large variety of custom options and accessories available. Therefore, some variation in the startup procedure will exist depending upon the products capacity, control system, options and accessories installed.

This start-up sheet covers all startup check points common to all package equipment. In addition it covers essential startup check points for a number of common installation options. Depending upon the particular unit being started not all sections of this startup sheet will apply. Complete those sections applicable and use the notes section to record any additional information pertinent to your particular installation.

Warranty claims are to be made through the distributor from whom the equipment was purchased.

EQUIPMENT STARTUP

Use the local LCD or Mobile Access Portal (MAP) Gateway to complete the start-up.

A copy of the completed start-up sheet should be kept on file by the distributor providing the equipment and a copy sent to:

Johnson Controls/UPG
Technical Services Department
5005 York Drive
Norman, OK 73069

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SAFETY WARNINGS

The inspections and recording of data outlined in this procedure are required for start-up of Johnson Controls/UPG's packaged products. Industry recognized safety standards and practices must be observed at all times. General industry knowledge and experience are required to assure technician safety. It is the responsibility of the technician to assess all potential dangers and take all steps warranted to perform the work in a safe manner. By addressing those potential dangers, prior to beginning any work, the technician can perform the work in a safe manner with minimal risk of injury.

▲ WARNING
Lethal voltages are present during some start-up checks. Extreme caution must be used at all times.

▲ WARNING
Moving parts may be exposed during some startup checks. Extreme caution must be used at all times.

NOTE: Read and review this entire document before beginning any of the startup procedures.

DESIGN APPLICATION INFORMATION

This information will be available from the specifying engineer who selected the equipment. If the system is a VAV system the CFM will be the airflow when the remote VAV boxes are in the

full open position and the frequency drive is operating at 60 HZ. **Do not proceed with the equipment start-up without the design CFM information.**

Design Supply Air CFM: _____ Design Return Air CFM: _____

Design Outdoor Air CFM At Minimum Position: _____

Total External Static Pressure: _____

Supply Static Pressure: _____

Return Static Pressure: _____

Design Building Static Pressure: _____

Outside Air Dilution: Economizer Position Percentage: _____ CFM: _____

Supply Gas Pressure After Regulator W/o Heat Active _____ Inches _____

ADDITIONAL APPLICATION NOTES FROM SPECIFYING ENGINEER:

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REFERENCE

General Inspection	Completed	See Notes
Unit inspected for shipping, storage, or rigging damage	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Unit installed with proper clearances	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Unit installed within slope limitations	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Refrigeration system checked for gross leaks (presence of oil)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Terminal screws and wiring connections checked for tightness	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Filters installed correctly and clean	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Economizer hoods installed in operating position	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Condensate drain trapped properly, refer to Installation Manual	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Economizer damper linkage tight	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Gas Heat vent hood installed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
All field wiring (power and control) complete	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Air Moving Inspection	Completed	See Notes
Alignment of drive components	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Belt tension adjusted properly	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Blower pulleys tight on shaft, bearing set screws tight, wheel tight to shaft	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Pressure switch or transducer tubing installed properly	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Exhaust Inspection Powered <input type="checkbox"/> Barometric Relief <input type="checkbox"/>	Completed	See Notes
Check hub for tightness	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Check fan blade for clearance	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Check for proper rotation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Check for proper mounting (screen faces towards unit)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Prove operation by increasing minimum setting on economizer	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Economizer Inspection Standard <input type="checkbox"/> BAS <input type="checkbox"/>	Completed	See Notes
CO ₂ sensor installed Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Check economizer setting (Reference SSE Control Board LCD menu location)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Prove economizer open/close through SSE Board Setting	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Reheat Mode Normal <input type="checkbox"/> or Alternate <input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable <input type="checkbox"/>
Humidity Sensor (2SH0401) _____

Operating Measurements - Air Flow

Fan operates with proper rotation	ID Fans <input type="checkbox"/>	Exh. Fans <input type="checkbox"/>	Cond. Fans <input type="checkbox"/>
Pressure drop across dry evaporator coil (At maximum design CFM) ¹			IWC
External Static Pressure			IWC
Return Static Pressure			IWC
Supply Static Pressure			IWC
Supply Air CFM Using Dry Coil Chart			CFM
Final Adjusted Supply Air CFM ²			CFM

1. Consult the proper airflow to pressure drop table to obtain the actual airflow at the measured pressure differential.
2. Was a motor pulley adjustment or change required to obtain the correct airflow?
 Was it necessary to increase or decrease the airflow to meet the design conditions?
 If the motor pulley size was changed, measure the outside diameters of the motor and blower pulleys and record those diameters here;

Blower Motor HP _____ FLA _____ RPM _____
 Pulley Pitch Diameter _____ Turns Out _____ Final Turns Out _____
 Blower Pulley Pitch Diameter _____ Fixed Sheave _____

ELECTRICAL DATA

T1 - T2 _____ Volts T2 - T3 _____ Volts
 Control Voltage _____ Volts T1 - T3 _____ Volts

Device	Nameplate	Measured List All Three Amperages
Supply Fan Motor ^{1, 2}	AMPS	AMPS
Exhaust Motor (Dampers 100%)	AMPS	AMPS
Condenser Fan #1	AMPS	AMPS
Condenser Fan #2 (if equipped)	AMPS	AMPS
Condenser Fan #3 (if equipped)	AMPS	AMPS
Condenser Fan #4 (if equipped)	AMPS	AMPS
Compressor #1	AMPS	AMPS
Compressor #2 (if equipped)	AMPS	AMPS
Compressor #3 (if equipped)	AMPS	AMPS
Compressor #4 (if equipped)	AMPS	AMPS

1. VAV units with heat section - simulate heat call to drive VAV boxes and VFD/IGV to maximum design airflow position.
2. VAV units without heat section - VAV boxes must be set to maximum design airflow position.

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OPERATING MEASUREMENTS - COOLING

Stage	Discharge Pressure	Discharge Temp.	Liquid Line Temp. ¹	Subcooling ²	Suction Pressure	Suction Temp.	Superheat
First	#	°	°	°	#	°	°
Second (if equipped)	#	°	°	°	#	°	°
Third (if equipped)	#	°	°	°	#	°	°
Fourth (if equipped)	#	°	°	°	#	°	°
Reheat 1st Stage	#	°	°	°	#	°	°

- Liquid temperature should be taken before filter/drier.
- Subtract 10 psi from discharge pressure for estimated liquid line pressure

Outside air temperature _____ °F db _____ °F wb _____ %RH
 Return Air Temperature _____ °F db _____ °F wb _____ %RH
 Mixed Air Temperature _____ °F db _____ °F wb _____ %RH
 Supply Air Temperature _____ °F db _____ °F wb _____ %RH

REFRIGERANT SAFETIES

Action	Completed	See Notes
Prove Compressor Rotation (3 phase only) by gauge pressure	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Prove High Pressure Safety, All Systems	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Prove Low Pressure Safety, All Systems	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

OPERATING MEASUREMENTS - GAS HEATING

Fuel Type: Natural Gas LP Gas

Action	Completed	See Notes
Check for gas leaks	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Prove Ventor Motor Operation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Prove Primary Safety Operation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Prove Auxiliary Safety Operation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Prove Rollout Switch Operation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Prove Smoke Detector Operation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Manifold Pressure	Stage 1	IWC <input type="checkbox"/>
	Stage 2 (If Equipped)	IWC <input type="checkbox"/>
	Stage 3 (If Equipped)	IWC <input type="checkbox"/>
Supply gas pressure at full fire	IWC	<input type="checkbox"/>
Check temperature rise ¹	<input type="checkbox"/> measured at full fire	°F <input type="checkbox"/>

1. $\frac{\text{Input X Eff. (BTU output)}}{1.08 \times \text{Temp. Rise}}$

